

### GE Power Management



Digital Voltage & Frequency
Protection
MIV



*Instructions GEK-106247B* 



### Anything you can't find?

### Anything not clear enough?

IF YOU HAVE ANY COMMENT ON THE CONTENTS OF THE PRESENT MANUAL, KINDLY FAX US A COPY OF THIS PAGE TOGETHER WITH A COPY OF THE PAGE WHERE YOU HAVE FOUND THE PROBLEM, TO THE FAX NUMBER +34 94 485 88 45 FILLING IN THE QUESTIONAIRE BELOW. WE WILL BE HAPPY TO SOLVE YOUR DOUBTS, AND WE THANK YOU FOR HELPING US IMPROVE THIS MANUAL.

Company:		
Name:		
Address:		
Phone:	Fax:	
E-mail:		
<b>Description of your question</b> Manual GEK code:	m or suggestion:	

## menu map MIV1000 models:

DEFAULT SC	DEFAULT SCROLLING MENU: Va, Vb, Vc, Vn, Vab, Vbc, Vca	::	a, Vb, Vc, Vn	, Vat	o, Vbc, Vca	MENU	
ENTER 🔶	INFORMATION	Σ	MAIN SETTINGS	Ą	ADV. SETTINGS	OPERATIONS	DATE/TIME
Va□	MOD		STATUS		TAB	RESET	
∧b□	VER	יר	FRQ	יר	TRIP MIN TIME	ACT TABLE 1	
Vc□	DT□	AЯ:	APP□	4Я:		ACT TABLE 2	
Vn□	IDEN	ENE	PWD□	INE		OPEN BREAKER	
Vab□	Va□	19	ADD□	19		CLOSE BREAKER	
Vbc□	∩Q∧		BAUD				_
Vca□	Vc□		TRIP 27P1	7	TRIP 27P1 T2		
DATE / TIME	∩n∧	١d،	TAP 27P1	Ιŀ	TAP 27P1 T2		
LTU	Vab□	723	TIME 27P1	172:	TIME 27P1 T2	NOTE	
LT PHASE	Vbc□		SUP 27P1		SUP 27P1 T2	The map lines are crossed	are crossed
LTUV	Vca□		TRIP 27P2	Z	TRIP 27P2 T2	as follows:	
LT DATE/TIME	INP1□	Ζd.	TAP 27P2□	2 T.S	TAP 27P2 T2		
RESET	INP2	723	TIME 27P2	d27:	TIME 27P2 T2	<b>†</b>	Fnter
	OUT1		SUP 27P2	4	SUP 27P2 T2	<b>₩</b>	Escape
	OUT2	ŀ	TRIP 59P1	ΣŢ	TRIP 59P1 T2		
	OUT3	d69	TAP 59P1□	IД	TAP 59P1 T2	<b>↑</b>	+
	OUT4	Ŀ	TIME 59P1	E26	TIME 59P1 T2	1	
	B52A□	7	TRIP 59P2	ΣI	TRIP 59P2 T2	1	
	B52B	d69	TAP 59P2	. Zd(	TAP 59P2 T2		
•		E i	TIME 59P2	F26	TIME 59P2 T2	The RESET operation can	peration can
		L	TRIP 59N1	ΣŢ	TRIP 59N1 T2	the ENTER key during 3	oy pressing v during 3
		N69	TAP 59N1	١Ne	TAP 59N1 T2	seconds.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
		Ŀ	TIME 59N1	E9	TIME 59N1 T2		
		71	TRIP 59N2	ΣŢ	TRIP 59N2 T2		
		<b>169</b>	TAP 59N2	ZNE	TAP 59N2 T2		
		4	TIME 59N2□	Ee	TIME 59N2 T2		

# .opom 0000/11/VV

27 TRIP

Local H	Local HMI menu map MIVZUUU models:	Ш	ар МИV.	3	IV model	S:	
DEFAULT SC	DEFAULT SCROLLING MENU: F	Ü.F				MENU 🔻	
ENTER ★	INFORMATION	MAI	MAIN SETTINGS	ADV	ADV. SETTINGS	OPERATIONS	DATE/TIME
F	MOD□		STATUS		TAB□	RESET	
DATE / TIME	VER	יר	FRQ	יר	TRIP MIN TIME	ACT TABLE 1	
LTU	DT□	AЯ:	APP	4ЯΞ		ACT TABLE 2	
LT PHASE	IDEN	IN:	PWD□	INE		OPEN BREAKER	
LTU F	F	œ	ADD	<b>B</b>		CLOSE BREAKER	
LT DATE/TIME	INP1□		BAUD				_
RESET	INP2		TRIP 81_1		TRIP 81_1 T2		
	OUT1	L	TYPE 81_1	ΣT	TYPE 81_1 T2		
	OUT2	-18	PICK 81_1□	ı-	PICK 81_1 T2		
	OUT3	34	TIME 81_1	۲8٦	TIME 81_1 T2		
	OUT4		SUP 81_1		SUP 81_1 T2		
	B52A□		TRIP 81_2		TRIP 81_2 T2		
	B52B	7	TYPE 81_2	ΣT	TYPE 81_2 T2		
-		_r	PICK 81_2	z <sup>-</sup>	PICK 81_2 T2		
		34	TIME 81_2	۲8٦	TIME 81_2 T2		
			SUP 81_2		SUP 81_2 T2		
			TRIP 81_3		TRIP 81_3 T2		
		ε	TYPE 81_3	ΣŢ	TYPE 81_3 T2		
		-18	PICK 81_3□	ε <sup>-</sup> 1	PICK 81_3 T2		
		Н :	TIME 81_3	ŀ8Ⅎ	TIME 81_3 T2		
			SUP 81_3		SUP 81_3 T2		
			TRIP 81_4		TRIP 81_4 T2		
		Þ	TYPE 81_4	ST.	TYPE 81_4 T2		
		-18	PICK 81_4	b_1	PICK 81_4 T2		
		4	TIME 81_4	8 J	TIME 81_4 T2		
			SUP 81 4		SUP 81 4 T2		

MIV2000 VOLTAGE DISABLED (by DI)□ BREAKER 52 A□ BREAKER 52 B□ TRIP CONTACT CLOSE (P)□ 27P1 DISABLED (by DI) 27P2 DISABLED (by DI) 59P1 DISABLED (by DI) SETT CHANGE DISABLE OSCILLÒ. TRIGGER (P)□ GENERAL INPUT NO DEFINITION TABLE CHANGE RESET (P)

VOLTAGE DISABLED (by DI) 2771 DISABLED (by DI)
2772 DISABLED (by DI)
5997 DISABLED (by DI)
5997 DISABLED (by DI)
5974 DISABLED (by DI)
5874 DISABLED (by DI)
47 DISABLED (by DI)
FREQUENCY DISABLED 81\_1 DISABLED (by DI) 81\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 781\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 781\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 782\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 783\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 783\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 783\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 783\_2 DISABLED (by DI)

### **8**

## GE Power Management

### 712

### Digital Voltage/Frequency Protection **Ouick Reference Guide**



### Getting Started:

- READY LED will remain switched off, showing that the unit is not yet ■□ Power the device at its rated voltage shown on the faceplate. The
- Connect the unit to a computer using a direct wire (without crossing transmission-reception).
- ■□ Install M+PC software.
- Once installed, run the software. The default password for entering M+PC is 7169. Leave the UserName field blank.
- ■□ In case of using a communications port different from COM1 in the computer, click on the OPTIONS menu and enter the port that is being used.
- Click on RELAY CONNECTION. Enter 1 as address (unit number) and 1 as password.
- Set the MIV with the desired settings of the different protection
- ■□ Finally, put the unit in service, by setting the RELAY STATUS setting After completing these steps, the READY LED will turn on showing that in GENERAL SETTINGS as RDY (ready).

For complete information about the MIV, please refer to instruction manual GEK-106247 (English) or GEK-106272 (Spanish) the unit is in service.

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47 VIRTUAL TRIP 81\_1 VIRTUAL TRIP 81\_2 VIRTUAL TRIP GENERAL VIRTUAL TRIP

27\_2a TRIP 27\_2b TRIP 27\_2c TRIP

59P1 VIRTUAL TRIP 59P2 VIRTUAL TRIP 59N1 VIRTUAL TRIP 59N2 VIRTUAL TRIP

27\_1a TRIP 27\_1b TRIP 1c TRIP

GENERAL TRIP

59N TRIP

27 TRIP

27\_2b PICKUP 27\_2c PICKUP 59\_1a PICKUP 69\_1b PICKUP 59\_2c PICKUP

31\_1 TRIP

## Input configuration signals:

### 27\_1a VIRTUAL TRIP 27\_1a VIRTUAL TRIP 27\_1c VIRTUAL TRIP 27\_2a VIRTUAL TRIP 27\_2b VIRTUAL TRIP 27\_2c VIRTUAL TRIP 59\_1a VIRTUAL TRIP 59\_1b VIRTUAL TRIP 59\_2a VIRTUAL TRIP 59\_2a VIRTUAL TRIP 59\_2c VIRTUAL TRIP 59\_2c VIRTUAL TRIP 27P1 VIRTUAL TRIP 27P2 VIRTUAL TRIP 27.2b PICKUP 59.1a PICKUP 59.1b PICKUP 59.1c PICKUP 59.2c PICKUP 59.2c PICKUP 59.2c PICKUP 2777 PICKUP 2777 PICKUP 597 PICKUP 27\_1b PICKUP 27\_1c PICKUP 59P2 PICKUP 59N1 PICKUP 59N2 PICKUP 47 PICKUP 81\_1 PICKUP 81\_2 PICKUP 27\_1a PICKUP 27\_2a PICKUP 59\_1a TRIP 59\_1b TRIP 59\_1c TRIP 59\_2a TRIP 59\_2b TRIP 59\_2c TRIP 27P1 TRIP 59N1 TRIP 59N2 TRIP 27P2 TRIP **59P1 TRIP** 59P2 TRIP 47 TRIP PICKUP FREQUENCY DISABLED F 81\_1 DISABLED (by DI) 3 81\_2 DISABLED (by DI) 3 81\_3 DISABLED (by DI) 3 81\_4 DISABLED (by DI) 3 TRIP DISABLED (by DI) 3 59P2 DISABLED (by DI)□ 59N1 DISABLED (by DI)□ 59N2 DISABLED (by DI)□ TRIP DISABLED (by DI)□ PHASE VOLT FUNČT□ DISABLED (by DI)□ GROUND VOLT FUNCT□ DISABLED (by DI)□ 81\_1 VIRTUAL TRIP 81\_2 VIRTUAL TRIP 81\_3 VIRTUAL TRIP 81\_4 VIRTUAL TRIP GENERAL VIRTUAL TRIP GENERAL VIRTUAL TRIP 27 14 VIRTUAL TRIP 27 14 VIRTUAL TRIP 27 24 VIRTUAL TRIP 27 22 VIRTUAL TRIP 27 22 VIRTUAL TRIP 59 14 VIRTUAL TRIP 59 16 VIRTUAL TRIP 59 22 VIRTUAL TRIP 27P1 VIRTUAL TRIP 27P2 VIRTUAL TRIP 59P1 VIRTUAL TRIP 59P2 VIRTUAL TRIP 59N1 VIRTUAL TRIP 59N2 VIRTUAL TRIP 59N2 PICKUP GENERAL PICKUP 81\_4 PICKUP GENERAL PICKUP GROUND TRIP FREQUENCY TRIP Output configuration signals: PHASE B TRIP PHASE C TRIP PHASE TRIP GENERAL TRIP 81\_1 PICKUP 81\_2 PICKUP PHASE A TRIP 59N1 PICKUP 81 3 PICKUP 1 TRIP 81\_2 TRIP 81 3 TRIP 31 4 TRIP MIV 2000 **NOTE:** (P) stands for Pulse activation E2PROM FAILURE CLOSE BREAKER ACTIVE TABLE USER SETTINGS READY PHASE A TRIP PHASE B TRIP PHASE C TRIP PHASE TRIP 27\_1a PICKUP 27\_1b PICKUP 27\_1c PICKUP 27\_2a PICKUP NO DEFINITION GENERAL TRIP GROUND TRIP 27\_1a TRIP 27\_1b TRIP 59\_1a TRIP 59\_1b TRIP 2a TRIP 2b TRIP 59\_2a TRIP 59\_2b TRIP 27\_1c TRIP 2c TRIP 59\_1c TRIP 59 2c TRIP 27P2 TRIP **59P1 TRIP** 59P2 TRIP 27P1 TRIP **59N1 TRIP** 59P TRIP 50N TRIP 59N2 TRIP

MIV1000

OGIC 3 LOGIC 4 NPUT 2

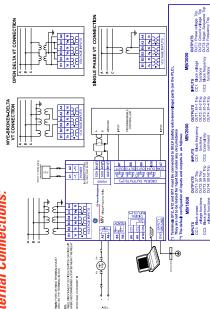
000 OGIC

# Local HMI menu map MIV3000 models:

SETTINGS:

DEFAULT SC	DEFAULT SCROLLING MENU; Va. Vb. Vc. Vn. Vab. Vbc. Vca. V2. F	<u>}</u>	a. Vb. Vc. Vn	, Vat	Jobo Micuels.	F MENII	
ENIEK 🔻	INFORMATION	M	MAIN SETTINGS	ΑĎ	ADV. SETTINGS	OPERATIONS DA	DATE/TIME
Va	MOD		STATUS	Г	TAB	RESET	
۸p	VER	יד	FRQ	יד	TRIP MIN TIME	ACT TABLE 1	
Vc	DT	<b>∀</b> Ы	APP	/ <b>U</b> E		ACT TABLE 2	
Vn	IDEN	INE	PWD	ENE		OPEN BREAKER	
Vab	Va	19	ADD	Ð		CLOSE BREAKER	
Vbc	Vb		BAUD				
Vca	Vc		TRIP 27P1	7	TRIP 27P1 T2		
٧2	۲N	۱d	TAP 27P1	Ιŀο	TAP 27P1 T2		
L	Vab	L27	TIME 27P1	172=	TIME 27P1 T2		
DATE / TIME	Vbc		SUP 27P1		SUP 27P1 T2		
LTU	Vca		TRIP 27P2	7	TRIP 27P2 T2		
LT PHASE	V2	Zd.	TAP 27P2	T 2	TAP 27P2 T2		
LTU V/F	ш	723	TIME 27P2	d / 7:	TIME 27P2 T2		
LT DATE/TIME	INP1		SUP 27P2	4	SUP 27P2 T2		
RESET	INP2	ŀ	TRIP 59P1	ΣŢ	TRIP 59P1 T2		
	OUT1	d69	TAP 59P1	Ы	TAP 59P1 T2		
	OUT2	Ŀ	TIME 59P1	E28	TIME 59P1 T2		
	OUT3	z	TRIP 59P2	ST	TRIP 59P2 T2		
	OUT4	д6	TAP 59P2	. Zd	TAP 59P2 T2		
	B52A	E 9	TIME 59P2	L291	TIME 59P2 T2		
	B52B	ı	TRIP 59N1	ΣŢ	TRIP 59N1 T2		
-		N69	TAP 59N1	١N	TAP 59N1 T2		
		Э Н	TIME 59N1	E28	TIME 59N1 T2		
		7	TRIP 59N2	L2	TRIP 59N2 T2		
		N69	TAP 59N2	. ZN	TAP 59N2 T2		
		E í	TIME 59N2	E28	TIME 59N2 T2		
			TRIP 47	7.	TRIP 47 T2		
		<u> تا ۲</u>	TAP 47	L 47	TAP 47 T2		
		ı	TIME 47	4	TIME 47 T2		
			TRIP 81_1		TRIP 81_1 T2		
		ı	TYPE 81_1	ΣŢ	TYPE 81_1 T1		
		.18	PICK 81_1	ı"ı	PICK 81_1 T2		
		4	TIME 81_1	8 <del>1</del>	TIME 81_1 T2		
			SUP 81_1		SUP 81_1 T2		
			TRIP 81_1	7	TRIP 81_1 T2		
		ζ_	1 Y PE 81_1	T 2	1 Y P E 81_1 11		
		18:	PICK 81_1	_18 :	PICK 81_1 T2		
		4	TIME 81_1	4	TIME 81_1 12		
			SUP 81_1		SUP 81_1 T2		

### External Connections:



ON COULT ON
EAUD F27P TRIP 27P TRIP 27P TRIP 27P TRIP 27P TRIP 59P TAP 59P TAP 59P TRIP 69P TRIP 69P TRIP 69P TRIP 69P TAP 59P TRIP 27P T2 TRIP 27P T2 TRIP 57P T2
BAUDINATE BAUDINATE FUNCTION 27P (2 units) 27P TRIP 27P TRIP 53P TIME DELAY FUNCTION 53P (2 units) 53P PICKUP 54 TRIP 64 TRIP 65 SUPERVISION 66 PICKUP 66 PICKUP 67 PICKUP 68 PICKUP 67 PICKUP 68 PICKUP 68 PICKUP 68 PICKUP 68 PICKUP 68 PICKUP 68 PICKUP 78

RANGE	YES - NO UND - OVE 42 -67.5 Hz 0-600.00 s 30-250 V 10-60 V	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	YES - NO YES - NO YES - NO YES - NO
DEFAULT	NO UND 42 Hz 1 s 30 V		0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2
IMH	F81 T2 TRIP 81 T2 TYPE 81 T2 PICK 81 T2 TIME 81 T2 SUP 81 T2		
DESCRIPTION	FUNCTION 81 (2 or 4 units) TABLE 2 81 TRIP TABLE 2 81 TYPE TABLE 2 81 PICKUP TABLE 2 81 TIME DELAY TABLE 2 81 SUPERVISION VOLTAGE TABLE 2	EVENT MASKS  27P2 PICKUP 59P2 PICKUP 61.2 PICKUP 61.2 PICKUP 61.2 PICKUP 61.3 PICKUP 61.3 PICKUP 61.3 PICKUP 61.4 PICKUP 61.2 PICKUP 61.3 PICKUP 61.4 PICKUP 61.2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 69P2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 69P2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 69P2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 69P2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 61.4 PICKUP 61.4 DISABLED (by d.i.) 61.2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 61.2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 61.2 DISABLED (by d.i.) 61.3 DISABLED (by d.i.) 61.4 DISABLED (by d.i.) 61.5 DISABLED (by d.i.) 62.5 DISABLED (by d.i.) 63.6 DISABLED (by d.i.) 63.6 DISABLED (by d.i.) 64.7 DISABLED (by d.i.) 64.7 DISABLED (by d.i.) 65.6 DISABLED (by d.i.) 66.7 DISABLED (by d.i.) 67.6	OSCILLOGRAPHY MASKS OSCILLO BY COMMUNICATIONS OSCILLO BY DIGTAL INPUT OSCILLO BY TRIPPING OSCILLO BY PICKUP
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### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

### 1. GETTING STARTED

To help ensure years of trouble free operation, please read through the following chapter for information to help guide you through the initial installation procedures of your new relay.



CAUTION: THE OPERATOR OF THIS INSTRUMENT IS ADVISED THAT IF THE EQUIPMENT IS USED IN A MANNER NOT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL, THE PROTECTION PROVIDED BY THE EQUIPMENT MAY BE IMPAIRED

INSTALLATION MUST BE ACCORDING TO THE NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE OF THE APPROPRIATE COUNTRY

### 1.1. INSPECTION CHECKLIST

- Open the relay packaging and inspect the relay for physical damage.
- View the faceplate relay model number and verify that the relay is the correct model ordered.
- Ensure that the mounting screws have been included with the relay.
- For product information, instruction manual updates, and the latest software updates, please visit the GE Power Management Home Page (<a href="www.geindustrial.com/pm">www.geindustrial.com/pm</a>).

Note: If there is any physical damage noticed on the relay, or any of the contents listed are missing, please contact GE Power Management immediately.

### 1. GETTING STARTED

**GE Power Management contact information:** 

GENERAL ELECTRIC POWER MANAGEMENT S.A.

Avda. Pinoa, 10

48170 Zamudio, Vizcaya (Spain)

Phone: +34 94-485 88 00, Fax: +34 94-485 88 45

E-mail: gepm.help@indsys.ge.com

**GENERAL ELECTRIC POWER MANAGEMENT** 

215, Anderson Avenue L6E 1B3 Markham, ON (CANADA)

Phone: +1 905 294 6222, Fax: +1 905 201 2098

E-mail: info.pm@indsys.ge.com

The information provided herein does not intend to cover all details of variations of the described equipment nor does it take into account the circumstances that may be present in your installation, operating or maintenance activities.

Should you wish to receive additional information, or for any particular problem that cannot be solved by referring to the information contained herein, please contact GENERAL ELECTRIC POWER MANAGEMENT.

### 1.2. M+PC SOFTWARE

### 1.2.1. HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS

The faceplate keypad + display or the M+PC software interface can be used to communicate with the relay. The M+PC software interface is the preferred method to edit settings and view actual values because the PC monitor can display more information in a simple comprehensible format.

The following minimum requirements must be met for the M+PC software to properly operate on a PC:

Processor: Intel® Pentium recommended

Memory: 16 Mb minimum

Hard Drive: 10 Mb free space required before installation of M+PC software O/S: Windows 95, Windows 98 or Windows NT 4.0, SP 3 or higher.

Hardware: CD-ROM drive or 3,5" Floppy disk drive.

Unused communications port (i.e. COM1)

The M+PC help system has been developed using Microsoft's HTMLHelp technology. In order to view this powerful file format it is necessary to have a help file viewer, which is included with M+PC. This viewer needs Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Internet Explorer (version 3.02 or higher) to be installed in the computer. However, Internet explorer does not need to be the default system browser.

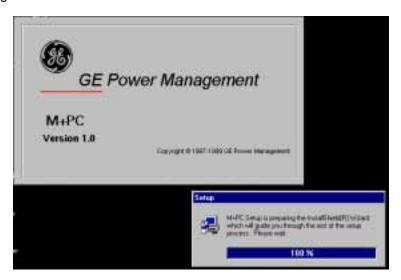
Internet Explorer 3.02 is included with M+PC under the "ie" folder.

Contextual help can be accessed from any program screen by pressing F1.

Refer to the following instructions to install the M+PC software:

- 1. Start the Windows® program.
- 2. Insert the M+PC software CD (or Floppy disk) into the CD ROM drive (or Floppy disk drive).
- 3. If the installation program does not start automatically, from the **Windows® Start** menu, choose **Run**, type d:\SETUP.EXE (assuming your CD ROM driver is configured as the 'D:' unit) or a:\SETUP.EXE if you are using the floppy disk drive (assuming your Floppy disk drive is configured as the 'A:' unit) and press **Enter.**

You will see the following screen:



4. Follow the on-screen instructions to install the M+PC software. When the **Welcome** window appears, click on **Next** to continues with the installation procedure.



5. When the **Choose Destination Location** window appears and if the software is not to be located in the default directory, click **Browse** and type in the complete path name including the new directory name.

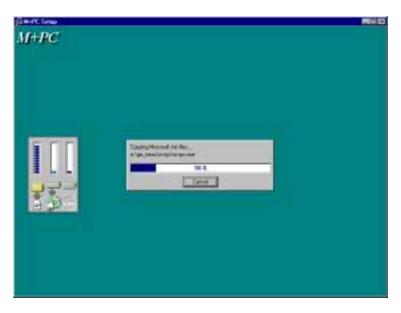


- 6. Click **Next** to continue with the installation procedure.
- 7. The default program group where the application will be added to is shown in the **Selected Program Folder** window. If it is desired that the application be added to an already existing program group, choose the group name from the list shown.



### 1. GETTING STARTED

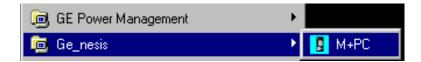
8. Click Next to begin the installation process, and all the necessary program files will be copied into the chosen directory.



9. To finish with the installation process, using your mouse select the language by clicking on **English** or **Spanish**.



10. Subsequently, double click on the M+PC software icon to activate the application.



Refer to the HUMAN INTERFACES chapter in this manual and the M+PC software Help program for more information about the M+PC software interface

### 1.3. HARDWARE INSTALLATION

1.3.1. MOUNTING & WIRING

Please refer to the HARDWARE chapter for detailed relay mounting and wiring instructions. Review all **WARNINGS** and **CAUTIONS**.

1.3.2. COMMUNICATIONS

The M+PC software can communicate to the relay via the faceplate RS232 port, or the rear panel RS485. To communicate with the relay via the faceplate RS232 port, a standard "straight through" serial cable is used. The DB9 male end is connected to the relay and the db9 or DB25 female end is connected to the PC COM1 or COM2 port as described in the HARDWARE chapter.

To communicate with the relay rear RS485 port from a computer RS232 port, an RS232/RS485 converter box is needed. We recommend to use the F485 converter, manufactured by GE. This converter box is connected to the computer using a "straight through" serial cable. A shielded twisted pair (20, 22 or 24 AWG according to the American standards; 0.25, 0.34 or 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> according to the European standards) cable is used to connect the converter box to the relay rear communications terminals. The converter box (+, -, GND) terminals are connected to the relay (SDA, SDB, GND) terminals respectively. For long communications cables (longer than 1 km), the RS485 circuit must be terminated in a RC network (i.e. 120 ohm, 1 nF) as described in the HARDWARE chapter.

### 1.3.3. KEYPAD & DISPLAY

Display messages are organized into menus under the main headings: Information, Main Settings, Advanced Settings, Operations and Date/Time. A 3-key keypad and a 3.5-character display (shown below) are used as elementary local HMI.

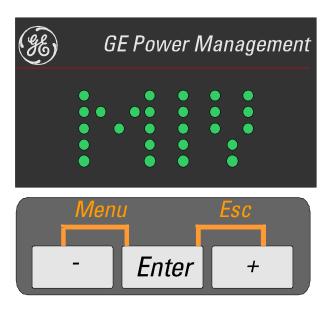


Figure 1.1 MIV KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

### 1.4. USING THE KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

### 1.4.1. HIERARCHICAL MENU

Browsing and hierarchical menu:

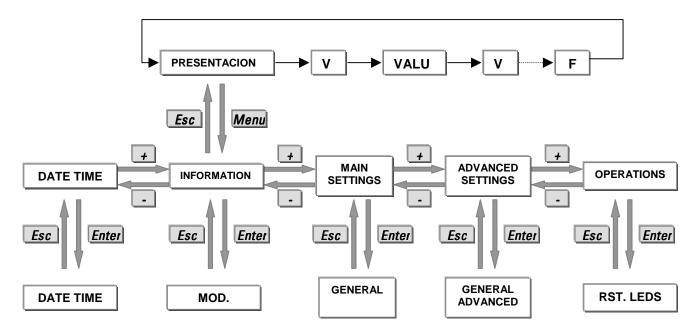


FIGURE 1.2. MOVING THROUGH THE HIERARCHICAL MENU

As shown in figure 1.2, there are 3 hierarchical levels to access the information in the relay. The first level is an automatic scrolling menu that shows the measured values.

Pushing simultaneously "-" and "Enter" keys the second level is accessed (this is indicated by the "Menu" text labelled over the "-" and "Enter" keys). To access information within the same hierarchical level (horizontal movement) push "+" or "-". To access the third level push the "Enter" key when the desired heading is shown in the display.

To return back to the previous level (from the third to the second level, or from the second to the first one) push "+" and "Enter" keys simultaneously. This is indicated by the "Esc" text labelled over the "+" and "Enter" keys.

Refer to the section "Keypad and Display", for more information on the use of the local keypad and display to access information and change settings.

### 1. GETTING STARTED

### 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1. INTRODUCTION

2.1.1. GENERAL OVERVIEW

The MIV relay is a microprocessor-based relay designed for the following applications:

- Undervoltage and overvoltage protection and supervision for substations.
- Overvoltage protection for Generators.
- Undervoltage detection in MV busbar automatic transfer schemes
- Undervoltage, overvoltage and voltage unbalance protection for Motors
- Presence/lack of voltage condition monitoring in lines and busbars
- Ground fault protection for Generators through ground voltage supervision
- Ground fault monitoring for Lines with isolated ground.
- Load shedding schemes and load restoration through voltage/frequency
- Under/overvoltage protection for Generators

Negligible over-travel and a high drop out to pick up ratio (>97%), along with the possibility of adjust a time delay for the instantaneous units, allow optimal co-ordination without compromising selectivity.

Both faceplate RS232 port and rear RS485 port may be used to connect a PC for programming settings, monitoring actual values and for retrieving stored information (list of events, oscillography, etc.). All serial ports use the Modbus® RTU protocol and may be connected to system computers with baud rates from 300, 600, 1200, 4800, 9600 and 19200 bps. The rear RS485 port can be converted into an RS232 port or into a fibre optic (plastic or glass) serial port by using the GE **DAC300** module. The M+PC communication software is the Windows® based program used to communicate with the relay.

The MIV uses flash memory technology, which allows field upgrading (through M+PC software) as new features are added. This upgrade can be performed only through the communications port on the front of the unit.

The following single line diagrams illustrate the functionality of the different models, using ANSI (American National Standards Institute) device numbers.

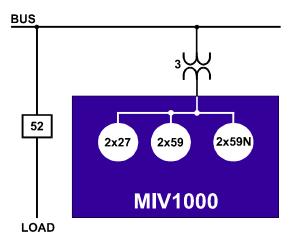


FIGURE 2.1. MIV1000 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

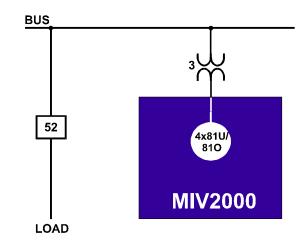


FIGURE 2.2. MIV2000 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

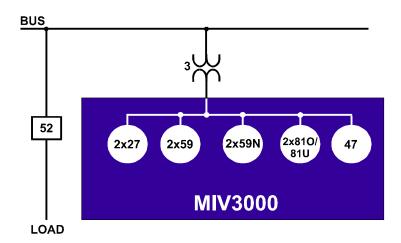


FIGURE 2.3. MIV3000 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

### 2.2. VOLTAGE UNITS

The MIV incorporates three independent voltage inputs; each input can be connected between phases or phase-to-ground. Additionally, the relay can be used both as three-phase protection or as one-phase protection. In this last case only the input associated to VII must be activated (please refer to the wiring diagram on figure 3-4).

In order to adequate the relay operation to the desired type of connection, it is requested to set the APPLICATION value in the GENERAL SETTINGS (please refer to section 5-2-1).

### 2.2.1. OVERVOLTAGE UNIT (59)

The MIV incorporates, in models MIV1000 and MIV3000, two independent time delayed overvoltage units. Each of them can be enabled and set independently, both for pickup voltage and timing.

Besides, these units can be used as one-phase protection. For this purpose it is necessary to apply voltage only to input VII. For use as three-phase protection, voltage must be applied to the three inputs (VI, VII and VIII).

The operation mode, one-phase or three-phase is selected by a setting in the General Settings group.

The associated settings to each of the overvoltage units are the following:

### **Tripping Permission**

This setting allows enabling or disabling the 59 trip.

Disabling the tripping of a certain unit involves disabling the general pickup due to the same unit; however, it does not disable the unit's pickup. This means that if the unit pickup has been used for any output configuration, or programmable logic, these will be operational.

### Pickup Level

This setting determines the voltage threshold from which the voltage unit picks up starting the timer that will cause the trip.

The range of this setting depends on the model, and the limits are as follows:

10,00 - 250,00 V in steps of 0,1 V for high range models.

2,00 - 60,00 V in steps of 0,1 V for low range models.

### **Timing**

This setting determines the time that must pass between the unit pickup and the trip.

If once the unit has picked up and the timer has been started, voltage falls below the pickup level before the trip occurs, the timer will return to the stand-by status. If a new pickup occurs, the timer will restart from zero.

The timing range is as follows:

0 - 600 sec in steps of 0,01 sec.

If this setting is adjusted to 0 sec., the relay will operate in less than 0,030 sec. The tripping time for higher values of the setting will be the set value plus less than 30 ms.

The accuracy in the measure of the overvoltage unit is +/- 3% of the pickup level in the complete range.

### 2.2.2. UNDERVOLTAGE UNIT (27)

The MIV incorporates, in models MIV1000 and MIV3000, two independent time delayed undervoltage units. Each of them can be enabled and set independently, both for pickup voltage and timing.

Besides, these units can be used as one-phase protection. For this purpose it is necessary to apply voltage only to input VII. For use as three-phase protection, voltage must be applied to the three inputs (VI, VII and VIII).

In order to avoid undesired operation in the case where the breaker is open, and the measuring transformer is located on the line side, the MIV includes a breaker supervision feature that enables or disables the undervoltage unit operation by means of a setting when the breaker is open.

For the breaker supervision feature to operate, three conditions must be present:

- 1. The supervision feature must be enabled, by the corresponding setting
- 2. One of the relay digital inputs must be assigned the breaker status (52A or 52B)
- 3. The breaker status must be physically wired to the corresponding input

The associated settings to each of the undervoltage units are the following:

### 27 Tripping Permission

This setting allows enabling or disabling the 27 trip.

Disabling the tripping of a certain unit involves disabling the general pickup caused by this unit; however, it does not disable the unit's pickup. This means that if the unit pickup has been used for any output configuration, or programmable logic, these will be operational.

### Pickup Level

This setting determines the voltage threshold under which the voltage unit picks up starting the timer that will cause the trip.

The range of this setting depends on the model, and the limits are as follows:

10,00 - 250,00 V in steps of 0,1 V for high range models.

2,00 - 60,00 V in steps of 0,1 V for low range models.

### **Timing**

This setting determines the time that must pass between the unit pickup and the trip.

If once the unit has picked up and the timer has been started, voltage raises above the pickup level before the trip occurs, the timer will return to the stand-by status. If a new pickup occurs, the timer will restart from zero.

The timing range is as follows:

0 - 600 sec in steps of 0,01 sec.

If this setting is adjusted to 0 sec., the relay will operate in less than 0,030 sec. The tripping time for higher values of the setting will be the set value plus less than 30 ms.

The accuracy in the measure of the overvoltage unit is +/- 3% of the pickup level in the complete range.

### 2.2.3. GROUND OVERVOLTAGE UNIT (59N)

The MIV incorporates, in models MIV1000 and MIV3000, two independent fixed time ground overvoltage units. Each of them can be enabled and set independently, both for pickup voltage and timing.

Depending on the operation mode (application) selected in the general settings, and on the type of connection, the ground overvoltage unit will measure in different ways:

- If the selected operation mode is three-phase + ground, the relay will internally calculate the ground voltage from the voltage value in the three phases
- If the ground one-phase mode has been selected, the relay will measure the ground voltage on input VII.

The associated settings to each of the ground overvoltage units are the following:

### **59N Tripping Permission**

This setting allows enabling or disabling the 59 trip.

Disabling the tripping of a certain unit involves disabling the general pickup due to the same unit; however, it does not disable the unit's pickup. This means that if the unit pickup has been used for any output configuration, or programmable logic, these will be operational.

### Pickup Level

This setting determines the voltage threshold from which the voltage unit picks up starting the timer that will cause the trip.

The range of this setting depends on the model, and the limits are as follows:

10,00 - 250,00 V in steps of 0,1 V for high range models.

2,00 - 60,00 V in steps of 0,1 V for low range models.

### **Timing**

This setting determines the time that must pass between the unit pickup and the trip.

If once the unit has picked up and the timer has been started, voltage falls below the pickup level before the trip occurs, the timer will return to the stand-by status. If a new pickup occurs, the timer will restart from zero.

The timing range is as follows:

0 - 600 sec in steps of 0,01 sec.

If this setting is adjusted to 0 sec., the relay will operate in less than 0,030 sec. The tripping time for higher values of the setting will be the set value plus less than 30 ms.

The accuracy in the measure of the overvoltage unit is +/- 3% of the pickup level in the complete range.

### 2.2.4. VOLTAGE UNBALANCE UNIT (47)

The MIV 3000 incorporates a voltage unbalance unit. This unit is based on the negative sequence of the phase-to-ground voltage values, and therefore it is disabled in the cases where the selected operation mode (application) is different from 3P+G wye connected.

The associated settings to the voltage unbalance unit are the following:

### **47 Tripping Permission**

This setting allows enabling or disabling the 47 trip.

Disabling the tripping of a certain unit involves disabling the general pickup due to the same unit; however, it does not disable the unit's pickup. This means that if the unit pickup has been used for any output configuration, or programmable logic, these will be operational.

### Pickup Level.

This setting determines the voltage threshold that must be overpassed for the voltage unit to pickup, starting the timer that will cause the trip.

This setting has the following limits:

2,00 - 60,00 V in steps of 0,1 V.

### Timing.

This setting determines the time that must pass between the unbalance unit pickup and the trip.

If once the unit has picked up and the timer has been started, voltage falls below the pickup level before the trip occurs, the timer will return to the stand-by status. If a new pickup occurs, the timer will restart from zero.

The timing range is as follows:

0 - 600 sec in steps of 0,01 sec.

If this setting is adjusted to 0 sec., the relay will operate in less than 0,030 sec. The tripping time for higher values of the setting will be the set value plus less than 30 ms.

The accuracy in the measure of the overvoltage unit is +/- 3% of the pickup level in the complete range.

### 2.3. FREQUENCY UNITS

The MIV incorporates different optional frequency units depending on the model.

**2.3.1.** FREQUENCY UNIT (81)

The MIV2000 incorporates four definite time frequency units, and the MIV3000 includes two.

Each of these units can be independently configured as under or overfrequency.

In all cases, frequency is measured at input VII, so if this input is not connected, the measured frequency will be 0 Hz.

Each frequency unit is supervised by an undervoltage unit, that can be set independently. This means that if voltage at input VII falls below the value adjusted in this setting, the frequency unit will be immediately blocked.

The associated settings are as follows:

### 81 Tripping Permission

This setting allows enabling or disabling the frequency unit.

Disabling the tripping of a certain unit involves disabling the general pickup due to the same unit; however, it does not disable the unit's pickup. This means that if the unit pickup has been used for any output configuration, or programmable logic, these will be operational.

### Pickup Level.

This setting determines the frequency threshold that must be overpassed (above or below, depending on whether it is an over or underfrequency unit) for the voltage unit to pickup, starting the timer that will cause the trip.

This setting has the following limits:

42,00 - 67,50 Hz in steps of 0,01 Hz for all models.

### Type of Unit

With this setting we can select the unit to operate as overfrequency or underfrequency.

### Timing.

This setting determines the time that must pass between the frequency unit pickup and the trip.

If once the unit has picked up and the timer has been started, frequency varies and goes out of the tripping range, before the trip occurs, the timer will return to the stand-by status. If a new pickup occurs, the timer will restart from zero.

The timing range is as follows:

0 - 600 sec in steps of 0,01 sec.

If this setting is adjusted to 0 sec., the relay will operate in less than 0,030 sec. The tripping time for higher values of the setting will be the set value plus less than 30 ms.

The accuracy in the measure of the overvoltage unit is +/- 3% of the pickup level in the complete range.

### **Voltage Supervision:**

This value determines the voltage value at input VII, under which the frequency unit is blocked.

The ranges for this setting are as follows:

For low range:

Voltage supervision 10.0 – 60.0 V in steps of 0.1 V

For high range:

Voltage supervision 30.0 – 250.0 V in steps of 0.1 V

### **Accuracy:**

The metering accuracy for frequency is +/- 10 mHz.

### 2.4. EVENTS

The MIV stores a historical record with the last 24 events. Each event contains the event description, date and time (4 ms accuracy), the voltage (VI, VII, VIII) and frequency (Vn, V2) values (the appearing values will vary depending on the model), and a summary of the status signals that can produce events, and whether they were activated or not in that moment.

In the M+PC there is a field called "EVENTS", where the user can check how many events have been produced since the last time that Events where deleted. If this number is higher than 24 (maximum number of events stored), this means that from all the produced events, only the last 24 are stored.

This event record is stored in a capacitor backed up RAM memory.

The whole MIV functionality related to events is performed from the M+PC software.

Inside the ADVANCED SETTINGS group, there is a sub-group called EVENT MASKS, from where the different causes that can produce events can be masked. They are detailed in the SETTINGS section.

The following table shows a list of all possible events for each model:

DESCRIPTION	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
Pickup/reset 27P1	<b>*</b>		•
Pickup/reset 27P2	•		<b>*</b>
Pickup/reset 59P1	•		<b>+</b>
Pickup/reset 59P2	<b>*</b>		<b>*</b>
Pickup/reset 59N1	•		<b>+</b>
Pickup/reset 59N2	•		<b>+</b>
Pickup/reset 47			<b>*</b>
Pickup/reset 81_1		+	<b>*</b>
Pickup/reset 81_2		+	<b>*</b>
Pickup/reset 81_3		+	
Pickup/reset 81_4		+	
27P1 trip enable/disable by digital input	•		<b>*</b>
27P2 trip enable/disable by digital input	•		<b>*</b>
59P1 trip enable/disable by digital input	•		<b>*</b>
59P2 trip enable/disable by digital input	•		<b>*</b>
59N1 trip enable/disable by digital input	•		<b>*</b>
59N2 trip enable/disable by digital input	•		<b>*</b>
47 trip enable/disable by digital input			<b>*</b>
81_1 trip enable/disable by digital input		<b>*</b>	<b>+</b>
81_2 trip enable/disable by digital input		<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>
81_3 trip enable/disable by digital input		+	
81_4 trip enable/disable by digital input		+	
General trip enable/disable by digital input	•	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>
27P1 trip	•		<b>*</b>
27P2 trip	•		<b>*</b>
59P1 trip	•		<b>*</b>
59P2 trip	<b>*</b>		<b>*</b>
59N1 trip	<b>*</b>		<b>*</b>
59N2 trip	<b>*</b>		<b>*</b>
47 trip			<b>*</b>
81_1 trip		<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>
81_2 trip		<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>
81_3 trip		<b>*</b>	
81_4 trip		<b>*</b>	

### 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
General trip	•	<b>+</b>	<b>+</b>
Protection status in service/out of service	•	<b>*</b>	•
Digital output 1 active/non active	•	<b>*</b>	•
Digital output 2 active/non active	•	<b>*</b>	•
Digital output 3 active/non active	•	<b>*</b>	•
Digital output 4 active/non active	•	<b>*</b>	•
Digital input 1 active/non active	•	<b>*</b>	•
Digital input 2 active/non active	•	<b>*</b>	•
Settings change disabled by digital input active/non active	•	<b>*</b>	•
Trip operation by digital input	•	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>
Trip operation by command	•	<b>*</b>	•
Auxiliary digital output latch reset	•	<b>*</b>	•
52 B open/closed	•	<b>*</b>	•
52 A open/closed	•	<b>*</b>	•
52 Open/closed	•	<b>*</b>	•
Settings Table 2 selection by digital input	•	<b>*</b>	•
Oscillo trigger by digital input	•	<b>*</b>	•
Oscillo trigger by command	•	<b>*</b>	•
Settings Change	•	<b>*</b>	<b>♦</b>
E2PROM failure	•	<b>*</b>	•
User settings/default settings	•	+	•

1000: MIV1000/MIV1010 models

2000 : MIV2000 models

**3000** : MIV3000/MIV3010 models

### 2.5. OSCILLOGRAPHY

### 2.5.1. OSCILLOGRAPHY DESCRIPTION MIV1000/3000

The MIV stores an oscillography record, with a resolution of 8 samples per cycle, and a length of 24 cycles (the 2 first being pre-fault cycles), including the following information:

- Instantaneous values of phase voltages (VI, VII, VII) and frequency (f). The 2 first cycles are pre-fault cycles.
- Digital information:
- Pickups (protection functions\*)
- Trip inhibition by digital input (protection functions\*)
- Trips (protection functions\*)
- Ready (protection in service)
- Auxiliary digital outputs
- Digital inputs
- Breaker 52A, Breaker 52B, Status 52
- Table 2 selection by digital input
- E2prom failure
- Default settings/User's settings

\*protection functions: 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2, 59N1, 59N2, (MIV1000) 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2, 59N1, 59N2, 47, 81\_1, 81\_2, (MIV3000)

- Date and time
- Model
- Number of oscillo
- VI, VII, VIII voltages and frequency f (f only in MIV3000 models) in the moment of the oscillography trigger
- Active table in the moment of the oscillography trigger
- Unit's settings when retrieving the oscillography record.

### 2.5.2. OSCILLOGRAPHY DESCRIPTION MIV2000

The MIV stores an oscillography record, with a resolution of 2 samples per cycle, and a length of 432 cycles (the 36 first being pre-fault cycles), including the following information:

- Instantaneous value of frequency (f). The 36 first cycles are pre-fault cycles.
- Digital information:
- Pickups (81 functions)
- Trips (81 functions)
- Date and time
- Model
- Number of oscillo

- VI, VII, VIII voltages and frequency f (f only in MIV3000 models) in the moment of the oscillography trigger
- Active table in the moment of the oscillography trigger
- Unit's settings when retrieving the oscillography record.

The number of oscillo is a circular counter, that increases with each generated oscillo. This value appears on the relay status and is used only for informative purposes.

The oscillography record is stored in a capacitor backed up RAM memory.

The whole MIV functionality related to oscillography is performed from the M+PC program. The oscillography record obtained is stored on the PC in a COMTRADE-IEEE C37.111-1991 format.

There are four possible causes that can produce an oscillography trigger:

- Pickup of one of the protection functions
- Trip of one of the protection functions
- Oscillography trigger by communications
- Oscillography trigger by digital input

In the ADVANCED SETTINGS group, there is a sub-group called OSCILLOGRAPHY MASKS, from where the above mentioned causes can be masked. They are detailed in the SETTINGS section.

### 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 2.6. MULTIPLE SETTINGS GROUPS

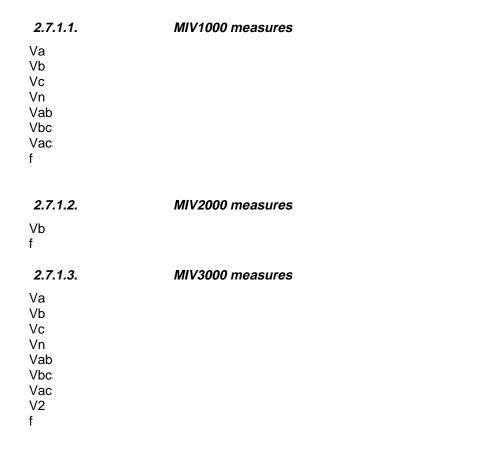
Two independent Settings Groups are available in the permanent (non-volatile) memory of the MIV relay. Only one of the two is active at a given time. User can select which settings group is active using a setting, sending a command to the relay from the communications program, or by a digital input.

Settings are divided in two different categories: Main Settings and Advanced Settings. This makes setting the relay extremely simple for those users who want to use just the Main functions of the MIV relay. For those users who need to use the full functionality of the relay, the Advanced Settings must be used.

### 2.7. MEASUREMENT AND SELF-TEST

### 2.7.1. MEASUREMENT

The MIV provides actual values for phase and ground voltages, negative sequence voltage and frequency, depending on the model. The accuracy is 1% of the rated value, and 3% for the complete range.



2.7.2. SELF-TEST

The self-monitoring tests are carried out both when the unit is started up and during normal operation. Any internal problem detected by the self-monitoring function will issue an alarm and the CRITICAL FAILURE ALARM output contact will be activated.

#### 2.8. USER INTERFACE

#### **LED targets**

There are 6 LED Targets in all MIV models. The first one is green and has the 'READY' (relay in service) fixed meaning (cannot be configured), the second one is red and fixed for TRIP; the last four are red and can be configured by the user. The default configuration of the LEDs is shown in figure 2.2



FIGURE 2.2 DEFAULT CONFIGURATION OF MIV LED TARGETS

The meaning of each LED is as follows:

- READY: The relay is powered up, its power supply is receiving Vdc or Vac, and all the internal circuits are
  working properly. The relay status setting is set as "RDY" (ready) and at least one of the protection functions is
  enabled. This LED not being lit in the previous mentioned conditions indicates lack of auxiliary supply voltage or
  an internal HW/SW critical failure condition.
- TRIP: The relay has issued a trip, activating the corresponding tripping output contact.
- PHAS: Points out that the trip has been issued by one of the Phase Protection Units.
- GRND: Points out that the trip has been issued by one of the Ground Fault Protection Units.
- **INST:** Points out that the trip has been issued by one of the Instantaneous Units, either phase or ground units.
- PICK: Points out that at least one of the protective units has picked up.
- FRQ: Indicates that the trip has been issued by one of the Frequency Protection Units
- **81\_1:** Trip issued by the 81\_1 unit.
- 81\_2: Trip issued by the 81\_2 unit.
- 81\_3: Trip issued by the 81\_3 unit.
- **81\_4**: Trip issued by the 81\_4 unit.
- 27: Trip issued by the 27P1 and/or 27P2 unit.
- **59P**: Trip issued by the 59P1 and/or 59P2 unit.
- 59N: Trip issued by the 59N1 and/or 59N2 unit.

LEDs associated to tripping functions are latched and once they have been lit up, they remain lit up until the **ENTER** key is pressed for more than 3 seconds (RESET) provided that the trip condition has disappeared. The LED associated to *function pickup* is auto-reset type, and lights up while the pickup condition (current above setting) exists.

## Keypad and Display

A three-key keypad allows access to the MIV relay information and allows settings change. Measurement data (actual values), last trip information (fault report) and settings are shown on the 3.5 characters dots-display. Only by using a PC, the M+PC program and a communications cable the user can access to all the internal information in the relay, as the list of events and oscillography data cannot be shown on the small faceplate display. Access to I/O configuration and logic configuration is also possible only via PC.

#### **Communication Ports**

The faceplate RS232 and the rear RS485 port provides an easy to use human interface. All serial ports use the Modbus® RTU protocol and may be connected to system computers with baud rates from 300 to 19200 bps. Up to 32 MIV relays can be connected (daisy-chained) on the same communication circuit. Each relay must be assigned a different Modbus Address (using a setting) if multiple relays are connected on the same circuit.

#### Software

MIV units are supply together with M+PC software, a Windows® based software allowing communication with the relay for data view and retrieval, as well as oscillography, I/O configuration and logic.

## 2.9. MODEL LIST. ORDERING CODE

The MIV has a draw-out construction, 4U high and 1/8 of a 19" rack wide. The MIV relays can be mounted in 1/8 rack cases, one relay per case, or as an alternative they can be supplied in half or full 19" rack cases, including several M family units (in an M+ System). Each M product is built as a stand alone draw-out module containing all functionally required elements such as CT/VTs, I/O, power supply, CPU etc. MIF, MIM, MIG and MIW products are built in 4" wide modules, while MIV and MIR products are built in 2" wide modules. These modules can be plugged into an M050 half 19" rack case or an M100 full 19" rack case. M050 cases can hold a maximum of 8" in total module length (i.e. 2 MIV modules or 1 MIV and 2 MIV modules), while the M100 case can hold a maximum of 16" in total module length (i.e. 4 MIFs, 2 MIV and 4 MIVs, or 8 MIV modules). A system comprised of several M family relays in the same case is called an M+ System.

The information required to completely specify the relay is provided in the following table:

MIV	-	0	-	0	Ε	0	0	0	-	0	0	-	DESCRIPTION
	1												Voltage functions
	2												Frequency functions
	3												Voltage and frequency functions
													Voltage Range
			0										10-250 V (all models)
			1										2-60 V (only MIV1000)
													Auxiliary Voltage
									F				24-48 Vdc
									Н				110-250 Vdc 110-220 Vac
													Mounting options
												С	Individual case
												S	Mounted in an M+ system **

Table 2.1: - Ordering Guide

A depth reducing collar can be ordered to reduce the mounting depth of the unit in 2.48".

<sup>\*\*</sup> If relays are to be mounted in an M+ system, then either an M050 half 19" rack or M100 full 19" must be ordered. The M050 and M100 racks are provided at no additional cost.

#### 2.10. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### THE FOLLOWING TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

#### 2.10.1. PROTECTION UNITS

## PHASE OVERVOLTAGE (59P1, 59P2)

Voltage Fundamental
Unit status Active/inactive

Pickup level (range 0) 10.00 - 250.00 V in steps of 0.1 V
Pickup level (range 1) 2.00 - 60.00 V in steps of 0.1 V
Reset level 97% to 98% of the pickup value

Accuracy 1% at the rated value y 3% in the complete range

Timer 0 - 600 s in steps of 0.01 s

Reset type Instantaneous

Timers accuracy ±3% of operation time or ±25 ms. (whichever is greater)

# PHASE UNDERVOLTAGE (27P1, 27P2)

Voltage Fundamental
Unit status Active/inactive

Pickup level (range 0) 10.00 - 250.00 V in steps of 0.1 V Pickup level (range 1) 2.00 - 60.00 V in steps of 0.1 V

Supervision by breaker position YES/NO

Reset level 97% to 98% of the pickup value

Accuracy 1% at the rated value y 3% in the complete range

Timer 0 - 600 s in steps of 0.01 s

Reset type Instantaneous

Timers accuracy ±3% of operation time or ±25 ms. (whichever is greater)

## **GROUND OVERVOLTAGE UNIT (59N1, 59N2)**

Voltage Fundamental
Unit status Active/inactive

Pickup level (range 0) 10.00 - 250.00 V in steps of 0.1 V
Pickup level (range 1) 2.00 - 60.00 V in steps of 0.1 V
Reset level 97% to 98% of the pickup value

Accuracy 1% at the rated value y 3% in the complete range

Timer 0 - 600 s in steps of 0.01 s

Reset type Instantaneous

Timers accuracy ±3% of operation time or ±25 ms. (whichever is greater)

## 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

**VOLTAGE UNBALANCE UNIT (47)** 

Voltage Fundamental
Unit status Active/inactive

Pickup level 2.00 - 60.00 V in steps of 0.1 V Reset level 97% to 98% of the pickup value

Accuracy 1% at the rated value y 3% in the complete range

Timer 0 - 600 s in steps of 0.01 s

Reset type Instantaneous

Timers accuracy ±3% of operation time or ±25 ms. (whichever is greater)

FREQUENCY UNITS (81\_1, 81\_2, 81\_3, 81\_4)

Unit type Underfrequency/overfrequency
Frequency pickup level 42.0 - 67.5 Hz in steps of 0.01 Hz.

Accuracy ±10mHz

Timer 0 - 600 s in steps of 0.01 s

Reset type Instantaneous

Reset level 40 mHz

Timers accuracy ±3% of operation time or ±25 ms. (whichever is greater)

Supervision voltage 30 - 250 V in steps of 0.1 V (range 10 - 250 V)

2.10.2. MEASURING UNITS

**FUNDAMENTAL VOLTAGE** 

Accuracy ±1% at the rated value y ±3% in the complete range

**FREQUENCY** 

Accuracy ±10 mHz

2.10.3. INPUTS

**AC VOLTAGE** 

Secondary rated voltage: 110/120 V ac Frequency 50/60 Hz

Consumption < 0.2 VA @ Vn secondary

Maximum permissible voltage: 440 Vac continuous

**DIGITAL INPUTS** 

Voltage contacts 300 Vdc maximum

Recognition time <4 ms

## 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

## 2.10.4. POWER SUPPLY

## **LOW RANGE**

DC Rated Voltage 24 to 48 Vdc Maximum/minimum DC Voltage 19/60 Vdc

**HIGH RANGE** 

Rated DC voltage 110 to 250 Vdc Maximum/minimum DC voltage 88/300 Vdc

Rated AC voltage 110 to 220 Vac @ 48-62 Hz Maximum/minimum AC voltage 88/264 Vac @ 48-62 Hz

Consumption  ${\rm máx.~10W}$  Backup maintenance time (date, time, and events > 1 week

historic) without power supply

2.10.5. **OUTPUTS** 

#### **TRIP CONTACTS**

Contact capacity

Maximum operation voltage 400 Vac Continuous current: 16 A Make and Carry: 30 A Breaking capacity: 4000 VA

**OUTPUT RELAYS** 

Configuration: 6 Electro-Mechanical Form C

Contact Material: Silver alloy suited for inductive loads

# Max. Ratings for 100.000 operations:

VOLTAGE	MAKE&CARRY CONTINUOUS	MAKE&CARRY 0.2 sec	BREAK	MAX LOAD
DC Resistive				
24 Vdc	16 A	48 A	16 A	384W
48 Vdc	16 A	48 A	2.6 A	125W
125 Vdc	16 A	48 A	0.6 A	75 W
250 Vdc	16 A	48 A	0.5 A	125 W
DC Inductive (L/R=40ms)				
24 Vdc	16 A	48 A	8 A	192 W
48 Vdc	16 A	48 A	1.3 A	62 W
125 Vdc	16 A	48 A	0.3 A	37.5 W
250 Vdc	16 A	48 A	0.25 A	62.5 W
AC Resistive				
120 Vac	16 A	48 A	16 A	1920 VA
250 Vac	16 A	48 A	16 A	4000 VA
AC Inductive PF = 0.4				
120 Vac	16 A	48 A	11.2 A	1344 VA
250 Vac	16 A	48 A	11.2 A	2800 VA

2.10.6.	COMMUNICATIONS

FACEPLATE PORT	RS232	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 or 19200 bps,
		Modbus® RTU
REAR PORT	RS485	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 or 19200 bps, Modbus® RTU

2.10.7. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Operating Temperatures:  $-20^{\circ}$  C to  $+60^{\circ}$  C Ambient Storage Temperatures:  $-40^{\circ}$  C to  $+80^{\circ}$  C

## **2.10.8. STANDARDS**

The **MIV** system complies with the following standards, which include the standards required by Community Directive 89/336 for the CE marking, in line with European standards. It also complies with the European directive requirements for low voltage, and the environmental and operating requirements established in ANSI standards C37.90, IEC 255-5, IEC 255-6 and IEC 68.

TEST	STANDARD	CLASS
Insulation Test Voltage:	IEC 60255-5	2kV, 50/60 Hz 1 min
Surge Test Voltage:	IEC 60255-5	5 kV, 0.5 J. (3 positive
		pulses and 3 negative.)
1 MHz Interference:	IEC 60255-22-1	III
Electrostatic Discharge:	IEC 60255-22-2	IV
	EN 61000-4-2	8 kV in contact,
		15 kV through air.
Radiointerference:	IEC 60255-22-3: 40 MHz, 151 MHz,	III
	450 MHz and cellular phone.	
Radiated Electromagnetic fields with	ENV 50140	10 V/m
amplitude modulation.		
Radiated Electromagnetic fields with	ENV 50141	10 V/m
amplitude modulation. Common mode.		
Radiated Electromagnetic fields with	ENV 50204	10 V/m
frequency modulation.		
Fast Transients:	ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1	IV
	IEC 60255-22-4	IV
	BS EN 61000-4-4	IV
Magnetic fields at industrial frequency:	EN 61000-4-8	30 AV/m
Power Supply interruptions:	IEC 60255-11	
Temperature:	IEC 57 (CO) 22	
RF Emission:	EN 55011	В
Sinusoidal Vibration:	IEC 60255-21-1	II
Shock:	IEC 60255-21-2	1

2.10.9. PRODUCTION TESTS

**Insulation Test:** IEC255-5 (Tested on CTs, Power Supply terminals, Contact

Inputs and Contact Outputs)

- Manufactured under an ISO9001Registered system.CE Marking.

# 3. HARDWARE

## 3.1. DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1.1. RELAY IDENTIFICATION

The complete model number of the relay is shown on the faceplate. Figure 3.1 shows the faceplate of the relay.



FIGURE 3.1. FACEPLATE AND IDENTIFICATION OF MIV RELAY

3.1.2. PANEL CUTOUT

The MIV case is made from **corrosion resistant stainless steel**. Case dimensions, along with panel cutout details for panel mounting are shown in figure 3.2.

The modular design allows the relay to be easily upgraded or repaired by a qualified person.

The relay is provided with a plastic lid that fits over the faceplate, sealing the relay hermetically, avoiding dust coming into the relay.

The relay must be mounted such that the faceplate sits semi-flush with the panel or switchgear door, allowing the operator access to the keypad and the RS232 communications port. The relay is secured to the panel with the use of four screws supplied with the relay.

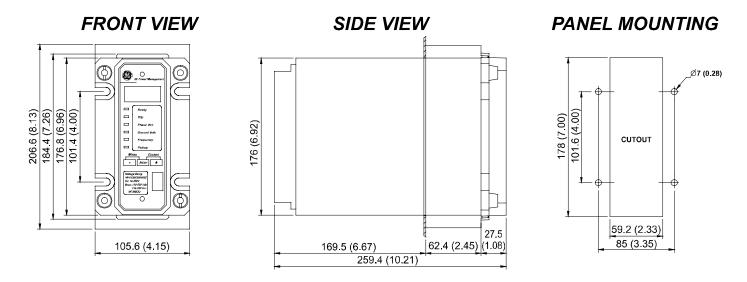


FIGURE 3-2A. MOUNTING AND DIMENSIONS DRAWING FOR MIV MODELS WITH DEPTH REDUCING COLLAR

Note: Dimensions are shown in mm, and in inches between parenthesis.

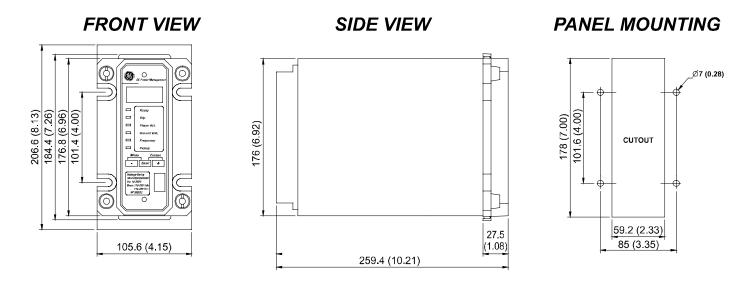


FIGURE 3-2B. MOUNTING AND DIMENSIONS DRAWING FOR MIV MODELS WITHOUT DEPTH REDUCING COLLAR

# WARNING: MODULE WITHDRAWAL AND INSERTION MAY ONLY BE PERFORMED WHEN CONTROL POWER HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THE UNIT.

The modular design of the relay allows for the withdrawal and insertion of the module.

**WITHDRAWAL**: Remove the methacrylate cover on the faceplate, loosing the four screws located on the four corners of the cover. Then loose the small screws that keep the faceplate in place and pull from the knobs located on the upper and lower side of the faceplate. Before performing this action **control power must be removed from the relay**. Current inputs are automatically shorted back in the terminal block when the module is withdrawn.

**INSERTION:** Proceed inversely to the withdrawal procedure. Press the module firmly in the case, using the knobs, until it is completely inserted. Once this is done, bolt the screws of the faceplate and replace the control power. Check if the relay is fully operative. Finally, replace the methacrylate cover.

## 3.1.4. WIRING AND INTERNAL CONNECTIONS

The electrical connection with the substation AC/DC wires is done on both terminal blocks, at the rear part of the relay case. Each terminal block has 12 terminals (M3, 3 mm diameter).

## 3.1.5. REAR TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS

The terminal blocks are identified by a letter located in the upper part, beside the terminal block. There are two terminal blocks, and have been assigned the letters A and B respectively, in order to avoid confusions while wiring external cables.

For each terminal block, the wiring screws (1 to 12) have been labelled with their corresponding number.

Figure 3-3 shows the location and identification of the terminals blocks at the rear of the MIV relay.

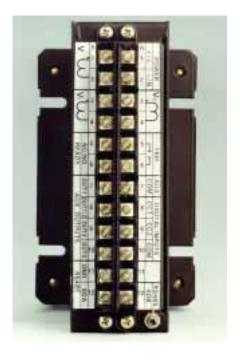


FIGURE 3-3 MIV RELAY REAR VIEW

#### 3.2. WIRING AND EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

# 3.2.1. TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM

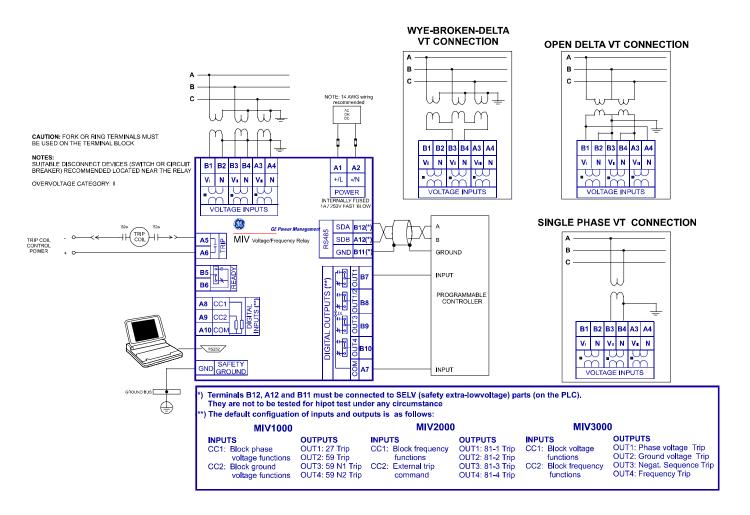


FIGURE 3-4 TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM FOR MIV RELAY

Table 3-1: Input values according to the type of connection

VOLTAGE INPUT	$V_{l}$	V <sub>II</sub>	V <sub>III</sub>
3PG WYE	$V_{A}$	$V_{B}$	$V_{C}$
3P DELTA	$V_{AB}$	$V_{BC}$	$V_{CA}$
SINGLE PHASE		V <sub>AB</sub> (e.g.)	
GROUND		$V_N$	

# CAUTION: CONTROL POWER SUPPLIED TO THE RELAY MUST MATCH THE RATED VOLTAGE OF THE RELAY. IF THE VOLTAGE IS APPLIED TO THE WRONG TERMINALS, DAMAGE MAY OCCUR.

Table 3-2: Control Power Voltage Range

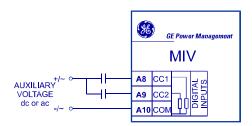
RANGE	Rated Voltage
F	24/48 Vdc
П	110/250 Vdc
Ι "	110/220 Vac

#### 3.2.3. VOLTAGE TRANSFORMER INPUTS

Each AC voltage input has an isolation transformer. Voltage inputs have no internal grounding connections. 110/120 rated Vac secondary voltage transformers can be used.

The VT wye connections are identical independently from the phase sequence rotation ABC or ACB. The same happens in the case of a delta connection. In this last case, Ground Overvoltage (59N) and Voltage Unbalance (47) units will be disabled.

## 3.2.4. DIGITAL INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

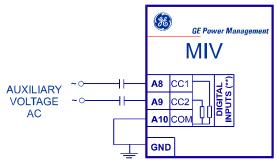


## FIGURE 3-6 CONTACT INPUTS CONNECTIONS

The MIV relay works with 'wet contacts'. A wet contact has one side connected to the positive terminal of an external DC power supply. The other side of this contact is connected to the required contact input terminal (A8 or A9). In addition, the negative side of the external source must be connected to the relay common (negative) terminal (A10). The maximum external voltage source voltage for this arrangement is 300 Vdc.

In case of using AC voltage, it must be ensured that there is no appreciable voltage (less than 10 Vac) between the input common terminal, A10, and the ground terminal. The AC system must be line/neutral type, and not line/line, ensuring that the neutral and ground do not differ in more than 10 Vac. The reason for this is that there might be enough current circulating through the EMC filtering capacitors on these inputs to cause undesired activation.

If it is not possible to ensure the previous conditions, the connection shown below can be used, where lines are wired only to inputs (A8 and A9), and the common (A10) is connected to the unit ground terminal.



MIV Digital Voltage and Frequency Protection

The voltage threshold at which an input will detect a closed contact input depends on the relay model. For low voltage range relays (F model), the threshold is set to 12 Vdc. For high voltage range relays (H model), the voltage threshold is 75 Vdc.

## 3.2.5. OUTPUT CONTACTS CONFIGURATION

All output relays are form C relays. For each output relay it is possible to select which state is preferred to have at the MIV terminals, NC (normally closed) or NO (normally open).

Figure 3-7 shows the PCB of a MIV relay, and the location of the jumpers used to select the configuration of each output contact (NO or NC).

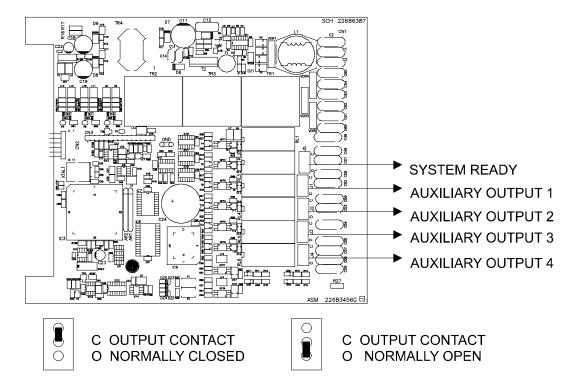
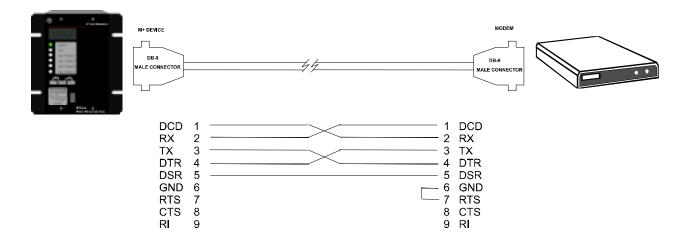
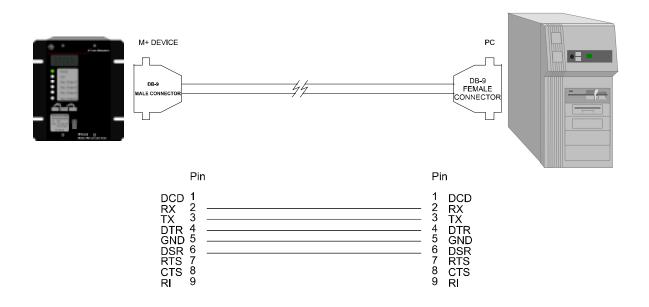


FIGURE 3-7 PCB SCHEME SHOWING THE JUMPERS TO CONFIGURE THE OUTPUT CONTACTS (NC / NO)

A 9-pin RS232C serial port is located on the relay's faceplate for programming with a portable (personal) computer. All that is required to use this interface is a personal computer running the M+PC software. Figure 3-8 shows the communications cable configuration.



RELAY-MODEM CONNECTION WIRE, FOR RS-232 FRONT PORT



RELAY - PC CONNECTION WIRE FOR RS-232 FRONT PORT

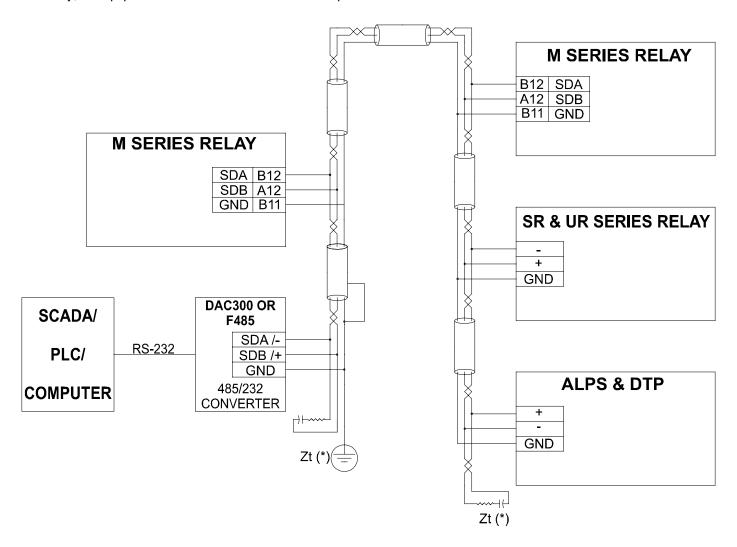
FIGURE 3-8 RS232 FACEPLATE PORT CONNECTION

#### 3. HARDWARE

In addition to the RS232 port on the faceplate, the relay provides the user with an additional RS485 communication port. RS485 data transmission and reception are accomplished over a single twisted pair with transmit and receive data alternating over the same two wires. Through the use of these port, continuous monitoring and control from a remote computer, SCADA system or PLC is possible.

To minimize errors from noise, the use of shielded twisted pair wire is recommended. Correct polarity must also be observed. For instance, the relays must be connected with all RS485 SDA terminals connected together, and all SDB terminals connected together. The COM terminal should be connected to the common wire inside the shield, when provided. To avoid loop currents, the shield should be grounded at one point only. Each relay should also be daisy chained to the next one in the link. A maximum of 32 relays can be connected in this manner without exceeding driver capability. For larger systems, additional serial channels must be added. It is also possible to use commercially available repeaters to increase the number of relays on a single channel to more than 32. Do not use other connection configuration different than the recommended.

Lightning strikes and ground surge currents can cause large momentary voltage differences between remote ends of the communication link. For this reason, surge protection devices are internally provided. To ensure maximum reliability, all equipment should have similar transient protection devices installed.



**FIGURE 3-9 RS485 SERIAL CONNECTION** 

# 4. HUMAN-MACHINE INTERFACE

#### 4.1. M+PC SOFTWARE INTERFACE

The M+PC software provides a graphical user interface (GUI) as one of two human interfaces to a M Family relay. The alternate human interface is implemented via the device's faceplate keypad and display. The M+PC software interface can be used while disconnected (i.e. off-line or simulation mode) or connected (i.e. on-line) to a MIV relay, locally or remotely, using a modem and the telephone line. In off-line mode, you can prepare a file of the device's parameter settings for eventual downloading to the device. Another application of the off-line mode is personal training on the relay. In on-line mode, you can communicate with the device in real-time, access to all the information in the device, modify settings, retrieve registered data and perform commands.

The M+PC software can be run from any computer supporting Microsoft® Windows 95®, 98® or NT® (Service Pack 3.0 or higher) and the latest version can be downloaded from the GE Power Management Internet site <a href="http://www.GEindustrial.com/pm">http://www.GEindustrial.com/pm</a>. This chapter provides a brief description of the M+PC software interface use. The M+PC Help menu provides this same information on-line.

#### 4.1.1. STARTING THE PROGRAM

To start the M+PC software program double click on the program icon (if a direct access has been created) or select the program from the **Start** Windows<sup>®</sup> menu. Once started, the following **Login** window will appear:

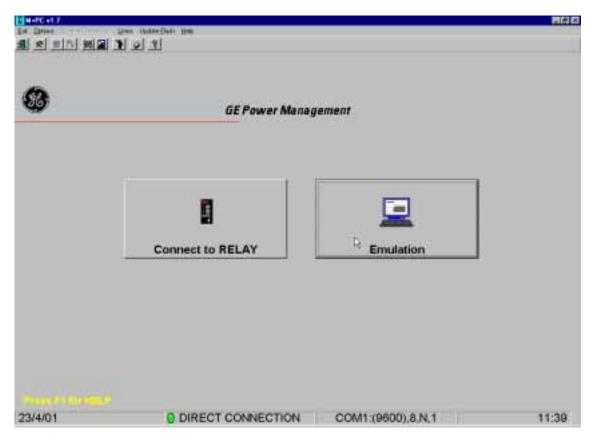


FIGURE 4.1: STARTING THE PROGRAM

The User Name and Password must be entered in this window. This data must be properly entered to access the program functions, both for the off-line and on-line operation modes. The factory default values for this fields are: **Username**: none (leave the box empty); **Password**: **7169** (it corresponds with the ASCII codes for 'G' 'E'). Users management (add, modify or eliminate users) must be done by a user with a Management access level (user type: 1). This is done using the **Users** option within the Main Menu.

Once the correct Username and Password have been entered and the **OK** button clicked, the Start Window will appear. In this window, the desired operation mode must be selected: 'on-line', this is relay connection, or 'off-line', for simulation mode.

M+PC software uses the same structure for all its windows. This structure is shown in the following figure. There are three different ways to access the M+PC functions: clicking on the desired item on the upper menu bar (pop-up windows); clicking on the icons located on the tool-bar, just below the menu bar (a small help window appears when the mouse pointer is on any icon); clicking on different function buttons that appear on the central part of the window.



**FIGURE 4.2: START WINDOW** 

Clicking on the function buttons "Relay Connection" and "Emulation", the corresponding operation mode is selected, "on-line" and "off-line" respectively. For the "Emulation" operation mode, the access is immediate, whilst for the "Relay Connection", the communications parameters must be properly set. These parameters are shown in the lower bar of the window.

For example, COM 1: (9600), 8, N, 1 stands for:

**COM 1 :** PC Communications port number 1. **9600 :** Communications speed = 9600 bauds.

8 : Number of Data bits = 8

N : No Parity.

1 : Number of Stop Bits = 1.

These parameters can be modified in the **Options** menu (or clicking on the corresponding icon on the tool bar).

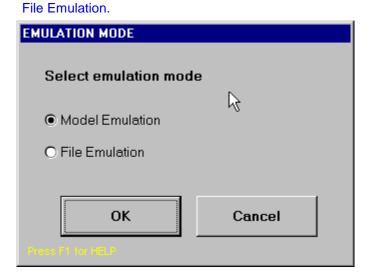
#### 4.1.3. EMULATION

The EMULATION mode allows to simulate the connection to a particular relay even if the physical relay is not available. This mode allows the user to:

- \* View status, settings, and protection units incorporated in the selected relay unit.
- \* Create settings files for a quick configuration of the relay once it is connected to the PC.
- \* Besides, it can be used to program a relay with options retrieved from another unit.

The emulation mode is selected from the M+PC Start window:

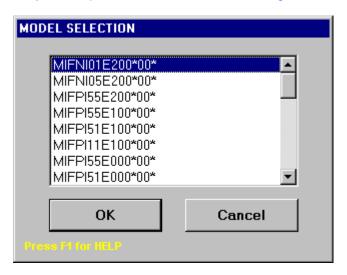
There are two kinds of emulation available: Model Emulation.



The following sections detail the operation of each model:

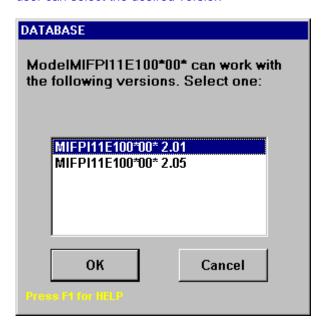
## 4.1.3.1. MODEL EMULATION.

If the Model Emulation is selected, the program will display a menu with all M Family models available for emulation. The required information for emulating a model is contained in the file M+PC.MOD. If you cannot find the desired relay model, please contact GE Power Management.



#### 4. HUMAN-MACHINE INTERFACE

If there is more than one firmware version for the same model, the system will display a list of options, so that the user can select the desired version



#### 4.1.3.2. FILE EMULATION.

M+PC offers also the option to emulate a file. The available files can be selected among the different files created in the M+PC while connected to a relay, as follows:

Settings Files: These files are saved from the FILE option in the M+PC main window. The file will include

information about the model, as well as all the settings stored in the relay, that is, the memory

map.

Oscillography Files: These files are created when retrieving oscillography. The file will include the relay model, the

relay settings, and the oscillography information.

Event Files: These files can be saved while connected to a relay. The file includes the relay model, the

relay settings (memory map) and the events present in the relay.

#### 4.1.4. OPTIONS MENU

The Options Menu opens a window with four tabs, each of which contains forms that allow modifying the communications parameters, modem configuration, language selection for M+PC and enabling the "debug" option.

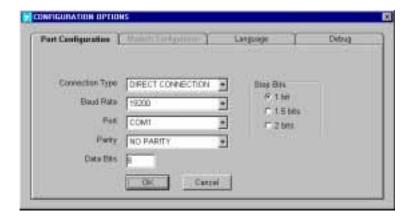


Figure 4.3: OPTIONS MENU – PORT CONFIGURATION TAB.

- "Port Configuration" tab allows modifying the communications parameters. These parameters, as mentioned before, are: connection type (direct connection or modem), baudrate, computer port to be used, parity, number of data bits and number of stop bits.



Figure 4.4: OPTIONS MENU - MODEM CONFIGURATION TAB

- "Modem Configuration" is accessible if the connection type selected in the "Port Configuration" is 'Modem'. If the connection type is 'Direct Connection', this tab is inactive and cannot be accessed. The parameters to be configured in this tab are: Modem Type: Hayes compatible or V.25; Telephone number to dial; Modem Initialization String; Waiting Time; Dialling Mode: Pulse or Tones.



Figure 4.5: OPTIONS MENU - LANGUAGE TAB

- This window allows to choose the language that will be used by M+PC. This choice is recorder in the configuration file of the M+PC program, so your language selection will be used next times you run the program.
- Finally, the **Debug** Tab allows to monitor all the communication messages being sent between the MIV and the computer, to analyze the communications network.

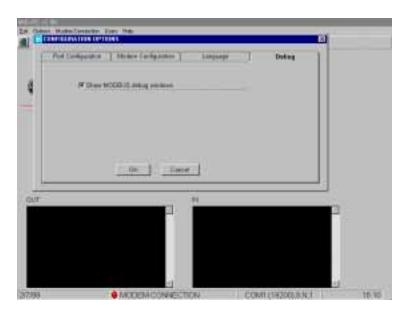


Figure 4.6: OPTIONS MENU - DEBUG TAB

Once the Options Menu has been checked, you can proceed to "Relay Connection", directly or through a modem.

In general, the off-line (Emulation) mode and the on-line (Relay Connection) mode are almost identical, so the most complete one (Relay Connection) will be described. The only differences for the Emulation mode are that the access is immediate, without checking the relay model identification, and that the operation in this mode is obviously limited to file management. In the Emulation mode it is not possible to perform operations that require data retrieving from a relay.

4.1.5. USERS MANAGEMENT MENU

This menu allows adding new users to the M+PC program, with the corresponding passwords and accessing levels.

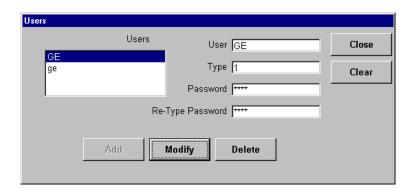


Figure 4.7: USERS MANAGEMENT.

In this Users Management window, the program manager can add, eliminate or modify user names, passwords and access levels:

#### MODIFY:

To modify a user's properties, first it must be selected from the users list and then the information associated to that user can be changed. Clicking on the MODIFY PROPERTIES button, all the changes will be stored. If the password is being changed, it must be entered twice, to ensure it has been properly entered.

#### ADD:

To empty the properties in a window click on the clear button, or enter in the user box the name of the new user. The first property is User Type. This must be entered as a number as follows:

- 1. Program/Users Manager. Allows modifying Users properties.
- 2. Normal/Regular User. For this type of user, the access levels are defined by the Program/Users Manager.

The password must be entered twice, to avoid misspelling. While the password is being entered, the password characters are not displayed in the screen and are substituted by the "\*" character. The password can be left blank (empty box), in this case it is not necessary to repeat it. When the Add button is clicked, the new user properties are stored.

## **DELETE:**

To Delete a User it is necessary to select it from the users list and then click on Eliminate. The User identified by the Username GE or Users Manager, cannot be eliminated, though it is possible to modify its password.

In the START WINDOW (figure 4.2), we click on the "Flash Update" option to start the Flash Memory Update program.

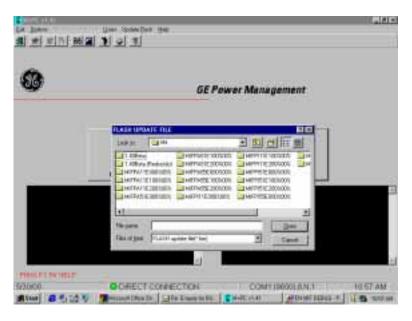
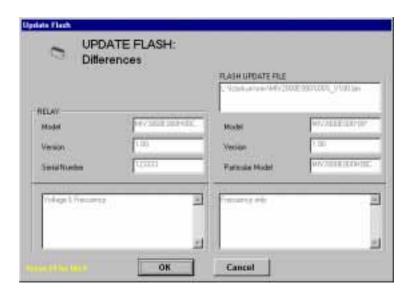


Figure 4.8. FLASH MEMORY UPDATE

Here, we select the name of the file we will use to update the FLASH memory, and the following screen will be displayed, showing details of the old model and the new model:



If we are trying to update to a model option with higher functionality, the program will request a password. This password can be obtained by placing an order to GE Power Management. In the order, the following three parameters must be clearly indicated:

- Serial number of the unit.
- Current model option (before memory update)
- Desired model option (after memory update).

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In case there are several units to be updated, all the serial numbers shall be indicated, and a different password will be assigned for each unit.

If the update does not intend to change the functionality of the relay, but only the firmware revision, the program will not request a password.

After completing the previous screen, and during the loading process the following screen will be displayed:

Finally, when the process has been completed, we will see the following screen:

We must take into account that the Flash memory update may involve a change in the MODBUS memory map, although this does not necessarily involve an update to a higher functionality model. This may result a critical issue when the relay is integrated in a system, and the user must take into account the modifications that are to be performed in the memory map access programs for MIV relays.

Additionally, when a Flash memory update is performed, the loading program will enter the default settings. This means that the user will need to adapt the settings to the real situation of the protected device.

#### 4.1.7. DEVICE IDENTIFICATION WINDOW

Once the "Relay Connection" button has been clicked, a Device Identification window appears, needed to identify the relay the computer must access to communicate with:

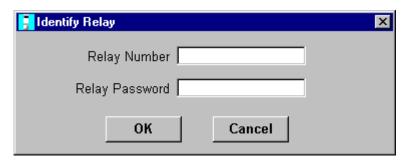


Figure 4.9: DEVICE IDENTIFICATION WINDOW

The parameters in this window are: **Relay Number** and **Relay Password**. The **Relay Number** is a device number in between 1 and 255. This number (like an address) must match the Relay Number entered in the relay itself (which can only be modified using the relay keypad). The **Relay Password** must match the password entered in the relay itself, (which can only e modified using the relay keypad) to have access to operations and settings change. If the user does not know the relay password, or enters a wrong password, the connection between the computer and the relay will be established, but the access level will be 'monitoring'; this means that the user will not be able to perform any settings change or operation. The relay password can only be changed on the relay itself, using the relay keypad. **The factory default parameters are Relay Number = 1; <b>Relay Password = 1.** 

Once these parameters have been entered and the **OK** button clicked, the computer will try to establish communication with the relay.

4.1.8. M+PC MAIN WINDOW

Once the communication has been established between computer and relay, the Main Window of the M+PC program appears. The structure of the window, from which all functions of an M-family relay can be accessed, is maintained through the entire program.

The main window comprises the following three working zones:

- Pop-up windows and icons, as explained for the Start window.
- Graphic Information windows. There are two windows/tabs available, called FRONT VIEW and REAR VIEW, containing graphical information on the device. By default, the program will display the FRONT VIEW tab, showing a front view of the device and the most important information (refreshed on-line) of the relay. In the example, for a MIV Voltage and Frequency protection relay, the device information shown is:
- Voltage-frequency measures, negative sequence voltage (depending on relay model).
- LED status.
- Digital inputs/outputs status (active status shown in red, inactive shown in green)
- Relay date and time.

Clicking on the REAR VIEW tab you access to the second graphic information window. The default information in REAR VIEW displays the rear terminals of the relay properly labelled, which can be useful for wiring the device. Once this tab has been selected, its information will be shown until you click on the FRONT VIEW tab.



## **FIGURE 4.10 MAIN MENU (FRONT VIEW)**

The Status bar, on the lower part of the window shows the operation mode (Relay Connection or Emulation). It also shows the name of the settings file open (if any) and the software version. For those processes that require retrieving big pieces of information from the relay and take long communication time, a percentage bar is shown to let the user follow it up.

On the right hand side of the window there is a set of buttons that allow access to all the information in the relay. Clicking on any of these buttons, a new sub-set of buttons, associated to the button clicked, will be shown. A complete description of all these set and sub-set of buttons is given in following sections in this instruction manual.

In the lower right hand side, there is a different set of buttons. Depending on the set of buttons shown above, some or all buttons in the lower part will be available. Only the ones that can be accessed at a given time are active. The buttons available in the lower right part are:

- File: Allows the use of files, for those functions (i.e. settings management) that may need them.
- Send: To send a group of settings or all the relay settings to the device.
- Edit: To edit individual settings.
- Print: Allows to print the settings values associated to a menu.
- Close: Closes the active menu and returns to the previous one.

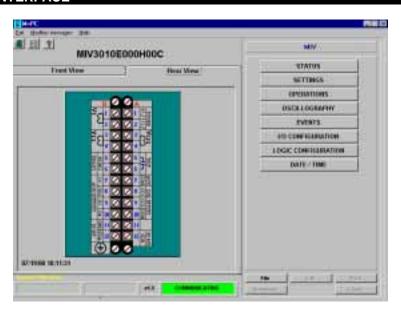


FIGURE 4.11: MAIN MENU (REAR VIEW)

## 4.1.9. RELAY STATUS MENU

Clicking on the Status button you access the Relay Status Menu. In this menu a table showing internal relay information, as functions status and measurements is shown. There is a vertical scrolling bar to move this table up and down, to reach the information needed:

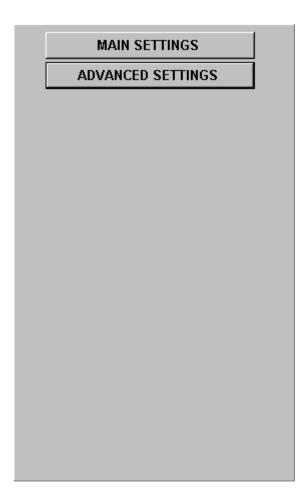
- Relay model number and firmware version.
- Relay Date and Time.
- Measured values
- Protection functions status (Pickup / Trip for each function).
- Active Settings table number.
- Contact Inputs and Outputs status, and Target LEDs status.
- Information from the self-testing functions of the device.

Model	MIV3010E000H00C	_
Version	1.00	
Date/Time	07/19/00 17:32:51	
Identification	MI∨	
Va	0 V	
Vb	0 V	
Vc	0 V	
Vn	0 V	
Vab	0 V	
Vbc	0 V	
Vca	0 V	
V2	0 V	
Frequency	0 Hz	
OSC. NUMBER	2	
All events	45	
ACTIVE TABLE	1	
Frequency	50 Hz	
27_1A Pickup		
27_1B Pickup		
27_1C Pickup		
27_2A Pickup		
27_2B Pickup		
27_2C Pickup		
59_1 A Pickup		
59_1B Pickup		
59_1C Pickup		
59N1 Pickup		~

**FIGURE 4.12: STATUS SCREEN** 

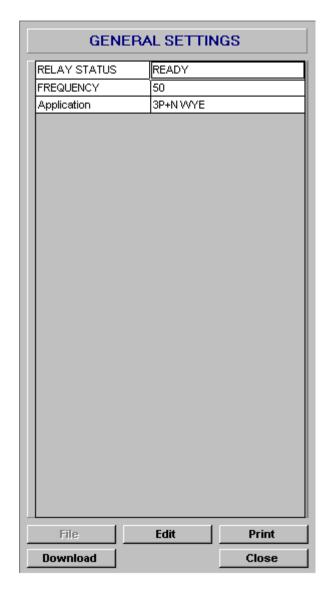
Clicking on the **Settings** button, you access the **Settings Menu**. At a first step, you access the same sub-menu for all M family relays, that shows all relay settings divided in two groups: **Main Settings** and **Advanced Setting**. The first group comprises the basic settings (main protection functions) needed to use the relay, whilst the second group includes more advanced settings (double settings table, customized curves, etc.), only needed if more complex protection schemes are required.

The objective of this division is to make as easy as possible the use of the relay for those users that just require the basic functionality of the M family relay.



**FIGURE 4.13: SETTINGS MENU** 

Clicking on any of these buttons, Main Settings or Advanced Settings, you access the corresponding sub-menu:



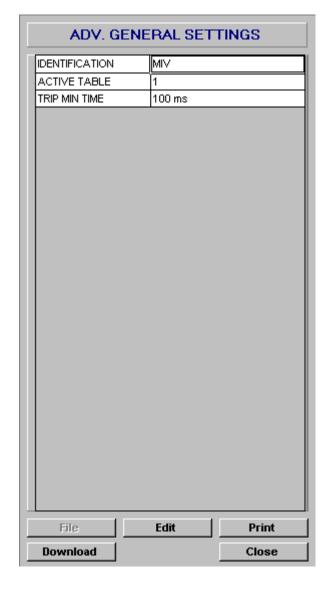


FIGURE 4.14: GENERAL SETTINGS.

FIGURE 4.15: ADVANCED SETTINGS.

Once in the corresponding sub-menu, either Main Settings or Advanced Settings, the procedure to enter and modify any setting value is the same:

- Select the settings group (in the example, the 59P Function in a MIV Voltage/Frequency Protection relay has been selected)
- Edit the setting double-clicking on it.
- Modify the value of the setting (see figure 4.16 to 4.18).
- Confirm/Accept the modified value.
- Send the settings to the relay (or save them on a file, if working in Emulation mode, to send the settings later on).

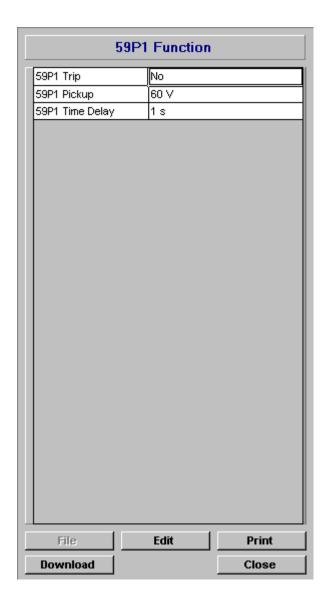
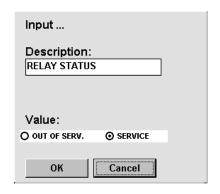
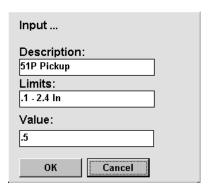


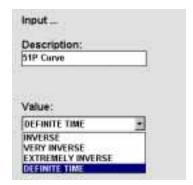
FIGURE 4.16: 59P UNIT SETTINGS

Mainly, there are four different setting formats:

- **Boolean/Logic Settings (only two choices)**. For this type of setting, the two possible options are shown for the user to select which one is the appropriate, clicking with the mouse on the option desired.
- **Numerical Settings**. For this type of setting, a number must be entered. The program shows the minimum and maximum value for each setting, and any value out of the corresponding range will not be accepted by the program.
- **Settings with a set of options**. For this type of setting, a pop-up window is shown, containing all possible values. Select the appropriate one clicking on it.
- Text Setting: A text box is shown.







**FIGURE 4.17: LOGIC SETTING** 

FIGURE 4.18: NUMERICAL SETTING FIGURE 4.19: SETTING WITH OPTIONS

4.1.11. ADVANCED SETTINGS MENU

The different possibilities of the Advanced Settings Menu are similar to those of the Main Settings, with the exception of the fact that the Advanced Settings Menu includes Events Mask and Oscillography Mask. These settings can only be set from the PC.

## 4.1.11.1. Oscillography Mask

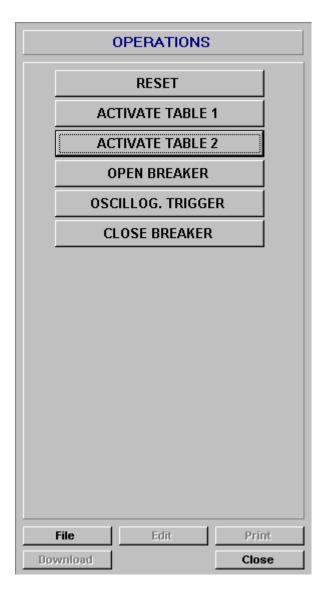
Oscillography masks are as follows:

Oscillography Mask	Option
Communications trigger	(YES/NO)
Osc. Trigger by digital input	(YES/NO)
Osc. Trigger by trip	(YES/NO)
Osc. Trigger by pickup	(YES/NO)

# 4.1.11.2. Events Mask

The list of events that are subject to be masked is shown in section 2.4.

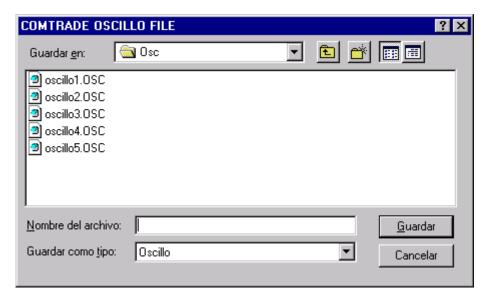
Clicking on the **Operations** button, the Operations Menu is accessed. A sub-menu listing all possible operation commands is shown. Clicking on the desired button, the command is initiated. To perform an operation, depending on the command type, two steps will be followed. First, the command is selected; and second, after asking the user for confirmation, it is sent to the relay.



**FIGURE 4.20: OPERATIONS MENU** 

#### 4.1.13. OSCILLOGRAPHY MENU

By clicking on the **OSCILLOGRAPHY** button in the MAIN MENU, the user can start the process to retrieve the Oscillography record stored in the MIV. The program will request the path and filename where the file is to be stored, by means of the following form:



This file can be viewed using GE\_OSC software (the use of this software is described in manual GEK-105596).

#### **4.1.14. EVENTS MENU**

By clicking on the **EVENTS** button in the MAIN MENU, all the stored events will be retrieved (up to 24). Each event record is labelled with date, time (with 1msec. resolution), the cause of the event (pickup, trip of a certain function, etc.), and a list of the status of all inputs, outputs and functions during the event. Additionally, the voltage values for all phases and ground, frequency and negative sequence voltage during the event are also shown.



Now, we can print the event list, or save it to a file.

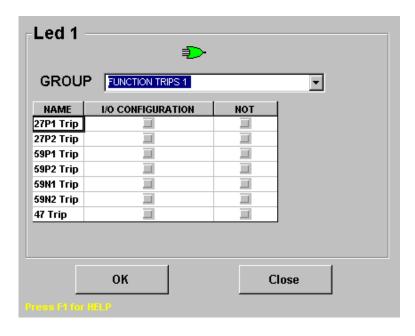
In this menu, the user can configure inputs, outputs and LEDs.

When clicking on the **I/O CONFIGURATION** button in the MAIN MENU, the following form will be displayed. Here, we can start assigning meanings to the different inputs, outputs and LEDs.



Each input, output and LED can be assigned an individual function (status bit) or an OR of a group of functions. Functions can also be assigned to virtual inputs and outputs, in order to allow great flexibility when creating complex logics.

When selecting an OR action, the following screen will be displayed:

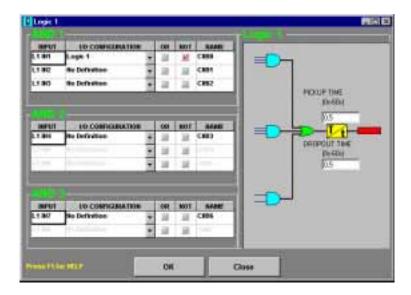


In this screen we can assign those functions that will be part of the OR.

#### 4.1.16. LOGIC CONFIGURATION

The logic to be followed by the relay can be programmed using M+PC. To access the programming of this logic, from the main menu we must choose the **CONFIGURATION** option, and then select the concrete logic to be programmed.

When selecting one of the logics, we will see a new window where we can assign up to 8 inputs to the logic circuit. Each of these inputs can be a single function or status, as well as a logical union of several statuses.



In the previous window, we can assign the statuses that will be part of the logic OR.

Additionally, it is possible to assign a mnemotechnical name to each of these assignments.

On the other hand, it is also possible to define the activation and deactivation times, that is, the time during which the logic result must remain in the same value for considering a change of status.

#### 4.1.17. SEND DATE/TIME

When selecting the SEND DATE/TIME operation, we will see a screen where there are two choices:

Sending the PC date and time to the unit, that is synchronizing the PC and the unit

Selecting a date and a time and sending it to the relay.

Once the new date and time have been sent, we can close this window and check in the status graph, or even in the same relay, how the new date/time has been entered.

### 5. SETTINGS

#### 5.1. GENERAL SETTING STRUCTURE

All the settings of the MIV relay, together with the procedure to change their value, are described in this chapter. First of all, a complete list of settings is shown, including ranges, units, step and factory default value. Then, the settings requiring more detailed comments are individually explained.

The MIV relay provides two settings tables (table 2 is accessible in the ADVANCED SETTINGS group), stored in E2PROM memory (permanent memory). Using a setting or through a communications command (or through a digital input in models with OPTION 1 or 2), it is possible to select which table is active, and then used by the relay protection algorithms.

Settings can be accessed and modified either using the relay faceplate keypad, or using a computer connected to the relay through any of the relay communications ports, and the M+PC program. The use of the keypad to modify settings is described in chapter 8. If the computer is used to handle the settings, the following steps must be considered:

- 1. Make sure your communication wire matches the scheme shown in figure 3.8.
- 2. Connect the communications cable between the relay (or modem) and the computer serial port.
- 3. Run the M+PC program. The procedure to install and use the M+PC program is described in section 1.2.2. SOFTWARE INSTALLATION and in section 4. HUMAN INTERFACE.
- 4. Make sure that the communications parameters in the relay match the M+PC configuration settings. The communications parameters shown in the relay faceplate display, within the configuration menu are:
  - COMMUNICATION BAUDRATE
  - PASSWORD (please refer to section 4.1.6.)
  - RELAY NUMBER

For instructions on how to check and modify M+PC program communications parameters please refer to chapter 4. HUMAN INTERFACE.

Check that the relay number and password in the MIV display match the numbers entered in the dialog window of the M+PC, after clicking on Relay Connection.

## 5.2. MAIN SETTINGS

## 5.2.1. GENERA SETTINGS GROUP

	M+PC	ММІ	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
	GENERAL SETTINGS	GENERAL			
Relay status	RELAY STATUS	STA	DIS	RDY / DIS	NA
Frequency	FREQUENCY	FRQ	50 Hz	50/60 Hz	NA
Application	APPLICATION	APP	3P G WYE	3F – N PHASE- TO-GROUND, 3F PHASE-TO- PHASE, ONE- PHASE, GROUND	NA
Password		PWD	1	1 - 255	
Address		ADD	1	1 - 255	1
Baudrate		BAUD	9600	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200	NA

## 5.2.2. UNIT 27 SETTINGS (MIV1000/3000)

	M+PC	ММІ	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Unit 27P1	Unit 27P1	F27P1			
Trip permission 27P1	Trip 27P1	TRIP 27P1	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P1	Pickup 27P1	TAP 27P1	110.0 V (*)	10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
			60 V (**)	2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 27P1	Time 27P1	TIME 27P1	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P1 by 52	Supervision 27P1 by 52	SUP 27P1	NO	Y/N	NA
Unit 27P2	Unit 27P2	F27P2			
Trip permission 27P2	Trip 27P2	TRIP 27P2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P2	Pickup 27P2	TAP 27P2	110.0 V (*)	10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
			60 V (**)	2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 27P2	Time 27P2	TIME 27P2	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P2 by 52	Supervision 27P2 by 52	SUP 27P2	NO	Y/N	NA

<sup>(\*)</sup> High voltage range models (MIV\*00)

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Low voltage range models (MIV\*01)

# 5.2.3. UNIT 59 SETTINGS (MIV1000/3000)

	M+PC	ММІ	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Unit 59P1	Unit 59P1	F59P1			
Trip permission 59P1	Trip 59P1	TRIP 59P1	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P1	Pickup 59P1	TAP 59P1	110.0 V	10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
			60 V	2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59P1	Time 59P1	TIME 59P1	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59P2	Unit 59P2	F59P2			
Trip permission 59P2	Trip 59P2	TRIP 59P2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P2	Pickup 59P2	TAP 59P2	110.0 V	10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
			60 V	2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59P2	Time 59P2	TIME 59P2	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59N1	Unit 59N1	F59N1			
Trip permission 59N1	Trip 59N1	TRIP 59N1	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 59N1	Pickup 59N1	TAP 59N1	110.0 V	10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
			60 V	2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59N1	Time 59N1	TIME 59N1	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59N2	Unit 59N2	F59N2			
Trip permission 59N2	Trip 59N2	TRIP 59N2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 59N2	Pickup 59N2	TAP 59N2	110.0 V	10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
			60 V	2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59N2	Time 59N2	TIME 59N2	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s

# 5.2.4. UNIT 47 (MIV3000)

	M+PC	MMI	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Unit 47	Unit 47	F47			
Trip permission 47	Trip 47	TRIP 47	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 47	Pickup 47	TAP 47	60 V	2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 47	Time 47	TIME 47	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s

5.2.5.	UNIT 81 (	MIV2000/3000)

	M+PC	MMI	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Unit 81_1	Unit 81_1	F81_1			
Trip permission 81_1	Trip 81_1	TRIP 81_1	NO	Y/N	NA
Type 81_1	Type 81_1	TYPE 81_1	UND	UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_1	Pickup 81_1	TAP 81_1	42 Hz	42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_1	Time 81_1	TIME 81_1	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_1	Supervision 81_1	SUP 81_1	30V	30-250 V	0.1 V
			10V	10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_2	Unit 81_2	F81_2			
Trip permission 81_2	Trip 81_2	TRIP 81_2	NO	Y/N	NA
Type 81_2	Type 81_2	TYPE 81_2	UND	UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_2	Pickup 81_2	TAP 81_2	42 Hz	42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_2	Time 81_2	TIME 81_2	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_2	Supervision 81_2	SUP 81_2	30V	30-250 V	0.1 V
			10V	10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_3	Unit 81_3	F81_3			
Trip permission 81_3	Trip 81_3	TRIP 81_3	NO	Y/N	NA
Type 81_3	Type 81_3	TYPE 81_3	UND	UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_3	Pickup 81_3	TAP 81_3	42 Hz	42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_3	Time 81_3	TIME 81_3	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_3	Supervision 81_3	SUP 81_3	30V	30-250 V	0.1 V
			10V	10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_4	Unit 81_4	F81_4			
Trip permission 81_4	Trip 81_4	TRIP 81_4	NO	Y/N	NA
Type 81_4	Type 81_4	TYPE 81_4	UND	UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_4	Pickup 81_4	TAP 81_4	42 Hz	42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_4	Time 81_4	TIME 81_4	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_4	Supervision 81_4	SUP 81_4	30V	30-250 V	0.1 V
			10V	10-60 V	0.2 V

## 5.3. ADVANCED SETTINGS

# 5.3.1. GENERAL SETTINGS

	M+PC	MMI	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
	ADVANCED GENERAL SETTINGS	GENERAL ADVANCED			
Identification Active table Minimum trip time	IDENTIFICATION ACTIVE TABLE T. MANT. TRIP	TAB TRIP MIN TIME	MIV 1 100 ms	Text 1-2 50-300 ms	NA NA 1 ms

# **5.3.2. UNIT 27 SETTINGS (TABLE 2)**

	M+PC	MMI	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Unit 27P1 (TABLE 2)	Unit 27P1 (TABLE 2)	F27P1 T2			
Trip permission 27P1	Trip 27P1 T2	TRIP 27P1 T2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P1	Pickup 27P1 T2	TAP 27P1 T2	110.0 V (*) 60 V (**)	10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 27P1	Time 27P1 T2	TIME 27P1 T2	1s ´	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P1 by 52	Supervision 27P1 by 52 T2	SUP 27P1 T2	NO	Y/N	NA
Unit 27P2 (TABLE 2)	Unit 27P2 (TABLE 2)	F27P2 T2			
Trip permission 27P2	Trip 27P2 T2	TRIP 27P2 T2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P2	Pickup 27P2 T2	TAP 27P2 T2	110.0 V 60 V	10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 27P2	Time 27P2 T2	TIME 27P2 T2	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P2 by 52	Supervision 27P2 by 52 T2	SUP 27P2 T2	NO	Y/N	NA

<sup>(\*)</sup> High voltage range models (MIV\*00)

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Low voltage range models (MIV\*01)

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	M+PC	MMI	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
			DEI AGEI	10,4102	012
Unit 59P1 (TABLE 2)	Unit 59P1 (TABLE 2)	F59P1 T2			
Trip permission 59P1	Trip 59P1 T2	TRIP 59P1 T2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P1	Pickup 59P1 T2	TAP 59P1 T2	110.0 V 60 V	10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 59P1 <b>Unit 59P2 (TABLE 2)</b>	Time 59P1 T2 <b>Unit 59P2</b> ( <b>TABLE 2)</b>	TIME 59P1 T2 <b>F59P2 T2</b>	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Trip permission 59P2	Trip 59P2 T2	TRIP 59P2 T2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P2	Pickup 59P2 T2	TAP 59P2 T2	110.0 V 60 V	10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 59P2 <b>Unit 59N1 (TABLE 2)</b>	Time 59P2 T2 <b>Unit 59N1</b> ( <b>TABLE 2)</b>	TIME 59P2 T2 <b>F59N1 T2</b>	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Trip permission 59N1	Trip 59N1 T2	TRIP 59N1 T2	NO	Y/N	NA
Pickup 59N1	Pickup 59N1 T2	TAP 59N1 T2	110.0 V 60 V	10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 59N1 <b>Unit 59N2 (TABLE 2)</b>	Time 59N1 T2 <b>Unit 59N2</b> ( <b>TABLE 2)</b>	TIME 59N1 T2 <b>F59N2 T2</b>	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Trip permission 59N2 Pickup 59N2	Trip 59N2 T2 Pickup 59N2 T2	TRIP 59N2 T2 TAP 59N2 T2	NO 110.0 V 60 V	Y/N 10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	NA 0.1 V
Timer 59N2	Time 59N2 T2	TIME 59N2 T2	1s	0-600.00 s	0.01 s

# 5.3.4. UNIT 47

	M+PC	ММІ	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Unit 47 (TABLE 2)	Unit 47 (TABLE 2)	F47 T2			
Trip permission 47 Pickup 47 Timer 47	Trip 47 T2 Pickup 47 T2 Time 47 T2	TRIP 47 T2 TAP 47 T2 TIME 47 T2	NO 60 V 1s	Y/N 2.0-60.0 V 0-600.00 s	NA 0.1 V 0.01 s

# 5.3.5. UNIT 81

	M+PC	MMI	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Unit 81_1 (TABLE 2)	Unit 81_1 (TABLE 2)	F81_1 T2			
Trip permission 81_1 Type 81_1 Pickup 81_1 Timer 81_1 Supervision voltage 81_1 Unit 81_2 (TABLE 2)	Trip 81_1 T2 Type 81_1 T2 Pickup 81_1 T2 Time 81_1 T2 Supervision 81_1 T2 Unit 81_2 (TABLE 2)	TRIP 81_1 T2 TYPE 81_1 T2 TAP 81_1 T2 TIME 81_1 T2 SUP 81_1 T2	NO UND 42 Hz 1s 30V 10V	Y/N UND/OVE 42.00-67.50 Hz 0-600.00 s 30-250 V 10-60 V	NA NA 0.01 Hz 0.01 s 0.1 V 0.2 V
Trip permission 81_2 Type 81_2	Trip 81_2 T2 Type 81_2 T2	TRIP 81_2 T2 TYPE 81_2 T2	NO UND	Y/N UND/OVE	NA NA

#### 5. SETTINGS

	M+PC	MMI	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Pickup 81_2 Timer 81_2 Supervision voltage 81_2 T2 Unit 81_3 (TABLE 2)	Pickup 81_2 T2 Time 81_2 T2 Supervision 81_2 T2 Unit 81 3	TAP 81_2 T2 TIME 81_2 T2 SUP 81_2 T2 F81 3 T2	42 Hz 1s 30V 10V	42.00-67.50 Hz 0-600.00 s 30-250 V 10-60 V	0.01 Hz 0.01 s 0.1 V 0.2 V
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(TABLE 2)				
Trip permission 81_3 Type 81_3 Pickup 81_3 Timer 81_3 Supervision voltage 81_3 T2 Unit 81_4 (TABLE 2)	Trip 81_3 T2 Type 81_3 T2 Pickup 81_3 T2 Time 81_3 T2 Supervision 81_3 T2 Unit 81_4 (TABLE 2)	TRIP 81_3 T2 TYPE 81_3 T2 TAP 81_3 T2 TIME 81_3 T2 SUP 81_3 T2 F81_4 T2	NO UND 42 Hz 1s 30V 10V	Y/N UND/OVE 42.00-67.50 Hz 0-600.00 s 30-250 V 10-60 V	NA NA 0.01 Hz 0.01 s 0.1 V 0.2 V
Trip permission 81_4 Type 81_4 Pickup 81_4 Timer 81_4 Supervision voltage 81_4 T2	Trip 81_4 T2 Type 81_4 T2 Pickup 81_4 T2 Time 81_4 T2 Supervision 81_4 T2	TRIP 81_4 T2 TYPE 81_4 T2 TAP 81_4 T2 TIME 81_4 T2 SUP 81_4 T2	NO UND 42 Hz 1s 30V 10V	Y/N UND/OVE 42.00-67.50 Hz 0-600.00 s 30-250 V 10-60 V	NA NA 0.01 Hz 0.01 s 0.1 V 0.2 V

## 5.3.6. EVENTS AND OSCILLOGRAPHY MASKS

Event masks have two possible settings, YES and NO. If an action (for example the trip of a protection unit) is set as YES, when this unit trips an event will be generated. If it is set as NO, the relay will show no event.

	M+PC	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
<b>Event Masks</b>	<b>Event Masks</b>			
Pickup/reset 27P1	Pickup 27P1	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 27P2	Pickup 27P2	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59P1	Pickup 59P1	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59P2	Pickup 59P2	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59N1	Pickup 59N1	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59N2	Pickup 59N2	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 47	Pickup 47	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_1	Pickup 81_1	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_2	Pickup 81_2	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_3	Pickup 81_3	YES	Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_4	Pickup 81_4	YES	Y/N	NA
27P1 trip inhibit. Activation /	27P1 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input				
27P2 trip inhibit. Activation	/ 27P2 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input				
59P1 trip inhibit. Activation	/ 59P1 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input				
59P2 trip inhibit. Activation	/ 59P2 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input				
59N1 trip inhibit. Activation	/ 59N1 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input				
59N2 trip inhibit. Activation	/ 59N2 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input				
47 trip inhibit. Activation	/ 47 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input				
81_1 trip inhibit. Activation	/ 81_1 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input	,			
• • •				

	M+PC	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
81_2 trip inhibit. Activation /	81_2 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input 81_3 trip inhibit. Activation /	81_3 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input 81_4 trip inhibit. Activation /	81_4 inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
deactivation by digital input General trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	Trip inhibit (by D.I.)	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 27P1	Trip 27P1	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 27P2	Trip 27P2	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 59P1	Trip 59P1	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 59P2	Trip 59P2	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 59N1	Trip 59N1	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 59N2	Trip 59N2	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 47	Trip 47	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 81_1	Trip 81_1	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 81_2	Trip 81_2	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 81_3	Trip 81_3	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip 81_4	Trip 81_4	YES	Y/N	NA
General trip	General Trip	YES	Y/N	NA
Protection activation /deactivation	Protection Status	YES	Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 1 activation / deactivation	Output 1	YES	Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 2 activation / deactivation	Output 2	YES	Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 3 activation / deactivation	Output 3	YES	Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 4 activation / deactivation	Output 4	YES	Y/N	NA
Digital input 1 activation / deactivation	Digital input 1	YES	Y/N	NA
Digital input 2 activation / deactivation	Digital input 2	YES	Y/N	NA
Settings change through input inhibition activation/deactivation	Settings change inhib.	YES	Y/N	NA
Trip command activation through digital input		YES	Y/N	NA
Trip command activation through command		YES	Y/N	NA
Auxiliary contacts latching reset	Aux. contact latch	YES	Y/N	NA
52 B open/closed	Breaker 52 B	YES	Y/N	NA
52 A open/closed	Breaker 52 A	YES	Y/N	NA
52 open/closed	Breaker status	YES	Y/N	NA
TABLE 2 selection through digital input	TABLE CHANGE	YES	Y/N	NA
Oscillography trigger by digital input	Osc. Trigger through D.I.	YES	Y/N	NA
Oscillography trigger by command		YES	Y/N	NA
Settings change executed	Settings Change	YES	Y/N	NA
E2prom failure	E2prom failure	YES	Y/N	NA
User settings / Default settings	User settings	YES	Y/N	NA
Oscillography Masks	Oscillography masks			
0 11 1		NG	\/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
Oscillo by communications Oscillo by digital input	Oscillo by comm. Oscillo by digital	NO NO	Y/N Y/N	NA NA

## 5. SETTINGS

	M+PC	DEFAULT	RANGE	STEP
Oscillo by trip Oscillo by pickup	input Oscillo by trip Oscillo by pickup	NO NO	Y/N Y/N	NA NA

### **COMMENTS ON THE SETTINGS:**

The ACTIVE TABLE setting, in the Advanced General Settings, selects which of the two settings tables is active at a given time. Its default value is 1 (TABLE 1).

# **5 SETTINGS**

## 5.4. TIME SYNCHRONIZATION

MIV relay includes an internal clock to time tag events. This clock can be synchronized with the computer clock using the M+PC software program. It can also be set to a given Date and Time using the faceplate keypad.

#### 6.1. INPUT CONFIGURATION

6.1.1. INPUT DESCRIPTION

The MIV incorporates 2 digital inputs, which can be configured using the M+PC software. The default input configurations are as follows:

#### MIV1000

Input 1: Phase voltage units trip inhibition.

Input 2: Ground voltage units trip inhibition

#### **MIV2000**

Input 1: Frequency units trip inhibition

Input 2: Trip contact close

#### MIV3000

Input 1: Voltage units trip inhibition.

Input 2: Frequency units trip inhibition

All functions not defined as PULSE are LEVEL inputs.

The minimum operation time for a valid PULSE input is over 0.015 seconds.

Inputs functions are divided in groups with eight functions per group, besides the *No definition* function. Up to eight functions can be configured for the same input, provided that they are all in the same group. Functions belonging to different groups need to be assigned to different inputs.

In order to configure an input with more than one function from the same group, first we must activate the **OR** button, click on the **I/O CONFIGURATION** option and select the desired group, then select the desired functions. For negating a function, select the **NOT** button. Finally, click the **OK** button.

For example, we can inhibit the trip of all 59 units using only one input.

Input ————————————————————————————————————	Disab. 59P1 Disab. 59P2 Disab. 59N1 Disab. 59N2
If we want to reset LEDs using a digital input, we	e must assign the LED reset function to one digital input
Input	LED reset

### 6.1.2. INPUT FUNCTIONS

The following table shows the list of functions that can be assigned to each input. The table is divided into groups. The first group is common to all models.

No definition	Input not assigned
Status 52 a	Active with breaker closed
Status 52 b	Active with breaker open
Close trip contact	This functions allows to close the trip contact
(PULSE)	
Table change (TABLE 2 activation)	Activating this function means that TABLE 2 will be the active table. When this function is deactivated, the active table is the table selected for the ACTIVE TABLE setting.
Settings change inhibit	When this function is active, settings and tables cannot be modified. It is only possible to activate TABLE 2 using the Table Change digital input
Reset (PULSE)	This function allows resetting the LEDs and the output LATCHes.
Oscillography trigger (PULSE)	Oscillography activation
Generic input	Generic function used in the logic configuration

## MIV1000 model

Voltage inhib. (by DI)	Voltage units trip inhibition function
Inhib. 27P1 (by DI)	27P1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 27P2 (by DI)	27P2 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59P1 (by DI)	59P1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59P2 (by DI)	59P2 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59N1 (by DI)	59N1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59N2 (by DI)	59N2 unit trip inhibition function

Inhib Trin /hv DI	All thin in hill it in m
Inhib. Trip (by DI)	I All trip inhibition.

Phase voltage units inhib. (by DI)	Phase voltage units trip inhibition function
Ground voltage units inhib. (by DI)	Ground voltage units trip inhibition function

### MIV2000 model

Inhib. Frequency (by DI)	Frequency units trip inhibition function
Inhib. 81_1 (by DI)	81_1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 81_2 (by DI)	81_2 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 81_3 (by DI)	81_3 unit trip inhibition function

Inhib. 81_4 (by DI)	81_4 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. Trip (by DI)	All trip inhibition

## MIV3000 model

Inhib. Voltage (by DI)	Voltage units trip inhibition function
Inhib. 27P1 (by DI)	27P1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 27P2 (by DI)	27P2 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59P1 (by DI)	59P1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59P2 (by DI)	59P2 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59N1 (by DI)	59N1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 59N2 (by DI)	59N2 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 47 (by DI)	47 unit trip inhibition function

Inhib. Frequency (by DI)	Frequency units trip inhibition function
Inhib. 81_1 (by DI)	81_1 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. 81_2 (by DI)	81_2 unit trip inhibition function
Inhib. Trip (by DI)	All trip inhibition

Phase voltage inhib. (by DI)	units	Phase voltage units trip inhibition function
Ground voltage inhib. (by DI)	units	Ground voltage units trip inhibition function

### 6.2. OUTPUT AND LED CONFIGURATION

### 6.2.1. OUTPUT AND LED DESCRIPTION

The MIV incorporates 4 configurable outputs y 4 LED indicators, which can only be configured by M+PC software.

The default configuration for outputs is as follows:

#### **MIV1000**

OUTPUT	CONFIGURATION	MEMORY
1	Trip 27	No
2	Trip 59P	No
3	Trip 59N1	No
4	Trip 59N2	No

#### MIV 2000

OUTPUT	CONFIGURATION	MEMORY
1	Trip 81_1	No
2	Trip 81_2	No
3	Trip 81_3	No
4	Trip 81_4	No

## MIV 3000

OUTPUT	CONFIGURATION	MEMORY
1	Phase voltage trip No	
2	Ground voltage trip	No
3	Trip 47 No	
4	Trip frequency	No

The default LED configuration is as follows:

#### **MIV 1000**

LED	CONFIGURATION	MEMORY
1	Trip 27	Yes
2	Trip 59	Yes
3	Trip 59N	Yes
4	Pickup	No

### MIV 2000

LED	CONFIGURATION	MEMORY
1	Trip 81_1	Yes
2	Trip 81_2	Yes
3	Trip 81_3	Yes
4	Trip 81_4	Yes

#### **MIV 3000**

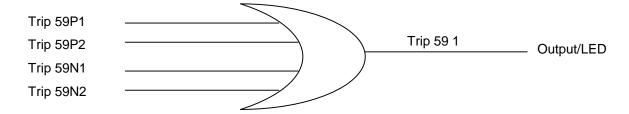
LED	CONFIGURATION	MEMORY
1	Phase voltage trip Yes	
2	Ground voltage trip Yes	
3	Trip frequency Yes	
4	Pickup No	

Functions that can be assigned to Outputs/LEDs are divided in eight groups, besides the *No definition* function. Functions belonging to the same group can be assigned to the same output/LED. Functions of different groups need to be assigned to different outputs/LEDs.

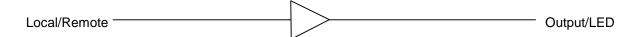
In order to assign several functions to an output/LED, first we must activate the **OR** button, click on the **I/O CONFIGURATION** frame and select the desired group, then select the desired functions. In order to negate a function, select the **NOT** button. Finally, click on the **OK** button.

Now you can invert all the logic by selecting the general **NOT** button. Outputs can be memorized, and LEDs can be set to be fixed or blinking.

If we want to assign a phase or ground 59 trip to an output or LED:



If we want an output or LED to be active when function is Remote, we must program the output or LED with the Local/Remote function inverted with NOT.



We must keep in mind that functions from different groups can not be included in an OR logic.

### 6.2.2. OUTPUT AND LED FUNCTIONS

The list of functions that can be assigned to the different outputs and LEDs is divided in the following groups. The first list is common to all MIV models:

No definition Output or LED not configured	
Logic 1	Output signal from the logic block 1
Logic 2	Output signal from the logic block 2
Logic 3	Output signal from the logic block 3
Logic 4	Output signal from the logic block 4
Immust 4	Digital lagget 4

E2prom failure	Activated when a failure is detected in the E2prom
	management
User settings	This function is inactive when the unit is using the
	DEFAULT settings. When settings are modified by the
	user, this function is activated.
Ready	Active when the relay is in service and at least one
. iouu,	protection unit has trip enabled.
	·
Close Breaker	It activates and creates a pulse when the CLOSE
	BREAKER operation is performed.
Active Table	T1 or T2
Local/Remote	This is LOCAL when the HMI is on the MAIN
	SETTINGS, ADVANCED SETTINGS or OPERATIONS
	menu.
MIV1000	
Trin phaga a	Any phase a unit has tripped
Trip phase a Trip phase b	Any phase a unit has tripped  Any phase b unit has tripped
Trip phase c	Any phase c unit has tripped  Any phase c unit has tripped
Trip phase	One of the 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2 units has tripped
Trip ground	One of the 59N1 and/or 59N2 units has tripped
Trip 59P	59P1 and/or 59P2 unit trip
Trip 59N	59N1 and/or 59N2 unit trip
Trip 27	27P1 and/or 27P2 unit trip
Trip 27_1 a	27P1 phase a unit trip
Trip 27_1 b	27P1 phase b unit trip
Trip 27_1 c	27P1 phase c unit trip
Trip 27_2 a	27P2 phase a unit trip
Trip 27_2 b	27P2 phase b unit trip
Trip 27_2 c	27P2 phase c unit trip
T:: 50.4:	L FORM of the control
Trip 59_1 a	59P1 phase a unit trip
Trip 59_1 b Trip 59_1 c	59P1 phase b unit trip 59P1 phase c unit trip
Trip 59_1 c	59P2 phase a unit trip
Trip 59_2 b	59P2 phase b unit trip
Trip 59_2 c	59P2 phase c unit trip
[	
Trip 27P1	27P1 unit trip
Trip 27P2 Trip 59P1	27P2 unit trip
Trip 59P1	59P1 unit trip 59P2 unit trip
Trip 59P2 Trip 59N1	59N1 unit trip
Trip 59N2	59N2 unit trip
General trip	Trip of any unit
Pickup 27_1 a	27P1 phase a unit pickup
Pickup 27_1 b	27P1 phase a unit pickup 27P1 phase b unit pickup
Pickup 27_1 c	27P1 phase c unit pickup
1 10 Nup 21 _ 1 0	1 277 1 pridoc o driit plottap

Pickup 27_2 a	27P2 phase a unit pickup			
Pickup 27_2 b	27P2 phase b unit pickup			
Pickup 27_2 c	27P2 phase c unit pickup			
271 2 phase c unit pickup				
Pickup 59_1 a	59P1 phase a unit pickup			
Pickup 59_1 b	59P1 phase b unit pickup			
Pickup 59_1 c	59P1 phase c unit pickup			
Pickup 59_2 a	59P2 phase a unit pickup			
Pickup 59_2 b	59P2 phase b unit pickup			
Pickup 59_2 c	59P2 phase c unit pickup			
1 10Kup 00_2 0	COL 2 pridos o drine protesp			
Pickup 27P1	27P1 unit pickup			
Pickup 27P2	27P2 unit pickup			
Pickup 59P1	59P1 unit pickup			
Pickup 59P2	59P2 unit pickup			
Pickup 59N1	59N1 unit pickup			
Pickup 59N2	59N2 unit pickup			
1 10Kup 00142	00142 drift plokup			
General pickup	Pickup of any unit			
Control of Process	I long of any and			
Virtual trip 27_1 a	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase a			
Virtual trip 27_1 b	Virtual trip of unit 2711 phase b			
Virtual trip 27 1 c	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase c			
Virtual trip 27_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase a			
Virtual trip 27_2 b	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase b			
Virtual trip 27_2 c	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase c			
Viituai tiip 21_2 C	Virtual trip of utilit 27 P2 priase C			
Virtual trip 59_1 a	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase a			
Virtual trip 59_1 b	Virtual trip of unit 5911 phase b			
Virtual trip 59_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase c			
Virtual trip 59_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase c			
Virtual trip 59_2 b	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase b			
Virtual trip 59_2 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase c			
Virtual trip 59_2 C	Viltual trip of unit 39F2 phase c			
Virtual trip 27P1	Virtual trip of unit 27P1			
Virtual trip 27P1	Virtual trip of unit 27P1			
Virtual trip 59P1	Virtual trip of unit 59P1			
Virtual trip 59P2	Virtual trip of unit 59P1			
Virtual trip 59F2	Virtual trip of unit 59F2			
Virtual trip 59N2	Virtual trip of unit 59N2			
Virtual trip 59N2	Virtual trip of unit 59112			
General Virtual Trip	Virtual trip of any unit			
General virtual Trip	Virtual trip of any unit			
MIV 2000				
2000				
Trip 81_1	81_1 unit trip			
Trip 81_2	81_2 unit trip			
Trip 81_3	81_3 unit trip			
Trip 81_4	81_4 unit trip			
General trip	Trip of any unit			
Control trip	Trip or any anic			
Pickup 81_1	Pickup of unit 81_1			
Pickup 81_2	Pickup of unit 81_2			
Pickup 81_3	Pickup of unit 81_3			
Pickup 81_4	Pickup of unit 81_4			
General pickup	Pickup of any unit			
Contral plottup	i long of any unit			

Virtual trip 81_1	Virtual trip of unit 81_1
Virtual trip 81_2	Virtual trip of unit 81_2
Virtual trip 81_3	Virtual trip of unit 81_3
Virtual trip 81_4	Virtual trip of unit 81_4
Virtual trip general	Virtual trip of any unit

MIV 3000			
Trip phase a	Trip of any phase a unit		
Trip phase b	Trip of any phase b unit		
Trip phase c	Trip of any phase c unit		
Phase Trip	Trip of any of 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2 or 47 units		
Ground Trip	Trip of unit 59N1 and/or 59N2		
Frequency Trip	Trip of unit 81_1 and/or 81_2		
Trip 81_1	Trip of unit 81_1		
Trip 81_2	Trip of unit 81_2		
General trip	Trip of any unit		
[ <del>-</del>	I=		
Trip 59P	Trip of unit 59P1 and/or 59P2		
Trip 59N	Trip of unit 59N1 and/or 59N2		
Trip 27	Trip of unit 27P1 and/or 27P2		
T.::. 07.4 -	Trin of weit 07D4 above a		
Trip 27_1 a	Trip of unit 27P1 phase a		
Trip 27_1 b	Trip of unit 27P1 phase b		
Trip 27_1 c	Trip of unit 27P1 phase c		
Trip 27_2 a	Trip of unit 27P2 phase a		
Trip 27_2 b	Trip of unit 27P2 phase b		
Trip 27_2 c	Trip of unit 27P2 phase c		
Trip 50, 1 o	Trip of unit 50D1 phage a		
Trip 59_1 a Trip 59_1 b	Trip of unit 59P1 phase a Trip of unit 59P1 phase b		
Trip 59_1 c	Trip of unit 59P1 phase c		
Trip 59_1 a	Trip of unit 59F1 phase c		
Trip 59_2 b	Trip of unit 59F2 phase b		
Trip 59 2 c	Trip of unit 59P2 phase c		
111p 00_2 0	Trip of unit oor 2 phase c		
Trip 27P1	Trip of unit 27P1		
Trip 27P2	Trip of unit 27P2		
Trip 59P1	Trip of unit 59P1		
Trip 59P2	Trip of unit 59P2		
Trip 59N1	Trip of unit 59N1		
Trip 59N2	Trip of unit 59N2		
Trip 47	Trip of unit 47		
Pickup 27_1 a	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase a		
Pickup 27_1 b	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase b		
Pickup 27_1 c	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase c		
Pickup 27_2 a	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase a		
Pickup 27_2 b	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase b		
Pickup 27_2 c	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase c		
Dist 50.4	D		
Pickup 59_1 a	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase a		
Pickup 59_1 b	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase b		
Pickup 59_1 c	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase c		

Distance CO O c	Dialog of weit 5000 along a
Pickup 59_2 a	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase a
Pickup 59_2 b	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase b
Pickup 59_2 c	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase c
Dial 07D4	Distance of conit OZD4
Pickup 27P1	Pickup of unit 27P1
Pickup 27P2	Pickup of unit 27P2
Pickup 59P1	Pickup of unit 59P1
Pickup 59P2	Pickup of unit 59P2
Pickup 59N1	Pickup of unit 59N1
Pickup 59N2	Pickup of unit 59N2
Pickup 47	Pickup of unit 47
[B: 1 04 4	IB: 1
Pickup 81_1	Pickup of unit 81_1
Pickup 81_2	Pickup of unit 81_2
General pickup	Pickup of any unit
Virtual trip 27_1 a	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase a
Virtual trip 27_1 a Virtual trip 27_1 b	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase a  Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase b
Virtual trip 27_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase c
Virtual trip 27_2 a	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase a
Virtual trip 27_2 b	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase b
Virtual trip 27_2 c	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase c
Virtual trip 59_1 a	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase a
Virtual trip 59_1 b	Virtual trip of unit 5911 phase b
Virtual trip 59_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 5911 phase c
Virtual trip 59_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase c
Virtual trip 59_2 a Virtual trip 59_2 b	Virtual trip of unit 59F2 phase a  Virtual trip of unit 59F2 phase b
Virtual trip 59_2 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase c
Virtual trip 59_2 C	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase c
Virtual trip 27P1	Virtual trip of unit 27P1
Virtual trip 27P2	Virtual trip of unit 27P2
Virtual trip 59P1	Virtual trip of unit 59P1
Virtual trip 59P2	Virtual trip of unit 59P2
Virtual trip 59N1	Virtual trip of unit 59N1
Virtual trip 59N2	Virtual trip of unit 59N2
Virtual trip 47	Virtual trip of unit 39142
virtual trip +1	Viitual trip of utilit +1
Virtual trip 81_1	Virtual trip of unit 81_1
Virtual trip 81 2	Virtual trip of unit 81 2
General Virtual trip	Virtual trip of any unit
	I through the property with

When trip conditions exist for a protection unit, the relay operates a virtual trip of this unit. If it is not disabled by setting or Digital Input, the trip occurs.

### 7. LOGIC CONFIGURATION

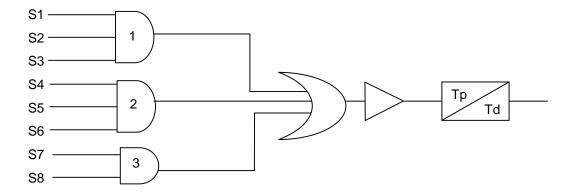
7.1.1. LOGIC DESCRIPTION

Using the M+PC software, we can configure 4 different logics.

The default logic configuration is the following:

LOGIC	CONFIGURATION	PICKUP TIMER	DROPOUT TIMER
1	S1 = Not defined	0	0
2	S1 = Not defined	0	0
3	S1 = Not defined	0	0
4	S1 = Not defined	0	0

Logic functions are divided in several groups, besides *Not defined* function. We can configure up to eight signals in the same Logic box with the following structure:



Each signal (S1...S8) has the same structure as the outputs/LEDs.

To configure a logic box, we can proceed in the same way as for the outputs/LEDs configuration per signal. If we want to assign more than one function to each signal, they must be all in the same group. We must click on the OR button, then on the I/O CONFIGURATION, and then select the desired group, etc.

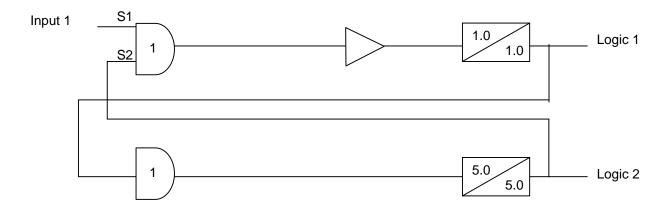
There are two timers, pickup and dropout timers, that can be assigned to each logic box.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE**

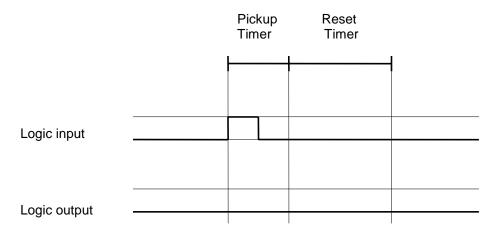
Signals must be used in order, starting with S1. If we wish to use more than one signal in the same AND, use S2 first and then S3. If we wish to use another AND use AND 2 first, and then AND 3.

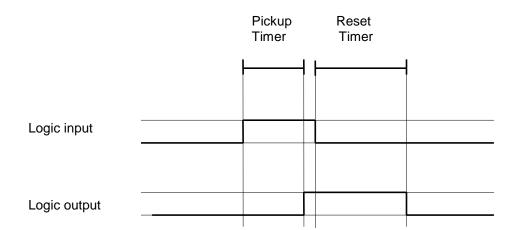
# 7. LOGIC CONFIGURATION

For example, we can configure the following logic, where Input 1 is the RESET signal:



Time diagram for the logic configuration:





	Pickup Timer		eset imer		eset imer	
		Pio tii	ckup mer	 		
Logic input						
Logic output						

### 7.1.2. LOGICAL FUNCTIONS

The list of functions that can be assigned in the configurable logic is divided in the following groups. The first groups are common to all MIV models:

Not assigned	Output or LED not configured
Logic 1	Output signal of logic 1
Logic 2	Output signal of logic 2
Logic 3	Output signal of logic 3
Logic 4	Output signal of logic 4
	o aspar orginar or rogic i
Output 1	Digital Output 1
Output 2	Digital Output 2
Output 3	Digital Output 3
Output 4	Digital Output 4
Input 1	Digital Input 1
Input 2	Digital Input 2
Status 52 a	Active with breaker closed
Status 52 b	Active with breaker open
Table change (TABLE 2 activation)	The activation of this function means that the active
	table is T2. If it is inactive, the active table will be
	defined by the ACTIVE TABLE setting
Settings change inhibition	When this function is active, settings and tables cannot
	be modified. Only the active table can be changed to T2
	using the Table Change digital input.
Generic input	Generic use function used for logic configuration
<b>F</b>	T
E2prom failure	Activated when a failure is detected in the E2prom
	management
User settings	This function is inactive when the unit is using the
	DEFAULT settings. When settings are modified by the
	user, this function is activated.
Dead	Anti-re-value at the materials in coming and at least and
Ready	Active when the relay is in service and at least one
	protection unit has trip enabled.
Active Table	T1 or T2
Local/Remote	This is LOCAL when the HMI is on the MAIN
Local/Remote	SETTINGS, ADVANCED SETTINGS or OPERATIONS
	menu.
	mena.
MIV1000	
Trip phase a	Any phase a unit has tripped
Trip phase b	Any phase b unit has tripped
Trip phase c	Any phase c unit has tripped
Trip phase	One of the 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2 units has tripped
Trip ground	One of the 59N1 and/or 59N2 units has tripped
	, she shall some and some and appear
Trip 59P	59P1 and/or 59P2 unit trip
Trip 59N	59N1 and/or 59N2 unit trip
Trip 27	27P1 and/or 27P2 unit trip
· · · · · · · ·	

Phase voltage units inhibit (by DI)	Inhibition of 27P1, 27P2, 59P1 and 59P2 units trip
Ground voltage units inhibit (by DI)	Inhibition of 59N1 and 59N2 units trip
Croding voltage drints filmoit (by Di)	minibilion of 33141 and 33142 drills trip
Trip 27_1 a	Trip of unit 27P1 phase a
Trip 27_1 b	Trip of unit 27P1 phase b
Trip 27_1 c	Trip of unit 27P1 phase c
Trip 27_2 a	Trip of unit 27P2 phase a
Trip 27_2 b	Trip of unit 27P2 phase b
Trip 27_2 c	Trip of unit 27P2 phase c
1115 21 <u>-</u> 2 0	The oranic 271 2 phase o
Trip 59_1 a	Trip of unit 59P1 phase a
Trip 59_1 b	Trip of unit 59P1 phase b
Trip 59_1 c	Trip of unit 59P1 phase c
Trip 59_2 a	Trip of unit 59P2 phase a
Trip 59_2 b	Trip of unit 59P2 phase b
Trip 59_2 c	Trip of unit 59P2 phase c
p 00_2 0	The orallicon 2 phase o
Trip 27P1	Trip of unit 27P1
Trip 27P2	Trip of unit 27P2
Trip 59P1	Trip of unit 59P1
Trip 59P2	Trip of unit 59P2
Trip 59N1	Trip of unit 59N1
Trip 59N2	Trip of unit 59N2
1115 00142	The or and core
General Trip	Trip of any unit
Contra Tip	Trip or any unit
Pickup 27_1 a	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase a
Pickup 27_1 b	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase b
Pickup 27_1 c	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase c
Pickup 27_2 a	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase a
Pickup 27_2 b	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase b
Pickup 27_2 c	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase c
Pickup 59_1 a	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase a
Pickup 59_1 b	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase b
Pickup 59_1 c	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase c
Pickup 59_2 a	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase a
Pickup 59_2 b	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase b
Pickup 59_2 c	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase c
1 - 1 - 1	1 - 1
Pickup 27P1	Pickup of unit 27P1
Pickup 27P2	Pickup of unit 27P2
Pickup 59P1	Pickup of unit 59P1
Pickup 59P2	Pickup of unit 59P2
Pickup 59N1	Pickup of unit 59N1
Pickup 59N2	Pickup of unit 59N2
1	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
General pickup	Pickup of any unit
	1
Virtual trip 27_1 a	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase a
Virtual trip 27_1 b	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase b
Virtual trip 27_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 27P1 phase c
Virtual trip 27_2 a	Virtual trip of unit 271 1 phase o
Virtual trip 27_2 b	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase b
711.001 tilp 21 _2 0	T virtual trip of artic 271 2 priado b

# 7. LOGIC CONFIGURATION

Virtual trip 27_2 c	Virtual trip of unit 27P2 phase c
No. 11: 50 4	1) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (
Virtual trip 59_1 a	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase a
Virtual trip 59_1 b	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase b
Virtual trip 59_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase c
Virtual trip 59_2 a	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase a
Virtual trip 59_2 b	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase b
Virtual trip 59_2 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase c
Virtual trip 27P1	Virtual trip of unit 27P1
Virtual trip 27P2	Virtual trip of unit 27P2
Virtual trip 59P1	Virtual trip of unit 59P1
Virtual trip 59P2	Virtual trip of unit 59P2
Virtual trip 59N1	Virtual trip of unit 59N1
Virtual trip 59N2	Virtual trip of unit 59N2
Virtual trip corre	VIII. COLLEGE
General virtual trip	Virtual trip of any unit
Labile OZDA (b. DI)	Heir OZDA min in hillion
Inhib 27P1 (by DI)	Unit 27P1 trip inhibition
Inhib 27P2 (by DI)	Unit 27P2 trip inhibition
Inhib 59P1 (by DI)	Unit 59P1 trip inhibition
Inhib 59P2 (by DI)	Unit 59P2 trip inhibition
Inhib 59N1 (by DI)	Unit 59N1 trip inhibition
Inhib 59N2 (by DI)	Unit 59N2 trip inhibition
Trip inhib. (by DI)	Trip inhibition
Conoral trip	Conoral trip
General trip	General trip
General trip MIV 2000	General trip
MIV 2000	
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1	Trip of unit 81_1
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_3 Virtual trip of unit 81_3
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_3
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_3 Virtual trip of unit 81_3
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Ceneral virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_4 General virtual trip	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_3 Virtual trip of unit 81_3 Virtual trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of any unit
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Inhib 81_1 (by DI)	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_3 Urtual trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of any unit
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_4 General virtual trip  Inhib 81_1 (by DI) Inhib 81_2 (by DI)	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_3 Virtual trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of inhibition Unit 81_1 trip inhibition Unit 81_2 trip inhibition
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_4 General virtual trip  Inhib 81_1 (by DI) Inhib 81_2 (by DI) Inhib 81_3 (by DI)	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Unit al trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of any unit  Unit 81_1 trip inhibition Unit 81_2 trip inhibition Unit 81_3 trip inhibition Unit 81_3 trip inhibition
MIV 2000  Trip 81_1 Trip 81_2 Trip 81_3 Trip 81_4 General trip  Pickup 81_1 Pickup 81_2 Pickup 81_3 Pickup 81_4 General pickup  Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_1 Virtual trip 81_2 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_3 Virtual trip 81_4 General virtual trip  Inhib 81_1 (by DI) Inhib 81_2 (by DI)	Trip of unit 81_1 Trip of unit 81_2 Trip of unit 81_3 Trip of unit 81_4 Trip of any unit  Pickup of unit 81_1 Pickup of unit 81_2 Pickup of unit 81_3 Pickup of unit 81_4 Pickup of any unit  Virtual trip of unit 81_1 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_2 Virtual trip of unit 81_3 Virtual trip of unit 81_4 Virtual trip of inhibition Unit 81_1 trip inhibition Unit 81_2 trip inhibition

## **MIV 3000**

Trip phase a	Trip of any phase a unit		
Trip phase b	Trip of any phase b unit		
Trip phase c	Trip of any phase c unit		
Phase trip	Trip of 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2 or 47 unit		
Ground trip	Trip of 59N1 and/or 59N2 unit		
Frequency trip	Trip of unit 81_1 and/or 81_2		
Trip 81_1	Trip of unit 81_1		
Trip 81_2	Trip of unit 81_2		
General trip	Trip of any unit		
Trip 59P	59P1 and/or 59P2 unit trip		
Trip 59N	59N1 and/or 59N2 unit trip		
Trip 27	27P1 and/or 27P2 unit trip		
Phase voltage units inhibition (by DI)	27P1, 27P2, 59P1 and 59P2 unit trip		
Ground voltage units inhibition (by DI)	59N1 and 59N2 unit trip		
Trip 27_1 a	Trip of unit 27P1 phase a		
Trip 27_1 b	Trip of unit 27P1 phase b		
Trip 27_1 c	Trip of unit 27P1 phase c		
Trip 27_2 a	Trip of unit 27P2 phase a		
Trip 27_2 b	Trip of unit 27P2 phase b		
Trip 27_2 c	Trip of unit 27P2 phase c		
	T		
Trip 59_1 a	Trip of unit 59P1 phase a		
Trip 59_1 b	Trip of unit 59P1 phase b		
Trip 59_1 c	Trip of unit 59P1 phase c		
Trip 59_2 a	Trip of unit 59P2 phase a		
Trip 59_2 b	Trip of unit 59P2 phase b		
Trip 59_2 c	Trip of unit 59P2 phase c		
Tain 07D4	Tain of unit 07D4		
Trip 27P1	Trip of unit 27P1		
Trip 27P2	Trip of unit 27P2		
Trip 59P1	Trip of unit 59P1		
Trip 59P2 Trip 59N1	Trip of unit 59P2		
Trip 59N2	Trip of unit 59N1 Trip of unit 59N2		
Trip 47	Trip of unit 391/2		
TTIP 41	The or unit 47		
Pickup 27_1 a	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase a		
Pickup 27_1 b	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase b		
Pickup 27_1 c	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase c		
Pickup 27_2 a	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase a		
Pickup 27_2 b	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase b		
Pickup 27_2 c	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase c		
1 10KGP 27 _2 0	Tionap of anic 211 2 phase o		
Pickup 59_1 a	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase a		
Pickup 59_1 b	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase b		
Pickup 59_1 c	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase c		
Pickup 59_2 a	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase a		
Pickup 59_2 b	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase b		
Pickup 59_2 c	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase c		
Pickup 27P1	Pickup of unit 27P1		

# 7. LOGIC CONFIGURATION

Pickup 27P2	Pickup of unit 27P2
Pickup 59P1	Pickup of unit 59P1
Pickup 59P2	Pickup of unit 59P2
Pickup 59N1	Pickup of unit 59N1
Pickup 59N2	Pickup of unit 59N2
Pickup 47	Pickup of unit 47
1 lokup +1	1 long of drift 47
Pickup 81_1	Pickup of unit 81_1
Pickup 81 2	Pickup of unit 81 2
General pickup	Pickup of any unit
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	The state of the s
Trip virtual 27_1 a	Trip virtual de la unit 27P1 phase a
Trip virtual 27_1 b	Trip virtual de la unit 27P1 phase b
Trip virtual 27 1 c	Trip virtual de la unit 27P1 phase c
Trip virtual 27_2 a	Trip virtual de la unit 27P2 phase a
Trip virtual 27_2 b	Trip virtual de la unit 27P2 phase b
Trip virtual 27_2 c	Trip virtual de la unit 27P2 phase c
Virtual trip 59_1 a	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase a
Virtual trip 59_1 b	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase b
Virtual trip 59_1 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P1 phase c
Virtual trip 59_2 a	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase a
Virtual trip 59_2 b	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase b
Virtual trip 59_2 c	Virtual trip of unit 59P2 phase c
Virtual trip 27P1	Virtual trip of unit 27P1
Virtual trip 27P2	Virtual trip of unit 27P2
Virtual trip 59P1	Virtual trip of unit 59P1
Virtual trip 59P2	Virtual trip of unit 59P2
Virtual trip 59N1	Virtual trip of unit 59N1
Virtual trip 59N2	Virtual trip of unit 59N2
Virtual trip 47	Virtual trip of unit 47
Virtual trip 81_1	Virtual trip of unit 81_1
Virtual trip 81_2	Virtual trip of unit 81_2
General virtual trip	Virtual trip of any unit
Voltage inhib (by DI)	Trip inhibition of units 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2, 59N1,
	59N2 and 47
Inhib 27P1 (by DI)	Unit 27P1 trip inhibition
Inhib 27P2 (by DI)	unit 27P2 trip inhibition
Inhib 59P1 (by DI)	unit 59P1 trip inhibition
Inhib 59P2 (by DI)	unit 59P2 trip inhibition
Inhib 59N1 (by DI)	unit 59N1 trip inhibition
Inhib 59N2 (by DI)	unit 59N2 trip inhibition
Inhib 47 (by DI)	unit 47 trip inhibition
Frequency Inhib (by DI)	81_1, 81_2, 81_3 and 81_4 units inhibition
Inhib 81_1 (by DI)	81_1 unit trip inhibition
Inhib 81_2 (by DI)	81_2 unit trip inhibition
Trip inhib (by DI)	All trips inhibited

### 8. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

#### 8.1. FACEPLATE KEYPAD

**MIV** faceplate keypad comprises three keys, as shown in figure 8.1.

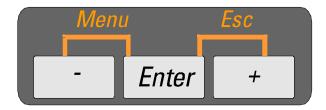


FIGURE 8.1. KEYPAD

As described in section 1.4.1 Hierarchical Menu, "Menu" function is activated when the "-" and "Enter" keys are pressed simultaneously. The Menu function takes us to the second level within the hierarchical structure of the device settings. To access the third level press the Enter key when the desired menu is shown in the display. To return to the previous level (from the third level to the second one, or from the second level to the first one) you must activate the Esc function. This is done by pressing the "Enter" and "+" keys simultaneously.

#### 8.2. ALPHANUMERICAL DISPLAY

The faceplate display of the MIV relay is a 3.5 characters alphanumeric (can display letters and numbers) display. It is a LEDs matrix type display. Using the display you can view different types of data, as settings, trip information, alarms, etc.

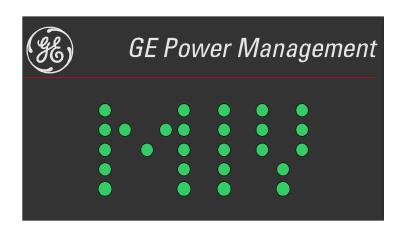


FIGURE 8.2. ALPHANUMERICAL DISPLAY

Messages in the display are shown in English language. If the keypad is not in use during 15 minutes, the relay will automatically perform an scrolling through the most relevant measures.

#### 8.3. MAIN STRUCTURE

If the keypad is not in use, during steady state, the faceplate display shows the relay model identification (MIV) and a series of actual values.

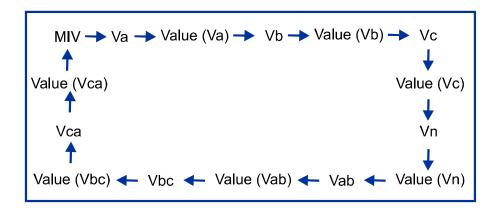


FIGURE 8-3. GENERAL PRESENTATION SCHEME "SCROLLING" FOR MIV1000 MODELS

FIGURE 8-4. GENERAL PRESENTATION SCHEME "SCROLLING" FOR MIV2000 MODELS

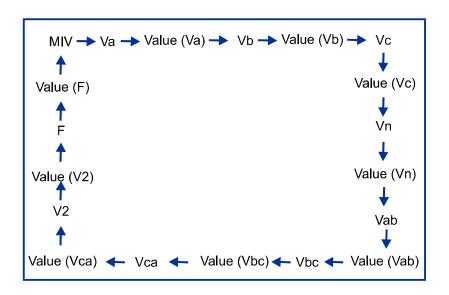
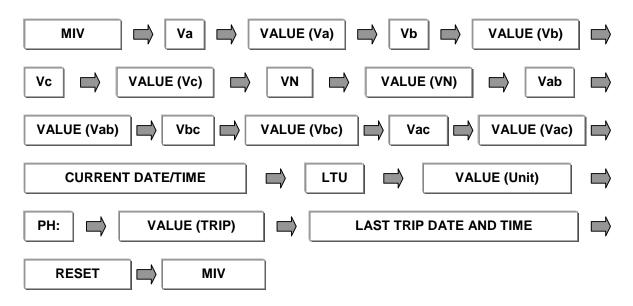


FIGURE 8-5. GENERAL PRESENTATION SCHEME "SCROLLING" FOR MIV3000 MODELS

There are two ways of exiting the stand-by status:

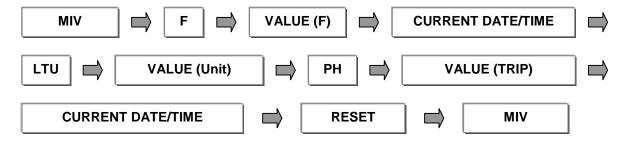
#### 8.3.1. MODE 1: ENTERING THE SINGLE-KEY MODE BY PRESSING THE ENTER KEY:

The **SINGLE-KEY OPERATION** menu allows the user to access the same information shown by the automatic scrolling during steady state plus Date and Time and Last Trip Information (Function that tripped (LTU = Last Trip Unit), Phases involved).



We can always return to the stand-by status by pressing ESC

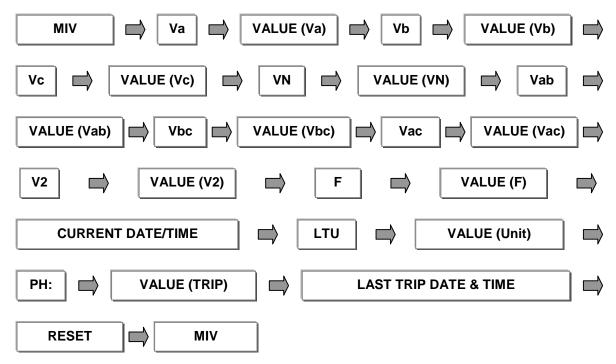
FIGURE 8-6. SINGLE-KEY OPERATION MENU FOR MIV1000 MODELS



We can always return to the stand-by status by pressing ESC

FIGURE 8-7. SINGLE-KEY OPERATION MENU FOR MIV2000 MODELS

#### 8. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY



We can always return to the stand-by status by pressing ESC

FIGURE 8-8. SINGLE-KEY OPERATION MENU FOR MIV3000 MODELS

The mnemonics used in the figure have the following meanings:

Va: Phase A voltage
Vb: Phase B voltage
Vc: Phase C voltage
VN: Ground voltage

Vab:
AB phase-to-phase voltage
Vbc:
BC phase-to-phase voltage
Vac:
CA phase-to-phase voltage
V2:
Negative sequence voltage

**F:** Frequency

VALUE(Va): Measure in volts of phase A voltage
 VALUE(Vb): Measure in volts of phase B voltage
 VALUE(Vc): Measure in volts of phase C voltage
 VALUE(VN): Measure in volts of ground voltage

VALUE(Vab): Measure in volts of phase-to-phase voltage for phases AB
 VALUE(Vbc): Measure in volts of phase-to-phase voltage for phases BC
 VALUE(Vac): Measure in volts of phase-to-phase voltage for phases CA

**VALUE(V2):** Measure in volts of the negative sequence voltage

**VALUE(F):** Frequency measure in Hz.

LTU: Last trip unit

**VALUE(unit):** Shows which protection unit has caused the last trip

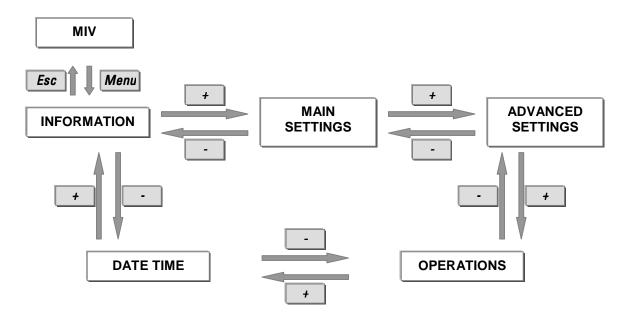
**PH:** Shows which phase has caused the last trip

**VALUE(trip):** Shows the value of the magnitude that has caused the trip.

In case of a voltage unit, this value will be measured in volts, and in case of a frequency unit, in

Hertzs.

#### 8.3.2. MODE 2: ENTERING A MENU USING THE MENU & ESC KEYS:



#### FIGURE 8.9. MENU MODE DISPLAY SEQUENCE

The mnemonics used in the previous figure refer to the different sub-menus in the relay, and have the following meaning:

**INFORMATION** Shows information about the internal status of the device.

**MAIN SETTINGS** Access to the Main Settings of the relay.

**ADVANCED SETTINGS** Access to the Advanced Settings of the relay.

**OPERATIONS** Access to the Commands menu of the device.

**DATE TIME** Access to the relay Date and Time.

### 8.4. INFORMATION MENU

The information menu accesses internal data in the relay, as the status of the contact inputs, contact outputs, AC inputs, firmware version and relay date and time.

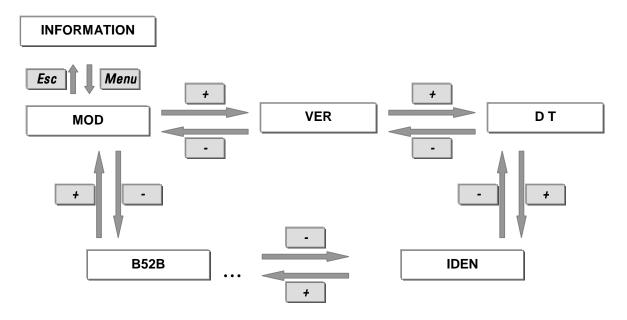


FIGURE 8.10. DISPLAY SEQUENCE IN THE INFORMATION MENU

To access the Information menu it is necessary to select **Menu** (pressing "**Enter**" and "-" simultaneously), and then press **Enter** when the display shows **INFORMATION**. Movement through the different options in this menu is done with the "+" and "-" keys.

Once on the desired item of the menu, pressing **Enter** the corresponding value is shown in the faceplate display.

The mnemonics used in the previous figure have the following meaning:

Relay Model number

	Ttolay Model Hamber
VER	Firmware version installed in the relay.
DT	Relay Date and Time.
IDEN	Identification.
Va,Vb,Vc,Vab,Vbc,Vac	c,V2,F: Already defined
INP1	Contact Input # 1 status.
INP2	Contact Input # 2 status.
OUT1	Contact Output #1 status.
OUT2	Contact Output #2 status.
OUT3	Contact Output #3 status.
OUT4	Contact Output #4 status.
B 52A	Terminal 52 A
B 52B	Terminal 52 B

MOD

### 8.5. MAIN SETTINGS MENU

Keypad and Display handling to access the Main Settings menu:

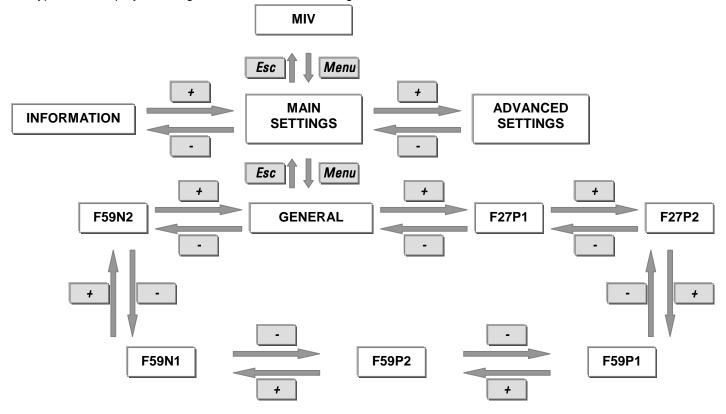


FIGURE 8.11. SAMPLE OF MAIN SETTINGS SCREEN SEQUENCE FOR MIV1000

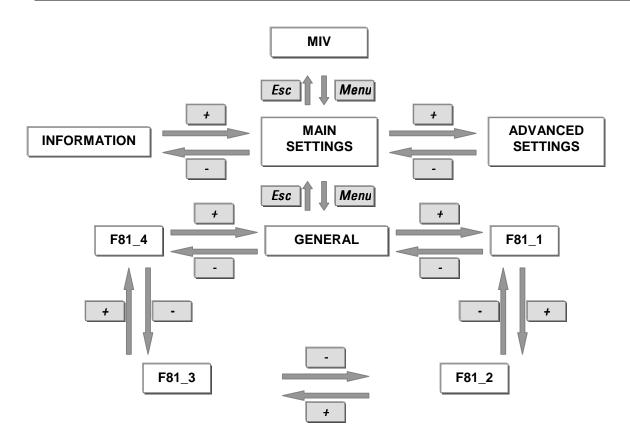


FIGURE 8.12. SAMPLE OF MAIN SETTINGS SCREEN SEQUENCE FOR MIV2000

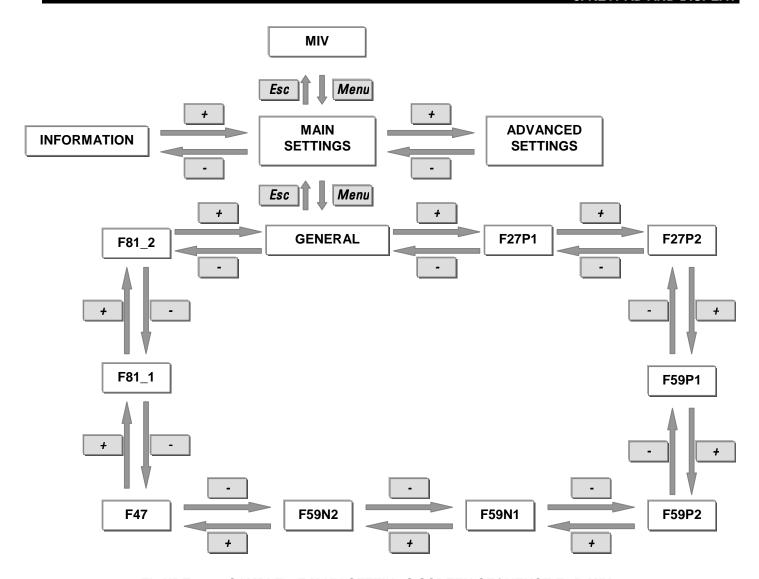


FIGURE 8.13. SAMPLE OF MAIN SETTINGS SCREEN SEQUENCE FOR MIV3000

From the Main Settings heading, the General Settings heading is reached pressing **Enter**. From this point, movement through all the different headings in the same level is done pressing "+" and "-" keys.

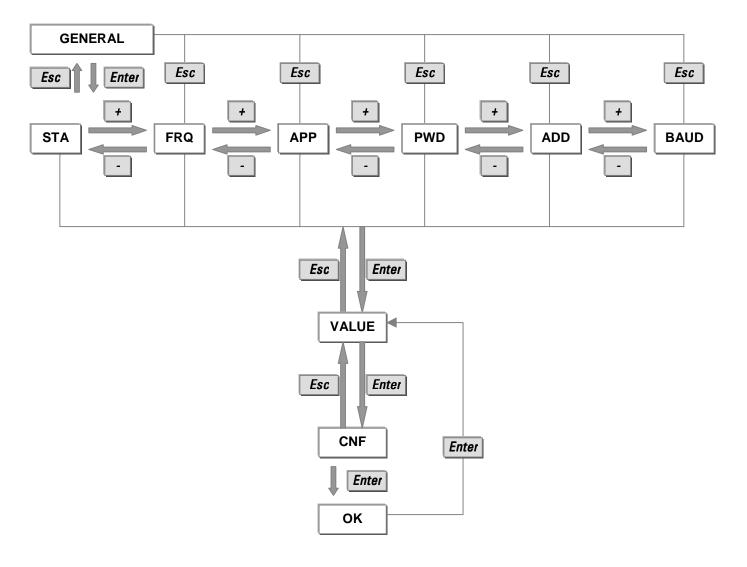
The different headings in the same level than General Settings are:

**GENERAL**: General settings

F27P1: Unit 27P1 Phase undervoltage
F27P2: Unit 27P2 Phase undervoltage
F59P1: Unit 59P1 Phase overvoltage
F59P2: Unit 59P2 Phase overvoltage
F59N1: Unit 59N1 Ground overvoltage
F59N2: Unit 59N2 Ground overvoltage
F47: Unit 47 Voltage Unbalance

F81\_1: Unit 81\_1 Underfrequency/overfrequency
F81\_2: Unit 81\_2 Underfrequency/overfrequency
F81\_3: Unit 81\_3 Underfrequency/overfrequency
F81\_4: Unit 81\_4 Underfrequency/overfrequency

From the MAIN SETTINGS general screen we can access the following options by pressing ENTER:



**FIGURE 8.14. GENERAL SETTINGS** 

Once the desired option is displayed, pressing **Enter** the actual value of the setpoint is shown, blinking. To modify this value press "+" and "-". To accept the value modification press **Enter** again and confirm your change.

The mnemonics in the figure stand for:

STA	STATUS	Protection status.
SIA	SIAIUS	riulection status.

Range:

RDY In service
DIS Out of service

# FRQ \_ FREQUENCY \_ Frequency.

Range:

50 50 HZ.60 60 HZ.

### APP APPLICATION Application.

Range:

-3PNWYE 3 phases + ground. Phase-to-ground voltage.

-3PDELTA 3 phases. Phase-to-phase voltage.

-PHASE One-phase.
- GROUND Ground.

#### PWD PASSWORD

Range:

1,2,3,... 255 (identification number).

### ADD ADDRESS Communications address.

Range:

1,2,3,... 255 (identification number).

### BAUD BAUD Baudrate.

Range:

-0.3 300 bauds.

-0.6 600 bauds.

-1.2 1200 bauds.

-2.4 2400 bauds.

-4.8 4800 bauds.

-9.6 9600 bauds.

- 19.2 19200 bauds.

### **CNF** CONFIRMATION OK Validates the chosen value.

From the **F27P1** display we can access the following options:

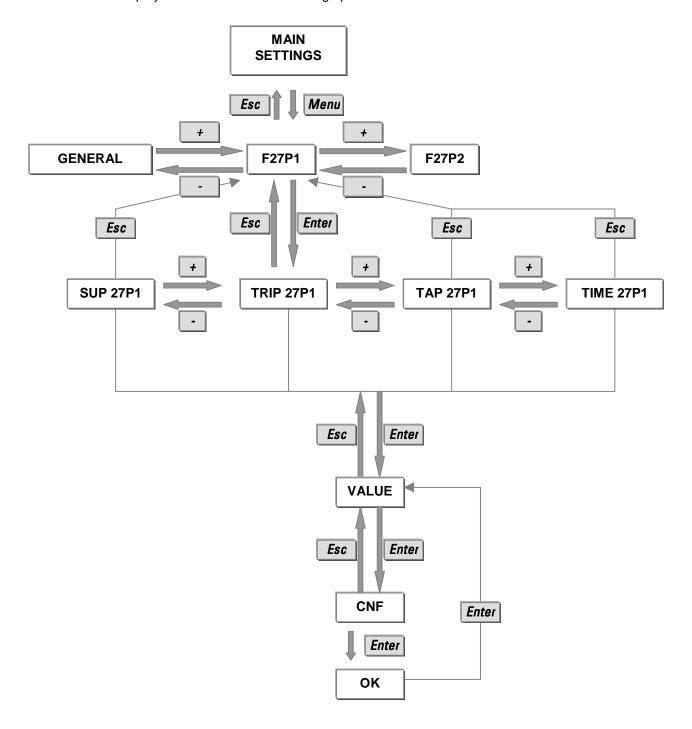


FIGURE 8.15. DISPLAY SEQUENCE FROM F27P1

Once we have reached an option after pressing ENTER from the function display, we press ENTER again to see the value of the chosen option. This value can be modified by pressing "+" and "-" keys.

### 8. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

The mnemonics appearing in the above scheme are the following:

TRIP 27P1: Trip permission 27P1 Range: Y(YES)/N(NO)

**TAP 27P1**: Tap 27P1 Range: 10..250V STEP: 0.1V

2..60V

**TIME 27P1**: Timer 27P1 Range: 0..600s STEP: 0.01s

SUP 27P1: Supervision 27P1 by 52 Range: Y(SI)/N(NO)

**CNF**: CONFIRMATION OK validates the selected value

### From **F27P2**:

The display sequence is the same as for F27P1 with a 2 replacing the 1.

From the F59P1 display, we can access the following options:

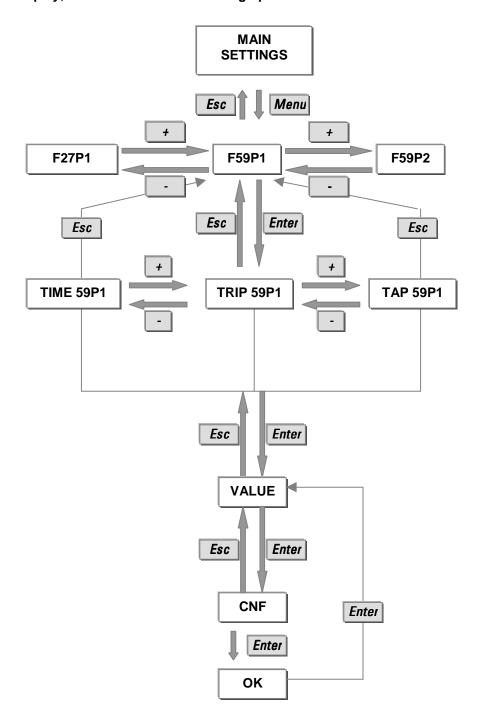


FIGURE 8.16. DISPLAY SEQUENCE FROM F59P1

Once we have reached an option after pressing ENTER from the function display, we press ENTER again to see the value of the chosen option. This value can be modified by pressing "+" and "-" keys.

### 8. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

The mnemonics appearing in the above diagram are the following:

TRIP 59P1: Trip permission 59P1 Range: Y(YES)/N(NO)

**TAP 59P1** Tap 59P1 Range: 10..250V STEP: 0.1V

2..60V

TIME 59P1: Timer 59P1 Range: 0..600s STEP: 0.01s

CNF: CONFIRMATION OK validates the selected value

From **F59P2**, **F59N1** and **F59N2**:

The sequence is the same as for F59P1.

From F47, we can access the following options:

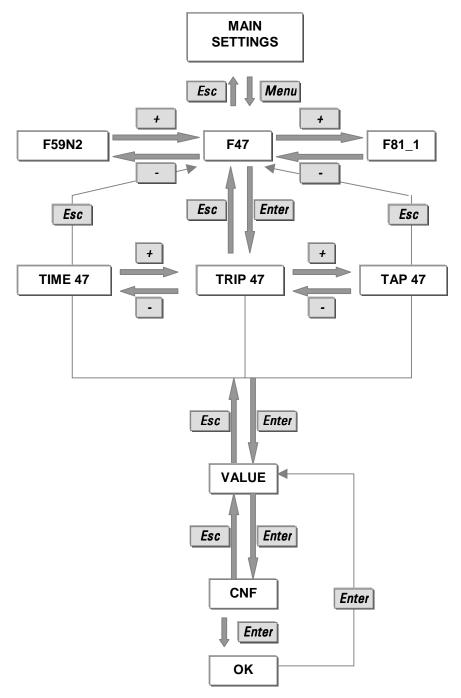


FIGURE 8.17. DISPLAY SEQUENCE FROM F47

Once we have reached an option after pressing ENTER from the function display, we press ENTER again to see the value of the chosen option. This value can be modified by pressing "+" and "-" keys.

The mnemonics appearing in the diagram are as follows:

TRIP 47	Trip permission 47	Range:	Y(YES)/N(NO)	
<b>TAP 47</b>	Tap 47	Range:	260V STEP:	0.1V
TIME 47	Timer 47	Range:	0600s	STEP: 0.01s
CNF	CONFIRMATION	OK	validates the s	elected value

From F81\_1 we can access the following options:

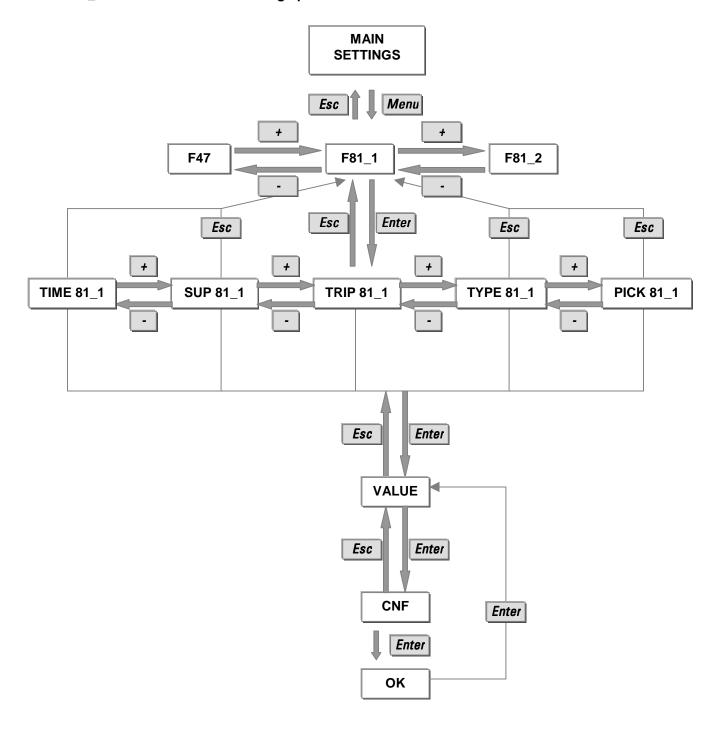


FIGURE 8.18. DISPLAY SEQUENCE FROM F81\_1

Once we have reached an option after pressing ENTER from the function display, we press ENTER again to see the value of the chosen option. This value can be modified by pressing "+" and "-" keys.

### 8. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

The mnemonics used in the above diagram are as follows:

TRIP 81\_1: Trip permission 81\_1 Range: Y(YES)/N(NO)

TYPE 81\_1: Type 81\_1 Range: UND(Underfrequency)/OVE(Overfrequency)

 PICK 81\_1:
 Pickup 81\_1
 Range:
 42.0.. 67.5Hz
 STEP: 0.01Hz

 TIME 81\_1:
 Timer 81\_1
 Range:
 0-10s
 STEP: 0.01s

 SUP 81\_1:
 81\_1voltage supervision
 Range:
 10..250V
 STEP: 0.1V

2..60V

**CNF**: CONFIRMATION OK validates the selected value

The sequence is the same for F81\_1, F81\_2, F81\_3 and F81\_4

### 8.6. ADVANCED SETTINGS MENU

From the ADVANCED SETTINGS menu, we can access the following options:

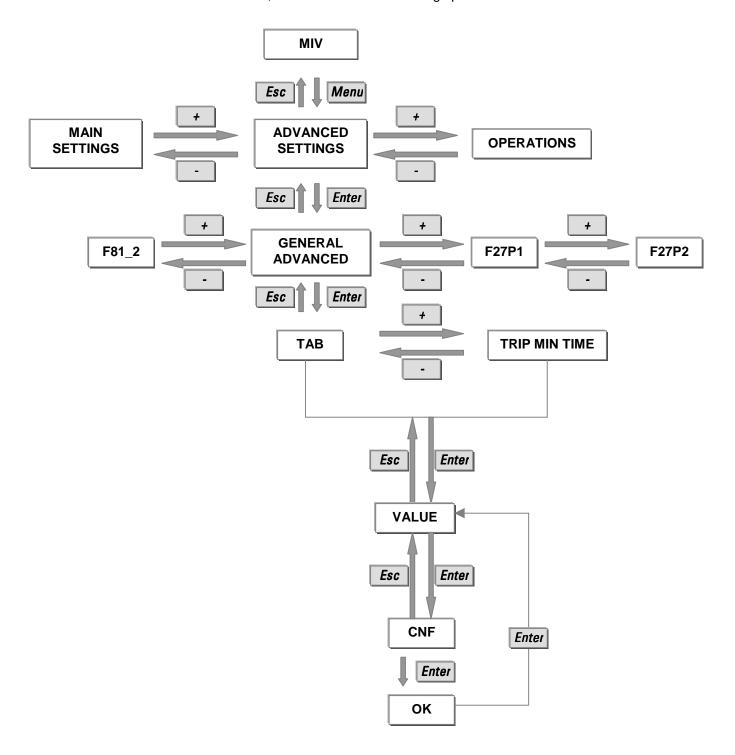


FIGURE 8.19. ADVANCED SETTINGS SCREEN SEQUENCE

By pressing **ESC** from any F\*\*\*\* screen, we return to ADVANCED SETTINGS.

#### 8. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

The mnemonics appearing on this diagram are:

ADVANCED SETTINGS Advanced settings.

**GENERAL ADVANCED** General advanced settings.

F27P1 T2: Unit 27P (TABLE 2)
F27P2 T2: Unit 27P2 (TABLE 2)
F59P1 T2: Unit 59P1 (TABLE 2)
F59P2 T2: Unit 59P2 (TABLE 2)
F59N1 T2: Unit 59N1 (TABLE 2)
F59N2 T2: Unit 59N2 (TABLE 2)
F47 T2: Unit 47 (TABLE 2)

**F81\_1 T2:** Unit 81\_1 (TABLE 2) **F81\_2 T2:** Unit 81\_2 (TABLE 2)

**F81\_3 T2:** Unit 81\_3 (TABLE 2)

**F81\_4 T2:** Unit 81\_4 (TABLE 2)

**TAB:** Active table - Range 1 TABLE 1

2 TABLE 2

**TRIP MIN TIME:** Minimum trip time - Range: 50..300 ms - STEP: 1ms

CNF: CONFIRMATION OK validates the selected value

From the ADVANCED SETTINGS screen, we can access the different TABLE 2 functions by pressing "+" and "-". If we press ENTER from the ADVANCED SETTINGS screen, we can access TAB and TRIP MIN TIME, and from there we can press ENTER and modify their values.

From these displays of F\*\*\*\* T 2 units, the display sequence and its meaning is the same as for the protection units in TABLE 1.

### 8.7. OPERATIONS MENU

From the OPERATIONS menu, we can access the following screens:

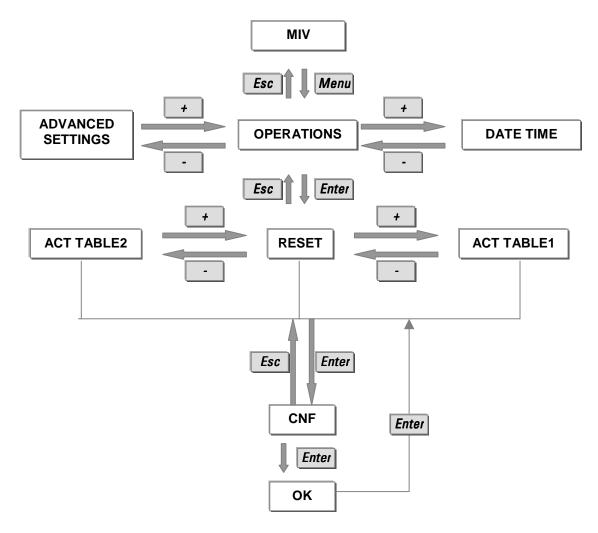


FIGURE 8.20. OPERATIONS MENU DISPLAY SEQUENCE

The meaning of the above display messages is the following:

**OPERATIONS** Operations.

**RESET** LED and auxiliary contacts latching reset

ACT TABLE1 TABLE 1 activation.
ACT TABLE2 TABLE 2 activation.
OPEN BREAKER Breaker opening

**CNF** CONFIRMATION OK Validates the selected value.

Once inside the selected option (pressing ENTER), it is possible to validate the option pressing ENTER twice until we see an OK message.

### 8.8. DATE AND TIME MENU

The following display messages allow the modification of the unit's date and time:

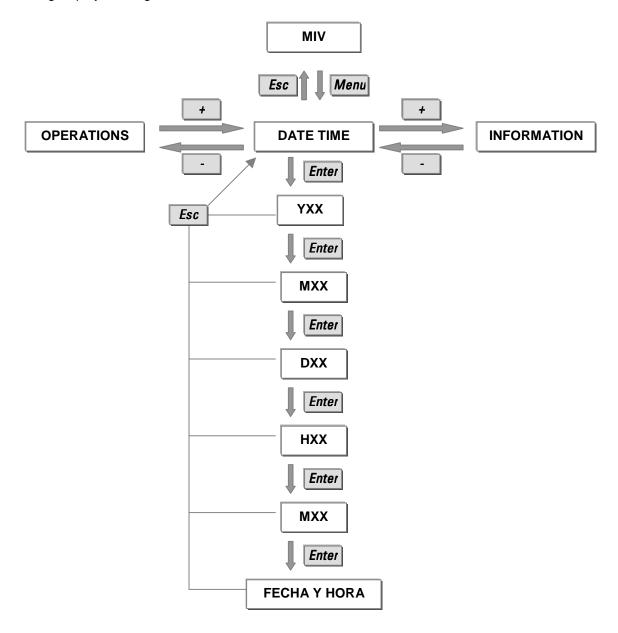


FIGURE 8.14. DATE/TIME DISPLAY SEQUENCE

We use the ENTER key for moving from one message to another, and once we are viewing the desired option, we press "+" or "-" keys for modifying the value. Values will appear in the following order:

**DATE TIME** Date and time.

YXX(YEAR) Allows to modify the year.

MXX (MONTH) Allows to modify the month.

DXX (DAY) Allows to modify the date.

HXX (HOUR) Allows to modify the hour.

# 8. KEYPAD AND DISPLAY

**MXX (MINUTE)** Allows to modify the minutes.

**DATE/TIME** Displays the current date and time including the performed modifications.

### 8.9. FRONT LED RESET

The front LED indicator reset can be made in three different ways:

- 1. When the relay is in stand-by status, "scrolling", we press the "**Enter**" key and keep it pressed for more than 3 seconds. LEDs will light up and reset. This action can be interpreted as a "lamp test", with the difference that here we also reset the indicators (LED's).
- 2. Performing the operations sequence described on FIGURE 8-13, until we see the **RESET** message. Then, press "**Enter**". The unit will ask for confirmation using the **CNF** message.
  - Press "Enter" again and the display will show an **OK** message showing that the reset has been carried out successfully. For returning to the second menu level, press "Enter" again.
- 3. Using the LED RESET digital input.

LEDs can also be reset using the PC. For this purpose, we enter the OPERATIONS menu, and click on the corresponding icons.

## 9. RELAY COMMISSIONING

### 9.1. VISUAL INSPECTION

Unpack the relay and verify that no parts are broken and that the relay has not suffered any damage during transportation. Check that the screws are correctly tight and that the terminal blocks are in good order.

Verify that the model number indicated on the faceplate corresponds to the model ordered.

### 9.2. COMMENTS ON THE TEST EQUIPMENT

All devices that work with alternating current are influenced by frequency. Since a non-sinusoidal waveform results from a fundamental frequency wave plus a series of harmonics of this fundamental wave, it can be concluded that devices working with alternating current (relays) are influenced by the applied waveform.

In order to correctly test relays that operate under alternating current, it is fundamental to use a sinusoidal current and/or voltage wave. The purity of the sinusoidal wave (the lack of harmonics) cannot be expressed in a specific form for a given relay. Each relay that is provided with tuned circuits, R-L and R-C circuits or non-linear elements (e.g. the MIV) will be affected by non-sinusoidal waveforms.

These relays respond to the current waveform in a different way from most AC ampere-meters. If the power supply network that is used for the test contains a considerable amount of harmonics, the ampere-meter and relay responses will be different.

The relays are calibrated by the manufacturer using a 50 or 60 Hz power supply network with minimum harmonic contents. When the reception or installation tests are carried out, a power supply network with a harmonic-free waveform must be used.

Ampere-meters and stop-watches that are used for carrying out the test must be calibrated and their accuracy must be better than that of the relay. The power supply network used for the tests must remain stable, mainly at levels close to the test pick-up current, as well as for the time for which the relay operates according to the curve under test.

It is important to stress that the test accuracy depends on the power supply network conditions as well as on the instruments used. Functional tests carried out under inappropriate power supply conditions or using inappropriate instruments can be used for making sure that the relay works roughly correctly and, therefore, for verifying its characteristics in an **approximate** manner.

The following list of tests can be used to check that the unit is fully operational. For a more limited test for the reception of units we recommend carrying out only the tests listed in sections 9.3, and 9.6 to 9.20 inclusive.

### 9.3. INSULATION TESTS

Progressively apply 2000 rms volts across all the terminals of a group, short-circuited, and the case for one second.

The independent groups on the relay are as follows:

Group 1:	A1, A2	Power supply
Group 2:	B1, B2, B3, B4, A3, A4	Voltage transformers
Group 3:	A8, A9, A10	Inputs
Group 4:	A5, A6	Trip
Group 5:	B7, B8, B9, B10, A7	Auxiliary outputs

In case of performing this test on all terminals at the same time, we must keep in mind that the consumption will increase, due to the impedance of the capacitors inside the relay, used to derive high frequency surges to ground. The consumption will be approximately, 3 mA at 2000 Volts for each input.

NOTE: Do not test insulation on terminals B12, A12 and B11 (RS485)

DURING TESTS, GND TERMINAL MUST BE GROUNDED FOR SAFETY REASONS

In case of using AC voltage for the activation of digital inputs, and having connected the inputs common (A10) with the ground terminal, it is necessary to remove this connection before testing insulation on group

#### 9.4. WIRING AND NECESSARY EQUIPMENT

### **Necessary equipment:**

- 1 AC voltage supply.
- 1 DC voltage power supply.
- 1 Stop-watch.
- 1 Multi-meter.
- Optionally, it is advisable to have a PC available, with the M+PC software installed.
- Relay wiring diagram.

Connect the AC voltage supply to one of the phases, A (terminals B1-B2), B (terminals B3-B4) or C (terminals A3-A4), and connect the rest of the equipment as shown in figure 9.1.

## Supply the unit through terminals A1 and A2 at the rated DC voltage.

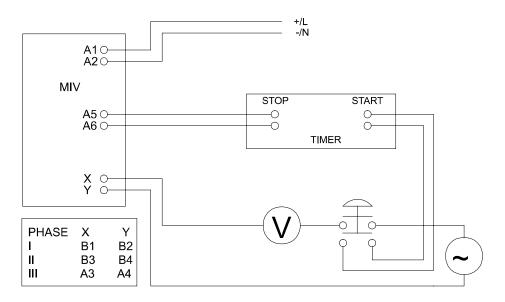


FIGURE 9-1 MIV TESTING SCHEME

#### 9.5. TARGET LEDS

Power the relay and check that pressing the Enter key, all the faceplate target LEDs light up and reset if the key is kept pressed for more than 3 seconds.

#### 9.6. POWER SUPPLY TEST

Connect the relay to a power supply at rated minimum voltage. Enable the following functions: 27, 59, 59N, 47 and 81 (according to model) setting their pickups and trip times to the minimum possible value for units 59 and 59N, and to the maximum possible value for units 27 and 81. Inject to the relay on phase A the rated voltage and frequency, making the relay trip and close all the auxiliary outputs corresponding to the enabled functions.

Under this tripping conditions, check that the ALARM (READY) output is open, and that the relay can communicate with the PC asking for the relay model. Verify that consumption is not over the maximum indicated.

Test voltage and maximum consumption shown below:

### F MODEL (24-48 Vdc)

Voltage (Vdc)	Maximum consumption (mA)
18	650
48	300
58	265

### H MODEL (110/250 Vdc 110/220 Vac)

Voltage (Vdc)	Maximum consumption (mA)
88	130
110	105
250	55
Voltage(Vac)	Maximum consumption (mA)
110	165
220	95

### 9.7. COMMUNICATIONS

The test consists on checking that the 2 communications ports in the relay (the faceplate RS232 and the rear RS485) work properly. To perform this test is it necessary to use a computer and a suitable connector to establish the connection between the PC and the relay (refer to figure 3.8). If the faceplate port is used, a straight through cable is needed. If the rear RS485 port is used, an RS485/RS232 converter is needed.

The communications parameters that have to be set in the computer are the relay default settings, as follows:

Relay Number: 1
Communication baudrate: 9.600
Number of Stop bits: 1

Using the M+PC program, communicate with the relay and in the Status window check that communication is not discontinued at any time. Perform this test on both communications ports.

This test is carried out at the minimum and maximum admissible voltage (± 20% of the rated voltage).

#### 9.8. RELAY SETTING

When the relay is shipped from our factory, it has a default set of settings, which are the starting point for the following tests.

Since the MIV relay has a large number of settings, an exhaustive list of all the settings necessary for each test will not be given here. Just the specific settings required for each test are indicated, and it can be supposed that the other settings do not affect the test being performed.

We must take into account that these tests are only valid for the default factory configuration. Different configurations involving modifications in certain elements, such as different contact configuration, will require a subsequent modification of the test procedure.

### 9.9. CONTACT INPUTS

- Sequentially apply the rated voltage to each input CC1 and CC2 (A8-A10 and A9-A10).
- Check that when voltage is applied to one contact input, only this input gets active, and the other one remains inactive. Use the INFORMATION menu on the faceplate or a PC and the M+PC program to easily check which input gets active for each test.
- Repeat this test at minimum and maximum admissible voltage.

#### 9.10. CONTACT OUTPUTS

#### MIV1000

- Check that all the outputs are open.
- Enable only unit 27, and set its pickup and time delay to the minimum admissible values. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT1 (terminals A7-B7) close, and the **PICKUP, TRIP, and 27** LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 59P, and set its pickup to the minimum admissible value. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT2 (terminals A7-B8) close, and the PICK UP, TRIP and 59P LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 59N1, and set its pickup to the minimum admissible value. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT3 (terminals A7-B9) close, and the **PICK UP**, **TRIP and 59N** LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 59N2, and set its pickup to the minimum admissible value. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT4 (terminals A7-B10) close, and the **PICK UP**, **TRIP and 59N** LEDs light up.

#### **MIV2000**

- Check that all the outputs are open.
- Enable only unit 81\_1, and set its pickup and time delay to the maximum admissible values. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase B terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT1 (terminals A7-B7) close, and the TRIP, and 81\_1 LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 81\_2, and set its pickup and time delay to the maximum admissible values. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase B terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT2 (terminals A7-B8) close, and the **TRIP**, and 81\_2 LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 81\_3, and set its pickup and time delay to the maximum admissible values. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase B terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT3 (terminals A7-B9) close, and the **TRIP**, and 81 3 LEDs light up.

#### 9. RELAY COMMISSIONING

• Enable only unit 81\_4, and set its pickup and time delay to the maximum admissible values. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase B terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT4 (terminals A7-B10) close, and the TRIP, and 81\_4 LEDs light up.

#### MIV3000

- Check that all the outputs are open.
- Enable only units 27 and 59, and set its pickup to the maximum admissible value (unit 27) and to the minimum admissible value (unit 59). Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT1 (terminals A7-B7) close, and the PICKUP, TRIP, and PHAS LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 59N, and set its pickup to the minimum admissible value. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT2 (terminals A7-B8) close, and the **PICK UP**, **TRIP and GRND** LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 47, and set its pickup to the minimum admissible value. Inject rated voltage and frequency
  through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT3
  (terminals A7-B9) close, and the PICK UP, TRIP and PHAS LEDs light up.
- Enable only unit 47, and set its pickup to the minimum admissible value. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT3 (terminals A7-B9) close, and the **PICK UP**, **TRIP and PHAS** LEDs light up.
- Enable units 81\_1 and 81\_2, and set its pickup to the maximum admissible value. Inject rated voltage and frequency through phase A terminals to trip the relay. Check that the trip output (terminals A5-A6) and auxiliary output OUT4 (terminals A7-B10) close, and the **PICK UP**, **TRIP and FRQ** LEDs light up.
- Remove the Power Supply from the relay and check that the Alarm Output Contact (terminals B5-B6) closes. Set the power supply back to the relay terminals and check that the Alarm Output Contact opens.

#### 9.11. RELAY METERING

#### 9.11.1. VOLTAGE METERING

#### PHASE VOLTAGE

Set the relay to 50Hz and apply the following voltage values:

Magnitude	Phase	1	2	3	4	5
Van (V)	00	2	64	70	120	150
Vbn (V)	120°	2	64	70	120	150
Vcn (V)	240°	2	64	70	120	150

Check that the relay measures the three magnitudes with an accuracy of 3%, keeping in mind that the relay gives phase-to-phase voltages while phase-to-ground voltages are entered.

Set the relay to 60Hz and repeat the test.

9.11.2. FREQUENCY METERING

Apply 110V at 50 Hz through Phase B voltage input.

Check that the frequency value measured by the relay is between 49,98 Hz and 50,02 Hz.

Set the relay to 60Hz and repeat the test, checking that the measured value is between 59,98 Hz and 60,02 Hz.

NOTE: Check that the inhibition voltage for the frequency units is lower than the applied voltage. Otherwise, the unit will not measure frequency.

# 9.12. UNDERVOLTAGE UNIT (27P1)

Enable only unit 27P1 and its trip.

### Low Voltage Range (2-60 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
27P1 undervoltage pickup tap	10 V
Undervoltage operation time	0,20 sec.

Apply 15 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 5 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

### **High Voltage Range (10-250 V)**

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
27P1 undervoltage pickup tap	100V
undervoltage operation time	0.2 sec.

Apply 110 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 90 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

### 9.13. UNDERVOLTAGE UNIT (27P2)

Enable only unit 27P2 and its trip.

### Low Voltage Range (2-60 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
27P2 undervoltage pickup tap	10 V
Undervoltage operation time	0,20 sec.

Apply 15 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 5 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

## High Voltage Range (10-250 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
27P2 undervoltage pickup tap	100V
Undervoltage operation time	0.2 sec.

Apply 110 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 90 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

# 9.14. OVERVOLTAGE UNIT (59P1)

Enable only unit 59P1 and its trip.

### Low Voltage Range (2-60 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59P1 overvoltage pickup tap	10 V
Overvoltage operation time	0,20 sec.

Apply 8 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 12 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

### **High Voltage Range (10-250 V)**

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59P1 overvoltage pickup tap	100V
Overvoltage operation time	0.2 sec.

Apply 90 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 110 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

# 9.15. OVERVOLTAGE UNIT (59P2)

Enable only unit 59P2 and its trip.

#### Low Voltage Range (2-60 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59P2 overvoltage pickup tap	10 V
Overvoltage operation time	0,20 sec.

Apply 8 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 12 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

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### **High Voltage Range (10-250 V)**

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59P2 overvoltage pickup tap	100V
Overvoltage operation time	0.2 sec.

Apply 90 V across the three phases and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 110 V across the three phases and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

# 9.16. GROUND OVERVOLTAGE UNIT (59N1)

Enable only unit 59N1 and its trip.

### Low Voltage Range (2-60 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59N1 overvoltage pickup tap	10 V
Overvoltage operation time	0,20 sec.

Apply 8 V through phase A and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 12 V through phase A and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

### High Voltage Range (10-250 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59N1 overvoltage pickup tap	100V
Overvoltage operation time	0.2 sec.

Apply 90 V through phase A and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 110 V through phase A and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

## 9.17. GROUND OVERVOLTAGE UNIT (59N2)

Enable only unit 59N2 and its trip.

## Low Voltage Range (2-60 V)

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59N2 overvoltage pickup tap	10 V
Overvoltage operation time	0,20 sec.

Apply 8 V through phase A and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 12 V through phase A and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

### **High Voltage Range (10-250 V)**

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
59N2 overvoltage pickup tap	100V
Overvoltage operation time	0.2 sec.

Apply 90 V through phase A and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 110 V through phase A and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

## 9.18. VOLTAGE UNBALANCE UNIT (47)

Enable only unit 47 and its trip.

Set the relay as follows:

Voltage settings group	
47 voltage unbalance pickup tap	2 V
Voltage unbalance operation time	0,20 sec.

Apply 1.96 V through phase A and check that the relay does not trip.

Apply 2.03 V through phase A and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 0,175 and 0,260 sec.

Repeat the test for the following settings

Voltage settings group	
47 voltage unbalance pickup tap	60 V
Voltage unbalance operation time	2.0 sec.

Apply 58 V through phase A and check that the relay does not trip.

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Apply 61.8 V through phase A and check that the relay trips.

In this last case, check that the operation time is between 1.95 and 2.15 sec.

# 9.19. FREQUENCY UNITS IN UNDERFREQUENCY MODE (81\_1, 81\_2, 81\_3, 81\_4)

Enable only unit 81\_1 and its trip

Set the relay as follows:

81_1 Settings Group	
Unit 81_1 type	UND
Pickup 81	47,5 Hz
Underfrequency voltage	2 sec.
Undervoltage supervision	38,5 V

Apply 110 Vac through phase B, increasing frequency from 46 Hz to 54 Hz inclusive in steps of 1 Hz.

Check that the relay trips when frequency is at 46 and 47 Hz.

In the last case, check that the operation time is between 1.95 and 2.15 sec.

Apply 36 Vac through phase B, with a frequency of 46 Hz. The relay must not trip due to the undervoltage supervision.

Repeat the test enabling only unit 81\_2 with the same settings defined for 81\_1.

Repeat the test enabling only unit 81\_3 with the same settings defined for 81\_1.

Repeat the test enabling only unit 81\_4 with the same settings defined for 81\_1.

## 9.20. FREQUENCY UNITS IN OVERFREQUENCY MODE (81\_1, 81\_2, 81\_3, 81\_4)

Enable only unit 81\_1 and its trip

Set the relay as follows:

81_1 Settings Group	
81_1 unit type	OVE
Pickup 81	52,5 Hz
Underfrequency timer	2 sec.
Undervoltage supervision	38,5 V

Apply 110 Vac through phase B, changing frequency from 46 Hz to 54 Hz inclusive in steps of 1 Hz.

Check that the relay trips when frequency is at 53 and 54 Hz.

In the last case, check that the operation time is between 1.95 and 2.15 sec.

Apply 36 Vac through phase B, with a frequency of 54 Hz. The relay must not trip due to the undervoltage supervision.

Repeat the test enabling only unit 81\_2 with the same settings defined for 81\_1.

Repeat the test enabling only unit 81\_3 with the same settings defined for 81\_1.

Repeat the test enabling only unit 81\_4 with the same settings defined for 81\_1.

#### 9.21. TIME SYNCHRONISATION

Synchronize the relay date and time with the PC, using the M+PC communications program. Check using the keypad and display that the relay is actually in synchronism with the computer.

### 9.22. USER SETTINGS

The following pages intend to be useful to register the user settings. They can be used as a guide or template, to record the relay settings, in case your company does not provide a proprietary form sheet.

### 9.22.1. GENERA SETTINGS GROUP

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
	GENERAL SETTINGS	GENERAL			
Relay status	RELAY STATUS	STA		RDY / DIS	NA
Frequency	FREQUENCY	FRQ		50/60 Hz	NA
Application	APPLICATION	APP		3F – N PHASE- TO-GROUND, 3F PHASE-TO- PHASE, ONE- PHASE, GROUND	NA
Password		PWD		1 - 255	
Address		ADD		1 - 255	1
Baudrate		BAUD		300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200	NA

# 9.22.2. UNIT 27 SETTINGS (MIV1000/3000)

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 27P1	Unit 27P1	F27P1			
Trip permission 27P1	Trip 27P1	TRIP 27P1		Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P1	Pickup 27P1	TAP 27P1		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 27P1	Time 27P1	TIME 27P1		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P1 by 52	Supervision 27P1 by 52	SUP 27P1		Y/N	NA
Unit 27P2	Unit 27P2	F27P2			
Trip permission 27P2	Trip 27P2	TRIP 27P2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P2	Pickup 27P2	TAP 27P2		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 27P2	Time 27P2	TIME 27P2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P2 by 52	Supervision 27P2 by 52	SUP 27P2		Y/N	NA

<sup>(\*)</sup> High voltage range models (MIV\*00)

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Low voltage range models (MIV\*01)

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# 9.22.3. UNIT 59 SETTINGS (MIV1000/3000)

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 59P1	Unit 59P1	F59P1			
Trip permission 59P1	Trip 59P1	TRIP 59P1		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P1	Pickup 59P1	TAP 59P1		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59P1	Time 59P1	TIME 59P1		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59P2	Unit 59P2	F59P2			
Trip permission 59P2	Trip 59P2	TRIP 59P2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P2	Pickup 59P2	TAP 59P2		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59P2	Time 59P2	TIME 59P2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59N1	Unit 59N1	F59N1			
Trip permission 59N1	Trip 59N1	TRIP 59N1		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59N1	Pickup 59N1	TAP 59N1		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59N1	Time 59N1	TIME 59N1		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59N2	Unit 59N2	F59N2			
Trip permission 59N2	Trip 59N2	TRIP 59N2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59N2	Pickup 59N2	TAP 59N2		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59N2	Time 59N2	TIME 59N2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s

# 9.22.4. UNIT 47 (MIV3000)

	M+PC	MMI	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 47	Unit 47	F47			
Trip permission 47	Trip 47	TRIP 47		Y/N	NA
Pickup 47	Pickup 47	TAP 47		2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 47	Time 47	TIME 47		0-600.00 s	0.01 s

# 9.22.5. UNIT 81 (MIV2000/3000)

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 81_1	Unit 81_1	F81_1			
Trip permission 81_1	Trip 81_1	TRIP 81_1		Y/N	NA
Type 81_1	Type 81_1	TYPE 81_1		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_1	Pickup 81_1	TAP 81_1		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_1	Time 81_1	TIME 81_1		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_1	Supervision 81_1	SUP 81_1		30-250 V	0.1 V
				10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_2	Unit 81_2	F81_2			
Trip permission 81_2	Trip 81_2	TRIP 81_2		Y/N	NA
Type 81_2	Type 81_2	TYPE 81_2		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_2	Pickup 81_2	TAP 81_2		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_2	Time 81_2	TIME 81_2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_2	Supervision 81_2	SUP 81_2		30-250 V	0.1 V
				10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_3	Unit 81_3	F81_3			
Trip permission 81_3	Trip 81_3	TRIP 81_3		Y/N	NA
Type 81_3	Type 81_3	TYPE 81_3		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_3	Pickup 81_3	TAP 81_3		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_3	Time 81_3	TIME 81_3		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_3	Supervision 81_3	SUP 81_3		30-250 V	0.1 V
				10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_4	Unit 81_4	F81_4			
Trip permission 81_4	Trip 81_4	TRIP 81_4		Y/N	NA
Type 81_4	Type 81_4	TYPE 81_4		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_4	Pickup 81_4	TAP 81_4		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_4	Time 81_4	TIME 81_4		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_4	Supervision 81_4	SUP 81_4		30-250 V	0.1 V
				10-60 V	0.2 V

### 9.23. ADVANCED SETTINGS

# 9.23.1. GENERAL SETTINGS

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
	ADVANCED GENERAL SETTINGS	GENERAL ADVANCED			
Identification	IDENTIFICATION			Text	NA
Active table	ACTIVE TABLE	TAB		1-2	NA
Minimum trip time	T. MANT. TRIP	TRIP MIN TIME		50-300 ms	1 ms

# 9.23.2. UNIT 27 SETTINGS (TABLE 2)

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 27P1 (TABLE 2)	Unit 27P1 (TABLE 2)	F27P1 T2			
Trip permission 27P1	Trip 27P1 T2	TRIP 27P1 T2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P1	Pickup 27P1 T2	TAP 27P1 T2		10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 27P1	Time 27P1 T2	TIME 27P1 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P1 by 52	Supervision 27P1 by 52 T2	SUP 27P1 T2		Y/N	NA
Unit 27P2 (TABLE 2)	Unit 27P2 (TABLE 2)	F27P2 T2			
Trip permission 27P2	Trip 27P2 T2	TRIP 27P2 T2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 27P2	Pickup 27P2 T2	TAP 27P2 T2		10.0-250.0 V 2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 27P2	Time 27P2 T2	TIME 27P2 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision 27P2 by 52	Supervision 27P2 by 52 T2	SUP 27P2 T2		Y/N	NA

<sup>(\*)</sup> High voltage range models (MIV\*00)

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Low voltage range models (MIV\*01)

9.23.3. UNIT 59

	M+PC	MMI	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 59P1 (TABLE 2)	Unit 59P1 (TABLE 2)	F59P1 T2			
Trip permission 59P1	Trip 59P1 T2	TRIP 59P1 T2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P1	Pickup 59P1 T2	TAP 59P1 T2		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59P1	Time 59P1 T2	TIME 59P1 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59P2 (TABLE 2)	Unit 59P2 (TABLE 2)	F59P2 T2			
Trip permission 59P2	Trip 59P2 T2	TRIP 59P2 T2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59P2	Pickup 59P2 T2	TAP 59P2 T2		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59P2	Time 59P2 T2	TIME 59P2 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59N1 (TABLE 2)	Unit 59N1 (TABLE 2)	F59N1 T2			
Trip permission 59N1	Trip 59N1 T2	TRIP 59N1 T2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59N1	Pickup 59N1 T2	TAP 59N1 T2		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59N1	Time 59N1 T2	TIME 59N1 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Unit 59N2 (TABLE 2)	Unit 59N2 (TABLE 2)	F59N2 T2			
Trip permission 59N2	Trip 59N2 T2	TRIP 59N2 T2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 59N2	Pickup 59N2 T2	TAP 59N2 T2		10.0-250.0 V	0.1 V
				2.0-60.0 V	
Timer 59N2	Time 59N2 T2	TIME 59N2 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s

## 9.23.4. UNIT 47

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 47 (TABLE 2)	Unit 47 (TABLE 2)	F47 T2			
Trip permission 47	Trip 47 T2	TRIP 47 T2		Y/N	NA
Pickup 47	Pickup 47 T2	TAP 47 T2		2.0-60.0 V	0.1 V
Timer 47	Time 47 T2	TIME 47 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s

9.23.5. UNIT 81

	M+PC	ММІ	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Unit 81_1 (TABLE 2)	Unit 81_1 (TABLE 2)	F81_1 T2			
Trip permission 81_1	Trip 81_1 T2	TRIP 81_1 T2		Y/N	NA
Type 81_1	Type 81_1 T2	TYPE 81_1 T2		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_1	Pickup 81_1 T2	TAP 81_1 T2		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_1	Time 81_1 T2	TIME 81_1 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_1	Supervision 81_1	SUP 81_1 T2		30-250 V	0.1 V
	T2			10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_2 (TABLE 2)	Unit 81_2 (TABLE 2)	F81_2 T2			
Trip permission 81_2	Trip 81_2 T2	TRIP 81_2 T2		Y/N	NA
Type 81_2	Type 81_2 T2	TYPE 81_2 T2		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_2	Pickup 81_2 T2	TAP 81_2 T2		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_2	Time 81_2 T2	TIME 81_2 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_2 T2	Supervision 81_2	SUP 81_2 T2		30-250 V	0.1 V
	T2			10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_3 (TABLE 2)	Unit 81_3 (TABLE 2)	F81_3 T2			
Trip permission 81_3	Trip 81_3 T2	TRIP 81_3 T2		Y/N	NA
Type 81_3	Type 81_3 T2	TYPE 81_3 T2		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_3	Pickup 81_3 T2	TAP 81_3 T2		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_3	Time 81_3 T2	TIME 81_3 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_3 T2	Supervision 81_3	SUP 81_3 T2		30-250 V	0.1 V
	T2			10-60 V	0.2 V
Unit 81_4 (TABLE 2)	Unit 81_4 (TABLE 2)	F81_4 T2			
Trip permission 81_4	Trip 81_4 T2	TRIP 81_4 T2		Y/N	NA
Type 81_4	Type 81_4 T2	TYPE 81_4 T2		UND/OVE	NA
Pickup 81_4	Pickup 81_4 T2	TAP 81_4 T2		42.00-67.50 Hz	0.01 Hz
Timer 81_4	Time 81_4 T2	TIME 81_4 T2		0-600.00 s	0.01 s
Supervision voltage 81_4 T2	Supervision 81_4	SUP 81_4 T2		30-250 V	0.1 V
	Т2			10-60 V	0.2 V

Event masks have two possible settings, YES and NO. If an action (for example the trip of a protection unit) is set as YES, when this unit trips an event will be generated. If it is set as NO, the relay will show no event.

	M+PC	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Event Masks	Event Masks			
Pickup/reset 27P1	Pickup 27P1		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 27P2	Pickup 27P2		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59P1	Pickup 59P1		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59P2	Pickup 59P2		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59N1	Pickup 59N1		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 59N2	Pickup 59N2		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 47	Pickup 47		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_1	Pickup 81_1		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_2	Pickup 81_2		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_3	Pickup 81_3		Y/N	NA
Pickup/reset 81_4	Pickup 81_4		Y/N	NA
27P1 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	27P1 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
27P2 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	27P2 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
59P1 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	59P1 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
59P2 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	59P2 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
59N1 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	59N1 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
59N2 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	59N2 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
47 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	47 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
81_1 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	81_1 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
81_2 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	81_2 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
81_3 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	81_3 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
81_4 trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	81_4 inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA
General trip inhibit. Activation / deactivation by digital input	Trip inhibit (by D.I.)		Y/N	NA

	M+PC	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
Trip 27P1	Trip 27P1		Y/N	NA
Trip 27P2	Trip 27P2		Y/N	NA
Trip 59P1	Trip 59P1		Y/N	NA
Trip 59P2	Trip 59P2		Y/N	NA
Trip 59N1	Trip 59N1		Y/N	NA
Trip 59N2	Trip 59N2		Y/N	NA
Trip 47	Trip 47		Y/N	NA
Trip 81_1	Trip 81_1		Y/N	NA
Trip 81_2	Trip 81_2		Y/N	NA
Trip 81_3	Trip 81_3		Y/N	NA
Trip 81_4	Trip 81_4		Y/N	NA
General trip	General Trip		Y/N	NA
Protection activation /deactivation	Protection Status		Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 1 activation / deactivation	Output 1		Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 2 activation / deactivation	Output 2		Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 3 activation / deactivation	Output 3		Y/N	NA
Auxiliary output 4 activation / deactivation	Output 4		Y/N	NA
Digital input 1 activation / deactivation	Digital input 1		Y/N	NA
Digital input 2 activation / deactivation	Digital input 2		Y/N	NA
Settings change through input inhibition activation/deactivation	Settings change inhib.		Y/N	NA
Trip command activation through digital input	Trip command through input		Y/N	NA
Trip command activation through command	Trip command through command		Y/N	NA
Auxiliary contacts latching reset	Aux. contact latch		Y/N	NA
52 B open/closed	Breaker 52 B		Y/N	NA
52 A open/closed	Breaker 52 A		Y/N	NA
52 open/closed	Breaker status		Y/N	NA
TABLE 2 selection through digital input	TABLE CHANGE		Y/N	NA
Oscillography trigger by digital input	Osc. Trigger through D.I.		Y/N	NA
Oscillography trigger by command	Osc. Trigger through		Y/N	NA

## 9. RELAY COMMISSIONING

	M+PC	USER SETTING	RANGE	STEP
	command			
Settings change executed	Settings Change		Y/N	NA
E2prom failure	E2prom failure		Y/N	NA
User settings / Default settings	User settings		Y/N	NA
Oscillography Masks	Oscillography masks			
Oscillo by communications	Oscillo by comm.		Y/N	NA
Oscillo by digital input	Oscillo by digital input		Y/N	NA
Oscillo by trip	Oscillo by trip		Y/N	NA
Oscillo by pickup	Oscillo by pickup		Y/N	NA

## 10. INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

## 10.1. INSTALLATION

The relay should be installed in a clean, dry and dust-free place, with no vibrations. It should also be well lit to facilitate inspection and testing.

Operational conditions as defined in section 3 must not be exceeded in any case.

The relay should be mounted on a vertical surface. Figure 3.2 shows the diagram for panel drilling for panel mounting.

Given that the design of the MIV unit is based on high performance digital technology it is not necessary to recalibrate the relay. However if the tests show that it is necessary to readjust the relay, it is recommended that the unit should be returned to the manufacturer to have this done.

## 10.2. GROUND CONNECTION AND DISTURBANCES SUPPRESSION

Terminal labelled as GND (refer to figure 3.4) should be connected to ground so that the disturbance suppression circuits in the system work correctly. This connection should be as short as possible (preferably 25 cm or less) to guarantee maximum protection. In this way the capacitors which are internally connected between the inputs and ground divert high frequency disturbances directly to ground without passing through the electronic circuits, with the result that the circuits are perfectly protected.

In addition this connection also guarantees the physical safety of the personnel who have to touch the relay, since the whole casing is connected to ground.

#### 10.3. MAINTENANCE

Given the important role that the protection relays play in the operation of any installation, a periodic program of tests is highly recommended. The unit incorporates built-in diagnostic functions that permit immediate identification with only the aid of the keypad and display, the detection of some of the most likely circuit failures. Testing the unit is recommended at intervals of 2 years or more. Although the built-in diagnosis does not reduce the average time between failures, it does increase the availability of the protection because it allows a drastic reduction in the average interruption time involved in detecting and repairing the fail.

The set of tests that can be carried out to test that all the features of the MIV unit function properly is described in detail in the chapter entitled **COMMISSIONING**.

#### 10.4. CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

In case of accumulated dust, the unit can be cleaned using a dry cloth, or with a soft cleanser with alcohol content.

Abrasive cleansers must be avoided, as they can damage the metallic surfaces or the electrical connection elements.

## 11. ANNEX 1. MIV FREQUENCY UNITS USE

## 11.1. INTRODUCTION

When an Electrical System operates in a normal condition at the rated frequency, the total mechanical power of the generator turbines, equals the sum of all the connected loads, plus the power losses in the System. Any variation in load or generation, will produce a change in frequency. The enormous masses of the generation equipment are depository of all the kinetic energy, so that when there is not enough generation mechanical power, rotors rotate more slowly trying to provide the missing power; in the same way, when there is exceeding mechanical energy, rotor accelerate to absorb this energy surplus. Any variation in the generator rotors rotating speed will cause a proportional variation in frequency.

Although all these variations can be compensated by the regulation equipment installed in the generators, there are circumstances where the generation deficit or surplus cannot be compensated by these equipment due to the load variation magnitude. In these cases, there is a quick and strong frequency variation which, if maintained, may cause an Electrical System breakdown.

Therefore, in these circumstances, there is a clear need to manage appropriately and quickly the installed loads (shedding or reset), in order to maintain the integrity of the rest of the System.

#### **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM OPERATION LIMITS**

Great part of the main equipment in the Electrical System are designed to operate at rated frequencies of 50 or 60 Hz, with a small variation range around these rated values.

Mainly, the generation groups are the most sensitive to frequency variations and their effects. They can be described as follows:

Auxiliary motors powering the refrigeration water pumps or ventilation equipment at reduced frequency, lower they speed and subsequently their output power, causing a reduction in the maximum power admissible in the generator, due to overheating. The majority of generation plants at 60 Hz can operate in these circumstances with a variation range of 56,5 to 57,5 Hz.

Some types of turbines, particularly gas and steam turbines, incorporate low pressure buckets designed to operate without resonance only at the rated power. If a 60Hz turbine is operated at 58.5 Hz or less, we find a condition where the steam excitation frequency is close to the bucket resonance frequency, causing a severe vibration and subsequently, mechanical fatigue. This situation must not be maintained form more that 10 minutes during the whole turbine life. Otherwise the turbine would be destroyed, taking into account that mechanical fatigue is accumulative. In these cases, every caution must be observed to avoid operation in the range of 58 to 58.5 Hz.

#### 11.2. LOAD SHEDDING

Load increases in the Electrical System, if within the generation capacity limits, are controlled by the regulation elements that produce the use of the rotative generation reserve.

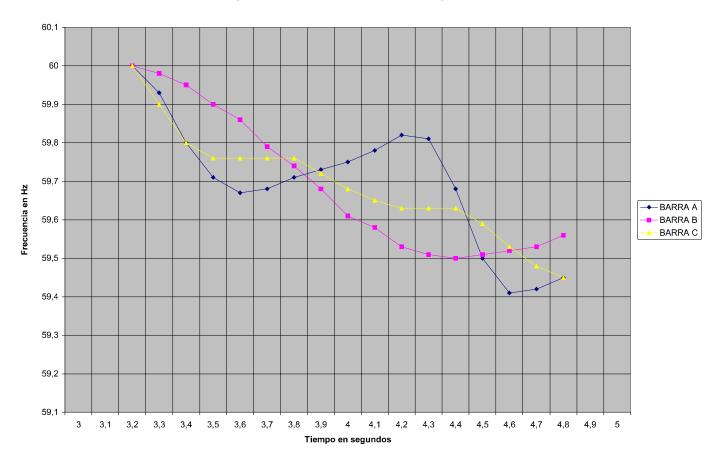
When the magnitude of the load increase exceeds the System rotative reserve power, regulators have reached their limits, and in these circumstances, when the power loads exceed generation, there is a decrease of the System frequency.

In the case of a quick variation in frequency due to a strong overload, it is usually necessary to make a selective shedding of those low-priority loads for the Electrical System to recover its rated operation frequency. Once the situation has returned to normality, the following step is to connect the different loads (depending on the available generation) in order to return to normal operation conditions.

Frequency is the most reliable indicator of an overload condition. Therefore, frequency is the parameter used for detecting this situation and automatically disconnecting the programmed loads.

The purpose of load shedding is balancing the load with the generation in the balance point where all parameters are at their normal operation values. As it is not possible to measure the quantity of overload, load shedding is performed sequentially in blocks and at different frequency levels, until frequency returns at least at the minimum operation value. In the case of an Electrical System at 60 Hz, the first block will be shedded between 59.4 and 59.7 Hz. If the first block shedding is not enough and frequency continues to fall, a second block is shedded, and this way on until the System is balanced.

#### característica Tiempo-Frecuencia en un Sistema Eléctrico al perder un 5% de Generación



#### 11.3. SPECIAL PROBLEMS WITH LOAD SHEDDING

#### 11.3.1. HIGH SPEED RECLOSE

A possible case is a line that incorporates high-speed reclose on both ends, and a load formed by motors in the middle of the line. In case of an internal failure, the line normally trips at both ends and starts a reclose of at least one of them. It is important to disconnect all the motor loads and the plant generators during the line opening previous to the reclose, as it would be very rare for them to remain in synchronism with the rest of the network during the dead time of the reclose, due to the generation deficit in the disconnected side.

This is a typical application for a frequency relay; When shedding the low-priority loads, this fact allows to maintain at least part of the motors in service until the manual or automatic reset of the situation previous to the failure.

#### 11.3.2. CRITERIA FOR A LOAD SHEDDING SCHEME

When starting a load shedding scheme, we need to determine the maximum overload level allowed by the Electrical System to maintain system balance, the maximum load level we can shed, the frequency level that will start the shedding program, and the minimum frequency we can reach.

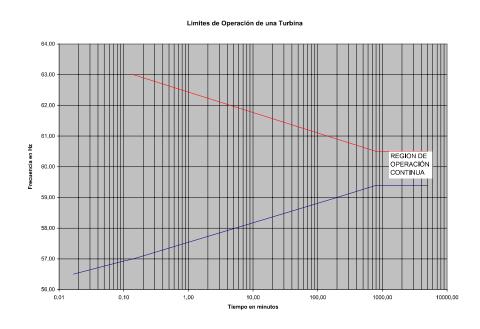
#### **Electrical System maximum overload**

In industrial systems including their own generation, and connected to the Electrical System through a feeder, it is quite easy to determine the overload level, but in the case of interconnections and big Electrical Systems it is more complicated, as levels and situations change during the day.

This is why, in these cases, usually stability studies are carried out for concrete events, such as the loss of big generation blocks, or the opening of critical interconnections, in order to determine the response of the System to different generation and load variations

#### Maximum load level to be shedded

The load quantity to be shedded must be enough to take the system frequency back to the rated values, or close values (around 59Hz in systems at 60 Hz). Usually the load quantity to be shedded is close to the overload value, as we can see in the following diagram:



#### 11. ANNEX 1. MIV FREQUENCY UNITS USE

Frequency does not need to reach exactly 60Hz (or 50Hz) after a load shedding. If, for example frequency reaches 59Hz, the rotative generation reserve can compensate the load and leave the speed regulators adjust frequency to the rated values. If there is not enough rotative reserve, the system can operate at low frequency (taking into account the limitations for gas and steam turbines) for a period of time long enough for the operator to manually shed the required load, and bring the system back to its rated frequency value.

Usually, load shedding schemes are designed for disconnecting loads in several stages. On the other hand, as these stages are located in different points of the network, the possibility of power oscillations that can cause undesired trips in transmission lines or important interconnections is minimized.

#### Start level of the load shedding scheme

There is no pre-established criterion for fixing the starting level for load shedding, as this depends on several factors. In general, the scheme must start at values lower than the minimum operation values in emergency conditions.

The following frequency values can be established as shedding stages (for 60Hz systems):

Group 1	59.5Hz
Group 2	59.0 Hz
Group 3	58.5 Hz
Group 4	58 Hz

Another fact to be taken into account are the frequency deviations that can exist during power oscillations. The bigger the power oscillations are, the bigger will be the transitory frequency deviations.

## Admissible Operation Frequency Reduction

According to the performed tests, power that can be generated in a plant decreases sensibly at 59 Hz, and reaches a limit condition at 53 to 55 Hz. In order to foresee a sufficient margin, the frequency fall is limited to 57Hz, and in extreme cases to 56 Hz. The load shedding must be always started at values higher than these limits, due to the delay caused by the operation time of associated protection equipment and breakers.

## 12.1. STATUS

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN.	MAX.	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
04DA		DT	Date/Time	6	F1						Yes	Yes	Yes
04E0		ver	Version	6	F3						Yes	Yes	Yes
04E6		mod	Model	16	F3						Yes	Yes	Yes
04F6		iden	Identification	16	F3						Yes	Yes	Yes
0506		LTU	Last trip function	4	F3						Yes	Yes	Yes
050A		Z2	Last phase trip	4	F3						Yes	Yes	Yes
050E		Z3	Last trip current	4	F2						Yes	Yes	Yes
0512		f h	Last trip date	6	F1						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	0	LD	Trip LED	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	1	LR	READY	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	2	L1	LED 1	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	3	L2	LED 2	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	4	L3	LED 3	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	5	L4	LED 4	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	8	c1	Logic 1	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	9	c2	Logic 2	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	10	c3	Logic 3	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052C	11	c4	Logic 4	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	3	BLOQ V N	Ground volt funct disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
052E	4	BLOQ V P	Phase volt funct disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
052E	5	DIS 59N	59N Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
052E	6	DIS 59P	59P Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
052E	7	DIS 27	27 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
052E	8	d	TRIP	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	9	al	ALARM	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	10	OUT1	Output1	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	11	OUT2	Output2	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	12	OUT3	Output3	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	13	OUT4	Output4	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	14	INP1	Input1	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
052E	15	INP2	Input2	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0530	0	EDGEN	General input	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0530	1	EDICAJ	Sett. change disable	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0530	4	B 52B	Breaker 52b	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0530	5	B 52A	Breaker 52a	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0530	9	EST52	Breaker Closed	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0530	14	F1	E2prom failure	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0530	15	AU	User Settings	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0532	0	prot	Protection	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0532	1	bSuc	Events	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0532	3	T AC	ACTIVE TABLE	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN.	MAX.	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
0532	4	frec	Frequency	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0532	5	LOCRE M	Local	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0532	10		Phase c trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0532	11	DISP B	Phase b trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0532	12	DISP A	Phase a trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0532	13	DISPHA	Phase trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0532	14	DISNEU	Ground trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	0	ARR 27HA	27_1A Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	1	ARR 27HB	27_1B Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	2	ARR 27HC	27_1C Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	4		27_2A Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	5	ARR 27LB	27_2B Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	6		27_2C Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	8	ARR 59HA	59_1A Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	9		59_1B Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	10	ARR 59HC	59_1C Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	12		59_2A Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	13		59_2B Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0534	14	ARR 59LC	59_2C Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	0	I D 27HA	27_1A Virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	1	I D 27HB	27_1B Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	2	I D 27HC	trip 27_1C Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	4	I D 27LA	trip 27_2A Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	5	I D 27LB	trip 27_2B Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	6	I D 27LC	trip 27_2C Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	8	I D 59HA	trip 59_1A Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	9	I D 59HB	trip 59_1B Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	10		trip 59_1C Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	12	I D 59LA	trip 59_2A Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	13	I D 59LB	trip 59_2B Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0536	14	I D 59LC	trip 59_2C Virtual	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	0		trip 27_1A Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	1		27_1B Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	2		27_1C Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	4		27_2A Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	5		27_2B Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	6	27LB DIS	27_2C Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN.	MAX.	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
		27LC											
053A	8	DIS 59HA	59_1A Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	9		59_1B Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	10	59HC	59_1C Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	12	59LA	59_2A Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	13	59LB	59_2B Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053A	14	59LC	59_2C Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053C	0	27PH	27P1 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053C	1	27PL	27P2 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053C	2	59PH	59P1 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053C	3	59PL	59P2 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053C	4	59NH	59N1 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053C	5	59NL	59N2 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053C	6		47 Pickup	2	F4						No	No	Yes
053C	8	1	81_1 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
053C	9	2	81_2 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
053C	10	3	81_3 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	No
053C	11	4	81_4 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	No
053C	15	ARR V F		2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
053E	0		27P1 Virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053E	1		27P2 Virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053E	2		59P1 Virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053E	3		59P2 Virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053E	4		59N1 Virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053E	5	I D 59NL	59N2 Virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
053E	6		47 Virtual trip	2	F4						No	No	Yes
053E	8		81_1 Virtual trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
053E	9		81_2 Virtual trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
053E	10		81_3 Virtual trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
053E	11	I D 81 4	81_4 Virtual trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
053E	15		General virtual trip	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0542	0	27PH	27P1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0542	1	MED 27PL	27P2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0542	2	MED 59PH	59P1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0542	3	MED 59PL	59P2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0542	4	MED 59NH	59N1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0542	5	MED 59NL	59N2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0542	6	MED 47	47 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	No	Yes
0542	7	MED V	Voltage disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN.	MAX.	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
0542	8	1	81_1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0542	9	MED 81 2	81_2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0542	10	MED 81 3	81_3 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0542	11		81_4 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0542	14	MED 81	Frequency disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0542	15	MED V F	Trip Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0544	0	DIS 27PH	27P1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0544	1	DIS 27PL	27P2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0544	2	DIS 59PH	59P1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0544	3	DIS 59PL	59P2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0544	4	DIS 59NH	59N1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0544	5		59N2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0544	6	DIS 47	47 Trip	2	F4						No	No	Yes
0544	8	DIS 81 1	81_1 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0544	9	DIS 81 2	81_2 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0544	10	DIS 81 3	81_3 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0544	11	DIS 81 4	81_4 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0544	14	DIS 81	Frequency trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0544	15	DIS V F	General trip	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0546		Va	Va	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
054A		Vb	Vb	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
054E		Vc	Vc	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
0552		Vn	Vn	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
0556		Vab	Vab	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
055A		Vbc	Vbc	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
055E		Vca	Vca	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
0562		V2	V2	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
0566		f	Frequency	4	F2						Yes	No	Yes
056E		OS	Oscillo number	2	F5						Yes	Yes	Yes
0570		Sn	# New Events	2	F5						Yes	Yes	Yes
0572		St	# Total Events	2	F5						Yes	Yes	Yes

## 12.2. SETTINGS

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN	MAX	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
0134		IDEN	IDENTIFICATION	16	F3						Yes	Yes	Yes
0144		TRIP MIN TIME	TRIP MIN TIME	4	F2	100	300	50	1	ms	Yes	Yes	Yes
0148	0	TAB	ACTIVE TABLE	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
014A	0	STA	RELAY STATUS	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
014A	1	FRQ	FREQUENCY	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
014C		APP	APPLICATION	2	F13						Yes	No	Yes
014E	0	TRIP 27P1	27P1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
014E	1	TRIP 27P2	27P2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
014E	2	TRIP 59P1	59P1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
014E	3	TRIP 59P2	59P2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
014E	4	TRIP 59N1	59N1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
014E	5	TRIP 59N2	59N2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
014E	6	TRIP 47	47 Trip	2	F4						No	No	Yes
014E	8	TRIP 81 1	81_1 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
014E	9	TRIP 81 2	81_2 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
014E	10	TRIP 81 3	81_3 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
014E	11	TRIP 81 4	81_4 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0150	3	SUP 27P1	27P1 52 Supervision	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0150	4	SUP 27P2	27P2 52 Supervision	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0152		TAP 27P1	27P1 Pickup	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
0156		TIME 27P1	27P1 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
015A		TAP 27P2	27P2 Pickup	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
015E		TIME 27P2	27P2 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	s	Yes	No	Yes
0162		TAP 59P1	59P1 Pickup	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
0166		TIME 59P1	59P1 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	s	Yes	No	Yes
016A		TAP 59P2	59P2 Pickup	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
016E		TIME 59P2	59P2 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	s	Yes	No	Yes
0172		TAP 59N1	59N1 Pickup	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
0176		TIME 59N1	59N1 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN	MAX	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
017A		TAP 59N2	59N2 Pickup	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
017E		TIME 59N2	59N2 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
0182		TAP 47	47 Pickup	4	F2	60	60	2	10	V	No	No	Yes
0186		TIME 47	47 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	No	Yes
018A		TYPE 81 1	81_1 Type	2	F14						No	Yes	Yes
018C		PICK 81 1	81_1 Pickup	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	Yes
0194		TIME 81 1	81_1 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	Yes	Yes
0198		SUP 81 1	81_1 Supervision	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	Yes
019C		TYPE 81 2	81_2 Type	2	F14						No	Yes	Yes
019E		PICK 81 2	81_2 Pickup	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	Yes
01A6		TIME 81 2	81_2 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	Yes	Yes
01AA		SUP 81 2	81_2 Supervision	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	Yes
01AE		TYPE 81 3	81_3 Type	2	F14						No	Yes	No
01B0		PICK 81 3	81_3 Pickup	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	No
01B8		TIME 81 3	81_3 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	Yes	No
01BC		SUP 81 3	81_3 Supervision	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	No
01C0		TYPE 81 4	81_4 Type	2	F14						No	Yes	No
01C2		PICK 81 4	81_4 Pickup	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	No
01CA		TIME 81 4	81_4 Time Delay	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	Yes	No
01CE		SUP 81 4	81_4 Supervision	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	No
01D2	0	TRIP 27P1 t2	27P1 Trip T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
01D2	1	TRIP 27P2 t2	27P2 Trip T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
01D2	2	TRIP 59P1 t2	59P1 Trip T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
01D2	3	TRIP 59P2 t2	59P2 Trip T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
01D2	4	TRIP 59N1 t2	59N1 Trip T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
01D2	5	TRIP 59N2 t2	59N2 Trip T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
01D2	6	TRIP 47 t2	47 Trip T2	2	F4						No	No	Yes
01D2	8	TRIP 81 1 t2	81_1 Trip T2	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
01D2	9	TRIP 81 2 t2	81_2 Trip T2	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
01D2	10	TRIP 81 3 t2	81_3 Trip T2	2	F4						No	Yes	No
01D2	11	TRIP 81 4 t2	81_4 Trip T2	2	F4						No	Yes	No
01D4	3	SUP 27P1 t2	27P1 52 Supervision T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN	MAX	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
01D4	4	SUP 27P2 t2	27P2 52 Supervision T2	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
01D6		TAP 27P1 t2	27P1 Pickup T2	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
01DA		TIME 27P1 t2	27P1 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
01DE		TAP 27P2 t2	27P2 Pickup T2	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
01E2		TIME 27P2 t2	27P2 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
01E6		TAP 59P1 t2	59P1 Pickup T2	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
01EA		TIME 59P1 t2	59P1 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
01EE		TAP 59P2 t2	59P2 Pickup T2	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
01F2		TIME 59P2 t2	59P2 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
01F6		TAP 59N1 t2	59N1 Pickup T2	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
01FA		TIME 59N1 t2	59N1 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
01FE		TAP 59N2 t2	59N2 Pickup T2	4	F2	110	250	10	10	V	Yes	No	Yes
0202		TIME 59N2 t2	59N2 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	Yes	No	Yes
0206		TAP 47 t2	47 Pickup T2	4	F2	60	60	2	10	V	No	No	Yes
020A		TIME 47 t2	47 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	No	Yes
020E		TYPE 81 1 t2	81_1 Type T2	2	F14						No	Yes	Yes
0210		PICK 81 1 t2	81_1 Pickup T2	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	Yes
0218		TIME 81 1 t2	81_1 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	Yes	Yes
021C		SUP 81 1 t2	81_1 Supervision T2	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	Yes
0220		TYPE 81 2 t2	81_2 Type T2	2	F14						No	Yes	Yes
0222		PICK 81 2 t2	81_2 Pickup T2	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	Yes
022A		TIME 81 2 t2	81_2 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	s	No	Yes	Yes
022E		SUP 81 2 t2	81_2 Supervision T2	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	Yes
0232		TYPE 81 3 t2	81_3 Type T2	2	F14						No	Yes	No
0234		PICK 81 3 t2	81_3 Pickup T2	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	No
023C		TIME 81 3 t2	81_3 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	S	No	Yes	No
0240		SUP 81 3 t2	81_3 Supervision T2	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	No
0244		TYPE 81 4 t2	81_4 Type T2	2	F14						No	Yes	No
0246		PICK 81 4 t2	81_4 Pickup T2	4	F2	42	68	42	100	Hz	No	Yes	No
024E		TIME 81 4 t2	81_4 Time Delay T2	4	F2	1	600	0	100	s	No	Yes	No
0252		SUP 81 4 t2	81_4 Supervision T2	4	F2	30	250	30	10	V	No	Yes	No
0256	0	01	Oscillo by communic.	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN	MAX	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
0256	1	O2	Oscillo by digital input	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0256	2	O3	Oscillo by tripping	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0256	3	O4	Oscillo by pickup	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0258	0	sAPCOM	Trip operation by command	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0258	1	sRLATC	Reset latch aux	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025A	9	E PROT	Protection status	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025A	10	aux1	Output 1	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025A	11	aux2	Output 2	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025A	12	aux3	Output 3	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025A	13	aux4	Output 4	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025A	14	ENT1	Digital Input 1	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025A	15	ENT2	Digital Input 2	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	1	ihca	Sett. change disable	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	2	ORD D	Trip operation by input	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	4	ED 52B	Breaker 52B	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	5	ED 52A	Breaker 52A	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	6	С ТАВ	Active table change	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	7	Gosc	Oscillo trigg by DI	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	9	est INTE	Breaker Closed	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	10	STOC	Oscillo trigg by comm	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	13	C AJUS	Settings change	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	14	SE2P	e2prom Failure	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025C	15	Adef	User settings	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
025E	0	sAR 27PH	27P1 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
025E	1	sAR 27PL	27P2 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN	MAX	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
025E	2	sAR 59PH	59P1 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
025E	3	sAR 59PL	59P2 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
025E	4	sAR 59NH	59N1 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
025E	5	sAR 59NL	59N2 Pickup	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
025E	6	sAR 47	47 Pickup	2	F4						No	No	Yes
025E	8	sAR 81 1	81_1 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
025E	9	sAR 81 2	81_2 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
025E	10	sAR 81 3	81_3 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	No
025E	11	sAR 81 4	81_4 Pickup	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0260	0	sIN 27PH	27P1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0260	1	sIN 27PL	27P2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0260	2	sIN 59PH	59P1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0260	3	sIN 59PL	59P2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0260	4	sIN 59NH	59N1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0260	5	sIN 59NL	59N2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0260	6	sIN 47	47 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	No	Yes
0260	8	sIN 81 1	81_1 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0260	9	sIN 81 2	81_2 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0260	10	sIN 81 3	81_3 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0260	11	sIN 81 4	81_4 Disabled (by di)	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0260	15	D INH	Trip disabled (by di)	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0262	0	sDI 27PH	27P1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0262	1	sDI 27PL	27P2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0262	2	sDI 59PH	59P1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0262	3	sDI 59PL	59P2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0262	4	sDI 59NH	59N1 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes

ADDRESS	BIT	NAME	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH	TYPE	MIN	MAX	DEFAULT	SCALE	UNIT	MIV1000	MIV2000	MIV3000
0262	5	sDI 59NL	59N2 Trip	2	F4						Yes	No	Yes
0262	6	sDI 47	47 Trip	2	F4						No	No	Yes
0262	8	sDI 81 1	81_1 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0262	9	sDI 81 2	81_2 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	Yes
0262	10	sDI 81 3	81_3 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0262	11	sDI 81 4	81_4 Trip	2	F4						No	Yes	No
0262	15	DISGEN	General trip	2	F4						Yes	Yes	Yes
0264		V Cali	Calibration Voltage	4	F2	100	250	20	1		Yes	Yes	Yes

# 12.3. FORMATS

Format	TYPE	Value	
F1	Date/Time		Milliseconds since 1/1/1996 at 00:00:00.000
F2	IEEE FLOATING POINT (32 bits)		
F3	String		
F4	Logic		
F5	UNSIGNED INTEGER		
F6	UNSIGNED INTEGER - ENUMERATED	1	300
		13	4800
		2	600
		32	9600
		4	1200
		64	19200
		8	2400
F7	UNSIGNED INTEGER – ENUMERATED	1	INVERSE
		16	USER CURVE
		2	VERY INVERSE
		4	EXTREMELY INVERSE
		8	DEFINITE TIME
F8	UNSIGNED INTEGER – ENUMERATED	0	FALSE
. •		1	TRUE
F10	UNSIGNED INTEGER – ENUMERATED	0	50 Hz
	ONOIGHED INTEGER ENOMERATED	1	60 Hz
F11	UNSIGNED INTEGER - ENUMERATED	8192	Trip operation by command
1 11	ONSIGNED INTEGER - ENOMERATED	8194	Reset auxiliary latched outputs
		8196	27P1 Pickup
		8197	27P1 Drop out
		8198	27P2 Pickup
		8199	27P2 Drop out
		8200	59P1 Pickup
		8200	59P1 Drop out
		8202	59P2 Pickup
			59P2 Drop out
		8203	
		8204	59N1 Pickup 59N1 Drop out
		8205	
		8206	59N2 Pickup
		8207	59N2 Drop out
		8208	47 Pickup
		8209	47 Drop out
		8210	81_1 Pickup
		8211	81_1 Drop out
		8212	81_2 Pickup
		8213	81_2 Drop out
		8214	81_3 Pickup
		8215	81_3 Drop out
		8216	81_4 Pickup
		8217	81_4 Drop out

Format	TYPE Value	
	8224	Pickup 50PH
	8225	Drop out 50PH
	8226	Pickup 50NH
	8227	Drop out 50NH
	8228	Pickup 51P
	8229	Drop out 51P
	8230	Pickup 51N
	8231	Drop out 51N
	8232	Pickup 50PL
	8233	Drop out 50PL
	8234	Pickup 50NL
	8235	Drop out 50NL
	8236	Alarm 49
	8237	Drop out alarm 49
	8240	50PH disabled by digital input
	8241	50PH enabled
	8242	50NH disabled by digital input
	8243	50NH enabled
		51P disabled by digital input
	8245	51P enabled
	8246	51N disabled by digital input
	8247	51N enabled
	8248	50PL disabled by digital input
	8249	50PL enabled
	8250	50NL disabled by digital input
	8251	50NL enabled
	8252	49 disabled by digital input
	8253	49 enabled
	8254	Trip disabled by digital input
		Trip enabled
		50PH Trip
	8258	50NH Trip
		51P Trip
		51N Trip
		50PL Trip
		50NL Trip
		49 Trip
		General Trip
		Protection status: Ready
		Protection status: Disable
		Output 1 = 1
		Output 1 = 0
		Output 2 = 1
		Output 2 = 0
		Output 3 = 1
		Output 3 = 0
		Output 4 = 1
	8283	Output 4 = 0

Format	TYPE Va	alue	
	3	8284	Input 1 = 1
	E	8285	Input 1 = 0
	3	8286	Input 2 = 1
	3	8287	Input 2 = 0
	8	8290	Settings change disabled by digital input
	8	8291	Settings change enabled
	8	8292	Trip operation by digital input
	8	8296	52B = 1
	8	8297	52B = 0
	8	8298	52A = 1
	3	8299	52A = 0
	3	8300	Active table: Table 2
	8	8301	Active table: Settings Table
			Oscillography trigger by digital input
			BF to open
			52 Status=1
			52 Status=0
			Oscillography trigger by communications
		I	12 Alarm
			Cold load pickup
			Dropout cold load pickup
			Settings change
			E2prom failure
			User settings
			Factory settings
		320	27P1 disabled by digital input
		321	27P1 enabled
		322	27P2 disabled by digital input
		323 324	27P2 enabled
			59P1 disabled by digital input 59P1 enabled
		325 326	59P2 disabled by digital input
		327	59P2 enabled
		328	59N1 disabled by digital input
		329	59N1 enabled
		330	59N2 disabled by digital input
		331	59N2 enabled
		332	47 disabled by digital input
		333	47 enabled
		334	81_1 disabled by digital input
		335	81_1 enabled
		336	81_2 disabled by digital input
		337	81_2 enabled
		338	81_3 disabled by digital input
		339	81_3 enabled
		340	81_4 disabled by digital input
		341	81_4 enabled
			27P1 Trip
			•

Format	TYPE	Value	
		8344	27P2 Trip
		8346	59P1 Trip
		8348	59P2 Trip
		8350	59N1 Trip
		8352	59N2 Trip
		8354	47 Trip
		8356	81_1 Trip
		8358	81_2 Trip
		8360	81_3 Trip
		8362	81_4 Trip
F12	INTEGER 16 BIT		
F13	UNSIGNED INTEGER – ENUMERATED	1	3P+N WYE
		2	3P DELTA
		4	SINGLE PHASE
		8	GROUND
F14	UNSIGNED INTEGER – ENUMERATED	2	OVERFREQUENCY
		4	UNDERFREQUNCY

## 12.4. OPERATIONS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	SELECTION	CONFIRMATION	VALUE	CURRENT	BROADCAST	MIF MODELS	MIV MODELS
Settings	SETTINGS	01	02	No		No	0, 1, 2	1000,2000,3000
Rit	THERMAL IMAGE	03	04	No		No	0, 1, 2	
APER	OPEN BREAKER	07	08	No		No	0, 1, 2	1000,2000,3000
RL	RESET	09	0A	No		No	0, 1, 2	1000,2000,3000
AcT1	ACTIVATE TABLE 1	0D	0E	No		No	0, 1, 2	1000,2000,3000
AcT2	ACTIVATE TABLE 2	0F	10	No		No	0, 1, 2	1000,2000,3000
OSC	OSCILLOGRAPHY	11	12	No		No	1, 2	1000,2000,3000
SUCt	NUMBER OF EVENTS	13	14 (+VALUE)	Yes*	No. Of events to be deleted	No	1, 2	1000,2000,3000
A OS	TRIGGER OSCILOOGRAPHY	17	18	No		No	1,2	1000,2000,3000
RAPER	SET # OPENINGS	2F	30 (+VALUE)	Yes*	No. Of openings	No	2	
RCONT	SET I2 COUNTER	31	32 (+VALUE)	Yes*	Counter I2	No	2	
SYNC	SET DATE/TIME	FE (+VALUE)		Yes*	Date/time	Yes	0, 1, 2	1000,2000,3000
CIER	CLOSE BREAKER	39	3A	No		No		1000,2000,3000

## 13. ANNEX 3. MODEM CONNECTION

If we wish to connect the relay to a remote PC, it will be necessary to previously link two modems to the telephone line. The modem on the relay side will receive the call, and the modem on the PC side will make the call.

This way, both modems will be configured in different ways: the modem on the PC side will receive the commands from the PC for starting or ending communication, and therefore it will make the call. The modem connected to the relay will not receive any command from it, it will only accept communication whenever it is requested. Therefore, this last modem will be configured in "dumb" mode, which means that it does not receive commands, and is in auto-reply mode.

The M+PC is a DCE device (Tx=3, Rx=2 signals), so as regards TX and RX it works as a modem (which is also a DCE device). Therefore, it is not necessary to cross the TX and RX signals in direct connection to the PC, which is a DTE device (TX=2, RX=3 signals). However, in case of a connection via modem, it will be necessary to cross the wire in the relay by means of a null modem, so that RX and TX signals are inverted, as we will be connecting two DCE devices.

In addition, we must check whether the relay is directly connected to the modem via its RS232 port, or via an RS232/RS485 converter. In this last case, we will have to verify whether the converter output is DTE or DCE, and use a null modem in the second case. For example, the DAC300 converter incorporates two ports, a DCE and a DTE. In the case of a F485 converter, an internal selector detects whether it is connected directly to a modem or relay (DCE) or to a PC (DTE).

As regards the modem-modem, PC-modem, and Relay-modem communication baud rates, in the first cases, it is recommended to be set at the same baud rate as the relay. The baud rate between relay and modem will always be the one set for the relay.

In case of communication problems between both modems, it is recommended to reduce the line baud rate.

## **ANNEX 3 MODEM CONNECTION**

## 13.1. HAYES MODEM

In order to establish communication between two HAYES modems, both of them must accept HAYES commands. This is compulsory, as the PC will send specific commands for this type of modem. We must place the AT command before every command. It is possible to group several commands inside an only command line (e.g. ATB1 and ATE1 equals ATB1E1).

However, we must take into account that each manufacturer will implement only one sub-group of the HAYES commands, and therefore we cannot indicate an initiation command valid for every equipment. It is the customer's responsibility to determine which commands are accepted by a particular modem.

As a general rule, it is recommended to disable any data compression, hardware protocols, flux control or error control. Some modems allow a command, e.g. &Q0, which selects the direct asynchronous mode.

The local modem configuration, that is, the configuration of the modem that makes the call, will be performed by M+PC software, by means of the provided initiation command. In order to configure the remote modem (connected to the relay), we need a communications program that allows sending HAYES commands. Any Windows version includes a program called HYPERTERMINAL (HYPERTRM.EXE) which allows to send HAYES commands by the selected serial port. Besides, we can use any communications program allowing sending commands, such as Procomm Plus or LAPLink. Once the modem is connected to the selected port in the program, and after setting the communication parameters, we can send the required commands.

Later in this document we will detail the configuration that must be entered in some HAYES modems already tested.

## 13.2. V.25BIS MODEM

M+PC software allows the modem making the call to accept V.25bis commands. In this case, the modem on the relay side could be either HAYES or V.25bis, as it will not need to process any relay command.

The configuration of this kind of modem is performed by means of microswitches that set its operation. This way, the software window for entering the modem initiation commands will only be operative if a HAYES modem has been selected.

## 13.3. SAMPLES OF SETTINGS FOR PARTICULAR MODEMS

In the following sections, we will detail some communications parameters, already tested for the following modems.

## 13.3.1. SPORTSTER FLASH X2 MODEM (HAYES)

## Initiation commands for the modem on the PC side:

We will add the following commands to the default configuration:

&An	Enable/disable the ARQ result codes	Disable the ARQ result codes	&A0
&Hn	Sets the flux control for the data	Flux control disabled	&H0
	transfer (TD).		
&In	Sets the software flux control for the	Software flux control disabled.	&10
	data reception (RD).		
&Kn	Enable/Disable data compression	Data compression disabled	&K0
&Mn	Sets the error control (ARQ) for 1200	Normal mode, error control disabled	&M0
	bps and higher.		
&Rn	Configures the hardware flux control	Modem ignores RTS.	&R1
	for data reception (DR) and transfer	-	
	request (RTS)		
S15	Record with bit representation.	Disable ARQ/MNP for V.32/V.32bis.	S15=4
S32	Record with bit representation.	Disable V.34. modulation	S32=8

## Initiation commands for the modem on the RELAY side

The following options must be added to the default configuration:

&An	Enable/disable the ARQ result codes	ARQ result codes are disabled	&A0
&Dn	Control the DTR operations	About DTR control.	&D0
&Hn	Sets the flux control for the data transfer (TD).	Flux control disabled	&H0
&In	Sets the software flux control for the data reception (RD).	Software flux control disabled.	&10
&Kn	Enable/Disable data compression	Data compression disabled	&K0
&Mn	Sets the error control (ARQ) for 1200 bps and higher.	Normal mode, error control disabled	&M0
&Rn	Configures the hardware flux control for data reception (DR) and transfer request (RTS)	Modem ignores RTS.	&R1
S0	Sets the number of rings necessary for answering in automatic answering mode	The modem will answer to the first ring.	S0=1
S15	Record with bit representation.	Disable ARQ/MNP for V.32/V.32bis.	S15=4
S32	Record with bit representation.	Disable V.34. modulation	S32=8

13.3.2. **ZOOM PKT14.4** 

## Initiation commands for the PC modem:

Commands:

B0 E0 L1 M1 N1 Q0 T V0 W0 X1 Y0 &C1&D2&G0&J0&K3&Q5&R1&S0&T5&X0&Y0

## S Registers:

S00:001	S01:000	S02:043	S03:013	S04:010	S05:008	S06:002	S07:050	S08:002	S09:006
S10:014	S11:095	S12:050	S18:000	S25:005	S26:001	S36:007	S37:000	S38:020	S44:020
S46:138	S48:007	S95:000							

## Initiation commands for the Relay modem:

Commands:

B1 E0 L1 M1 N1 Q0 T V0 W0 X4 Y0

&C1 &D3 &G0 &J0 &K0 &Q5 &R1 &S1 &T4 &X0 &Y0

## S Registers:

S00:001	S01:000	S02:043	S03:013	S04:010	S05:008	S06:002	S07:050	S08:002	S09:006
S10:014	S11:095	S12:050	S18:000	S25:005	S26:001	S36:007	S37:000	S38:020	S44:020
S46:138	S48:007	S95:000							

13.3.3. MODEM SATELSA MGD-2400-DHE (V.25BIS)

In this case, the modem initial configuration is set by changing the microswitches located in three sets on the bottom of the units.

# LOCATION OF MODEM MICROSWITCHES ON THE PC SIDE Set 1

# **ANNEX 3 MODEM CONNECTION**

Nº	DESCRIPTIÓ	N	VALUE
1	112 ETD/OFF	<del>.</del>	ON
	ON: Circuit 11	2 connected to ETD	
	OFF: Circuit 1	12 connected to ETD	
2	112 ETD/ON		OFF
	ON: 108 circu	it forced to CLOSED.	
	OFF: 108 circ	uit follows ETD's 108 circuit	
3	105 ETD/ON		ON
	ON: Circuit 10	05 forced to CLOSED.	
	OFF: Circuit 1	05 follows ETD's 105circuit	
4	TXA/TXB in a	peer-to-peer line (PP)	OFF
	ON: In PP trai	nsfers through high channel.	
	OFF: In PP tra	ansfers through low channel.	
5y6	Baud ate sele	ction for data transfer	ON-OFF
	ON-ON	1200	
	OFF-ON	2400	
	ON-OFF	Automatic.	
	OFF-OFF	Automatic.	
7y8	Automatic dis	connection.	ON-OFF
	ON-ON		
	OFF-ON		
	ON-OFF	Circuit 109.	
	OFF-OFF	Circuits 105 and 109.	

## Set 2

No.	DESCRIPTION	VALUE
1	Synchronous format of protocol V25bis in option 108.2.	ON
	ON: Character oriented format (BSC).	
	OFF: Bit oriented format (HDLC).	
2y3	Asynchronous character format for data transfer	ON-OFF
	ON-ON 8	
	OFF-ON 9	
	ON-OFF 10	
	OFF-OFF 11	
4	Reception permission for remote loop 2	OFF
	ON: Not permitted.	
	OFF: Permitted.	
5y6	Exploitation mode.	OFF-OFF
	ON-ON Point-to-point line	
	OFF-ON Automatic call as per 108.1.	
	ON-OFF RTC line without automatic call.	
	OFF-OFF Automatic call as per 108.2.	
7	Number of calls for automatic answer	ON
	ON: 1 call.	
	OFF: 2 calls.	
8	112 ETD/OFF	ON
	ON: Asynchronous operation.	
	OFF: Synchronous operation.	

## Set 3

No	DESCRIPTION <sup>®</sup>	VALUE
1y2	Transmission timer selection.	ON-ON
	ON-ON 114	
	OFF-ON 113	
	ON-OFF 114/5	
	OFF-OFF 113	
3	RTC Dialing system	ON
	ON: Multi-frequency dialing.	
	OFF: Loop opening pulse dialing	
4	Status of circuit 109, during protocol V.25bis in RTC,	OFF
	option 108.2.	
	ON: Status of circuit 108 remains.	
	OFF: Remains open.	
5	Selection, when starting, of manual or automatic	OFF
	answering mode.	
	ON: Automatic.	
	OFF: Manual.	
6	Protocol selection.	OFF
	ON: HAYES Protocol.	
	OFF: V.25bis Protocol.	
7y8	Modem transmission level.	ON-ON
	ON-ON -6 dBm	
	OFF-ON -10 dBm	
	ON-OFF -6 dBm	
	OFF-OFF -15 dBm	

# **ANNEX 3 MODEM CONNECTION**

## LOCATION OF MODEM MICROSWITCHES ON THE RELAY SIDE

## Set 1

Nº	DESCRIPTIÓ	N	VALUE
1	112 ETD/OFF		ON
	ON: Circuit 11	2 connected to ETD	
	OFF: Circuit 1	12 connected to ETD	
2	112 ETD/ON		ON
		it forced to CLOSED.	
	OFF: 108 circ	uit follows ETD's 108 circuit	
3	105 ETD/ON		ON
	ON: Circuit 10	5 forced to CLOSED.	
	OFF: Circuit 1	05 follows ETD's 105circuit	
4		peer-to-peer line (PP)	ON
		nsfers through high channel.	
	OFF: In PP tra	ansfers through low channel.	
5y6		ection for data transfer.	ON-OFF
	ON-ON	1200	
	OFF-ON		
	ON-OFF		
	OFF-OFF		
7y8	Automatic dis		OFF-OFF
	ON-ON	No automatic disconnection.	
	OFF-ON	Circuit 105.	
	ON-OFF		
	OFF-OFF	Circuits 105 and 109.	

## Set 2

Nº	DESCRIPTIÓN	VALUE
1	Synchronous format of protocol V25bis in option 108.2. ON: Character oriented format (BSC). OFF: Bit oriented format (HDLC).	ON
2y3	Asynchronous character format for data transfer ON-ON 8 OFF-ON 9 ON-OFF 10 OFF-OFF 11	ON-OFF
4	Reception permission for remote loop 2 ON: Not permitted. OFF: Permitted.	OFF
5y6	Exploitation mode.  ON-ON Point-to-point line  OFF-ON Automatic call as per 108.1.  ON-OFF RTC line without automatic call.  OFF-OFF Automatic call as per 108.2.	ON-OFF
7	Number of calls for automatic answer ON: 1 call. OFF: 2 calls.	OFF
8	112 ETD/OFF ON: Asynchronous operation. OFF: Synchronous operation.	ON

## Set 3

Nº	DESCRIPCIÓN	VALOR
1y2	Transmission timer selection.	ON-ON
	ON-ON 114	
	OFF-ON 113	
	ON-OFF 114/5	
	OFF-OFF 113	
3	RTC Dialing system	OFF
	ON: Multi-frequency dialing.	
	OFF: Loop opening pulse dialing	
4	Status of circuit 109, during protocol V.25bis in RTC,	OFF
	option 108.2.	
	ON: Status of circuit 108 remains.	
	OFF: Remains open.	
5	Selection, when starting, of manual or automatic	ON
	answering mode.	
	ON: Automatic.	
	OFF: Manual.	
6	Protocol selection.	OFF
	ON: HAYES Protocol.	
	OFF: V.25bis Protocol.	
7y8	Modem transmission level.	ON-ON
	ON-ON -6 dBm	
	OFF-ON -10 dBm	
	ON-OFF -6 dBm	
	OFF-OFF -15 dBm	

# **ANNEX 3 MODEM CONNECTION**

# 14. ANNEX 4. STATUS LIST

NAME	DESCRIPTION	MIV 1000	MIV 2000	MIV 3000
Model	Relay model	✓	✓	✓
Version	Flash memory version	✓	✓	✓
Date/time	Current date and time	✓	✓	✓
Identification	Value entered in the "identification" setting (general advanced group)	✓	✓	✓
Va	Va Voltage	✓		✓
Vb	Vb Voltage	✓	✓	✓
Vc	Vc Voltage	✓		✓
$V_N$	V <sub>N</sub> Voltage	✓		✓
Vab	Vab phase-to-phase voltage	✓		✓
Vbc	Vbc phase-to-phase voltage	✓		✓
Vca	Vca phase-to-phase voltage	✓		✓
V2	Negative sequence voltage			✓
Frec	Frequency		✓	✓
Pickup 27_1 a	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase a	✓		✓
Pickup 27_1 b	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase b	<b>✓</b>		✓
Pickup 27_1 c	Pickup of unit 27P1 phase c	<b>✓</b>		✓
Pickup 27_2 a	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase a	<b>✓</b>		✓
Pickup 27_2 b	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase b	<b>√</b>		✓
Pickup 27_2 c	Pickup of unit 27P2 phase c	✓		✓
Pickup 59_1 a	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase a	✓		✓
Pickup 59_1 b	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase b	✓		✓
Pickup 59_1 c	Pickup of unit 59P1 phase c	✓		✓
Pickup 59_2 a	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase a	✓		✓
Pickup 59_2 b	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase b	✓		✓
Pickup 59_2 c	Pickup of unit 59P2 phase c	✓		✓
Pickup 27P1	Pickup of unit 27P1	✓		✓
Pickup 27P2	Pickup of unit 27P2	✓		✓
Pickup 59P1	Pickup of unit 59P1	✓		✓
Pickup 59P2	Pickup of unit 59P2	✓		✓
Pickup 59N1	Pickup of unit 59N1	✓		✓
Pickup 59N2	Pickup of unit 59N2	✓		✓
Pickup 47	Pickup of unit 47			✓
Pickup 81_1	Pickup of unit 81_1		✓	✓
Pickup 81_2	Pickup of unit 81_2		✓	✓
Pickup 81_3	Pickup of unit 81_3		✓	
Pickup 81_4	Pickup of unit 81_4		✓	
Pickup	Active when any protection function with trip enabled picks up	✓	✓	✓
Inhib. 27P1	Trip inhibition for unit 27P1 by digital input	✓		✓
Inhib. 27P2	Trip inhibition for unit 27P2 by digital input	✓		✓
Inhib. 59P1	Trip inhibition for unit 59P1 by digital input	✓		✓
Inhib. 59P2	Trip inhibition for unit 59P2 by digital input	✓		✓
Inhib. 59N1	Trip inhibition for unit 59N1 by digital input	✓		✓

# ANNEX 3 MODEM CONNECTION

NAME	DESCRIPTION	MIV 1000	MIV 2000	MIV 3000
Inhib. 59N2	Trip inhibition for unit 59N2 by digital input	✓		✓
Inhib. 47	Trip inhibition for unit 47 by digital input			✓
Inhib. 81_1	Trip inhibition for unit 81_1 by digital input		✓	✓
Inhib. 81_2	Trip inhibition for unit 81_2 by digital input		✓	✓
Inhib. 81_3	Trip inhibition for unit 81_3 by digital input		✓	
Inhib. 81_4	Trip inhibition for unit 81_4 by digital input		✓	
Voltage Inhib.	Trip inhibition for all voltage units by digital input	✓		✓
Phase voltage units Inhib.	Trip inhibition for all phase voltage units by digital input	✓		✓
Ground voltage units Inhib.	Trip inhibition for all ground voltage units by digital input	✓		✓
Frequency units Inhib.	Trip inhibition for all frequency units by digital input		✓	✓
Trip Inhib.	General trip inhibition by digital input	✓	✓	✓
Virtual trip 27_1 a*	Virtual trip for unit 27P1 phase a	✓		✓
Virtual trip 27_1 b*	Virtual trip for unit 27P1 phase b	✓		✓
Virtual trip 27_1 c*	Virtual trip for unit 27P1 phase c	✓		✓
Virtual trip 27_2 a*	Virtual trip for unit 27P2 phase a	✓		✓
Virtual trip 27_2 b*	Virtual trip for unit 27P2 phase b	✓		✓
Virtual trip 27_2 c*	Virtual trip for unit 27P2 phase c	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59_1 a*	Virtual trip for unit 59P1 phase a	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59_1 b*	Virtual trip for unit 59P1 phase b	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59_1 c*	Virtual trip for unit 59P1 phase c	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59_2 a*	Virtual trip for unit 59P2 phase a	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59_2 b*	Virtual trip for unit 59P2 phase b	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59_2 c*	Virtual trip for unit 59p2 phase c	✓		✓
Virtual trip 27P1*	Virtual trip for unit 27P1	✓		✓
Virtual trip 27P2*	Virtual trip for unit 27P2	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59P1*	Virtual trip for unit 59P1	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59P2*	Virtual trip for unit 59P2	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59N1*	Virtual trip for unit 59N1	✓		✓
Virtual trip 59N2*	Virtual trip for unit 59N2	✓		✓
Virtual trip 47*	Virtual trip for unit 47			✓
Virtual trip 81_1*	Virtual trip for unit 81_1		✓	✓
Virtual trip 81_2*	Virtual trip for unit 81_2		✓	✓
Virtual trip 81_3*	Virtual trip for unit 81_3		✓	
Virtual trip 81_4*	Virtual trip for unit 81_4		✓	
General Virtual trip *	General Virtual trip	✓	✓	✓
Trip 27_1 a	Trip for unit 27P1 phase a	✓		✓
Trip 27_1 b	Trip for unit 27P1 phase b	✓		✓
Trip 27_1 c	Trip for unit 27P1 phase c	✓		✓
Trip 27_2 a	Trip for unit 27P2 phase a	✓		✓
Trip 27_2 b	Trip for unit 27P2 phase b	✓		✓
Trip 27_2 c	Trip for unit 27P2 phase c	✓		✓
Trip 59_1 a	Trip for unit 59P1 phase a	✓		✓
Trip 59_1 b	Trip for unit 59P1 phase b	✓		✓
Trip 59_1 c	Trip for unit 59P1 phase c	✓		✓
Trip 59_2 a	Trip for unit 59P2 phase a	✓		✓

NAME	DESCRIPTION	MIV 1000	MIV 2000	MIV 3000
Trip 59_2 b	Trip for unit 59P2 phase b	✓		✓
Trip 59_2 c	Trip for unit 59P2 phase c	✓		✓
Trip 27P1	Trip for unit 27P1	✓		✓
Trip 27P2	Trip for unit 27P2	✓		✓
Trip 59P1	Trip for unit 59P1	✓		✓
Trip 59P2	Trip for unit 59P2	✓		✓
Trip 59N1	Trip for unit 59N1	✓		✓
Trip 59N2	Trip for unit 59N2	✓		✓
Trip 47	Trip for unit 47			✓
Trip 81_1	Trip for unit 81_1		✓	✓
Trip 81_2	Trip for unit 81_2		✓	✓
Trip 81_3	Trip for unit 81_3		✓	
Trip 81_4	Trip for unit 81_4		✓	
Trip 27	Trip for units 27P1 and/or 27P2	✓		✓
Trip 59P	Trip for units 59P1 and/or 59P2	✓		✓
Trip 59N	Trip for units 59N1 and/or 59N2	✓		✓
Trip phase	Trip of any of units 27P1, 27P2, 59P1, 59P2, 47	✓		✓
Trip phase a	Trip on phase A	✓		✓
Trip phase b	Trip on phase B	✓		✓
Trip phase c	Trip on phase C	✓		✓
Ground trip	Trip for units 59N1 and/or 59N2	✓		✓
Frequency trip	Trip de alguna for units de frecuencia			✓
Trip	General trip	✓	✓	✓
Protection	Value entered on "relay status" setting (general settings group)	✓	✓	✓
Events	Number of events since the last time events were deleted	✓	✓	✓
Active table	Shows which settings table is active (Table 1 or Table 2)	✓	✓	✓
Frequency	Value entered on the "Frequency" setting (general settings group)	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>
Alarm	Alarm contact status. This contact is active when "Protection" is out of service, or when trip is disabled for all units or general trip is disabled (by settings or digital input)	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>
Output 1	Status of auxiliary output 1	✓	✓	✓
Output 2	Status of auxiliary output 2	✓	✓	✓
Output 3	Status of auxiliary output 3	✓	✓	✓
Output 4	Status of auxiliary output 4	✓	✓	✓
Input 1	Status of digital input 1	✓	✓	✓
Input 2	Status of digital input 2	✓	✓	✓
READY	Status of the READY LED. As for the alarm contact.	✓	✓	✓
Trip LED	Status of the TRIP LED	✓	✓	✓
LED 1	Status of LED 1	✓	✓	✓
LED 2	Status of LED 2	✓	✓	✓
LED 3	Status of LED 3	✓	✓	✓
LED 4	Status of LED 4	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Logic 1	Output status of logic 1	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓

# **ANNEX 3 MODEM CONNECTION**

NAME	DESCRIPTION	MIV 1000	MIV 2000	MIV 3000
Logic 2	Output status of logic 2	✓	✓	✓
Logic 3	Output status of logic 3	✓	✓	✓
Logic 4	Output status of logic 4	✓	✓	✓
Table change	Shows whether the Table 2 selection by digital input is active. In this case, Table 2 will be activated.  Otherwise, the set table will be activated.	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Settings change inhib.	Shows whether the settings change inhibition by digital input is active. If this input is active, no settings change or table change can be done from the PC or HMI. The table change can be done by digital input.	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
Status 52A	Status of breaker terminal A.	✓	✓	✓
Status 52B	Status of breaker terminal B	✓	✓	✓
Status 52	Breaker status	✓	✓	✓
Local/Remote	Active when the HMI is in the settings or operations menu.	✓	✓	✓
E2prom failure	Active when an e2prom failure is detected	✓	✓	✓
User settings	Active when the default settings are modified.	✓	✓	✓